# Science-policy dialogues at national and regional levels

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## **National dialogues**

- Nigeria, Ghana, Senegal
- Tanzania, Rwanda, Burundi
  - Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan

# Structure of the national dialogues

#### Sessions

- Overview of climate change science
- Ecosystems and biodiversity
- Agriculture and food security
- Human health
- Disaster management and urban areas
- Identification of priority actions

#### Presentations

- Global perspective from IPCC
- National perspective and initiatives
- Facilitated discussion



# **Regional dialogue**

### Climate change and agro-pastoral and pastoral systems in the West African Sahel •Niger, Mali, Senegal, Burkina Faso



### Structure of the regional dialogue

#### Sessions

- Climate and food production trends
- Vulnerabilities and impacts in agro-pastoral and pastoral systems
- Climate risk management and implications for adaptation
- Enabling decision making for adaptation
- Structure
  - Brief presentations and facilitated discussions

# Observations from the dialogues

## **Knowledge generation**

Knowledge gaps are hindering decision making
Observational studies to establish baselines

"Good activism requires good science"

- Disseminate pathways need strengthening
  - publishing in international journals
  - reaching a range of stakeholders

## **Policy issues**

- National policy priorities
  - bad policy is magnifying vulnerability to climate risks
  - amend and enforce national laws; (legal frameworks rather than vague regulations)
- Integrated inter-sectoral planning
- Global policy frameworks
  REDD, REDD+

# Investment and capacity building needs

- Reinvigorate universities
- Integrate CC into education
- Strengthen technical capacity (NMA and NARS)
- Data systems
  - access and transparency
- Strengthen communication pathways
  - training of news media
  - reaching out to traditional leaders

## **Regional dialogue findings**

- Institutions that generate climate services are not sufficiently coordinated or harmonized
- Much more participatory research is needed that considers the whole farming system
- 'Futures literacy' needs to be developed that allow society to begin contemplating long-term changes

### **Elements of success**

- Identifying entry points through existing policies and programmes
- Examining where institutions and policies do and do not mesh
- Identifying knowledge gaps and needs
- Incorporating national scientists into the dialogues

### For more information

### http://start.org/programs/ccmap

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