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气候变化框架公约

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附属履行机构

第四十三届会议

2015年12月1日至4日，巴黎

议程项目 5(b)

与《京都议定书》之下的机制有关的事项

审查联合执行指南

审查联合执行指南

主席提出的结论草案

1. 附属履行机构(履行机构)根据第 6/CMP.8 号决定第 14 至 16 段,继续审议对“执行《京都议定书》第六条的指南”¹ (“联合执行指南”)的审查。
2. 履行机构商定,在履行机构第四十四届会议(2016年5月)上,以附件中所载非正式磋商联合召集人就本议程分项目提出的决定草案案文为基础,继续审议这一事项。

¹ 第 9/CMP.1 号决定,附件。



Annex

[English only]

Draft decision -/CMP.12

[The Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol,

Recalling the provisions of Articles 3 and 6 of the Kyoto Protocol and decision 1/CMP.6,

Cognizant of decision 9/CMP.1 and subsequent guidance provided by the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol relating to joint implementation,

[PLACEHOLDER: *Recalling* that only Parties that have commitments inscribed in the third column of Annex B to the Kyoto Protocol, have deposited their instruments of acceptance of the second commitment period of the Kyoto Protocol, have satisfied the requirements of decision X/CMP.10 relating to the calculation and recording of assigned amount and have completed the necessary cancellations for the first commitment period and that the second commitment period accounting may generate, transfer and acquire emission reduction units valid for the second commitment period,]

1. *Takes note with appreciation* of the recommendations of the Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee regarding the review of the guidelines for the implementation of Article 6 of the Kyoto Protocol, contained in the annex to decision 9/CMP.1 (hereinafter referred to as the joint implementation guidelines);
2. *Also takes note with appreciation* of the submissions from Parties, intergovernmental organizations and admitted observer organizations on possible ways in which decision 9/CMP.1 and other relevant decisions of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties should be revised, as well as of the compilation report prepared by the secretariat summarizing those submissions;
3. *Decides* to adopt the modalities and procedures for the implementation of Article 6 of the Kyoto Protocol “joint implementation” (hereinafter referred to as the joint implementation modalities and procedures) contained in the appendix;
4. *Also decides* that decisions of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties relating to joint implementation, excluding the annex to decision 9/CMP.1 [and excluding decision 7/CMP.9], shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to joint implementation under the joint implementation modalities and procedures, where those decisions are still applicable;
5. *Requests* the Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee, Parties included in Annex I to the Convention and the secretariat to take the necessary measures to facilitate the implementation of this decision;
6. *Also requests* the Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee to make recommendations to the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties at its thirteenth session (November 2017) on necessary changes to:
 - (a) The rules of procedure adopted by decision 2/CMP.2;
 - (b) Other decisions of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol relating to joint implementation;

7. *Decides* that the joint implementation modalities and procedures shall become effective upon their adoption;
8. *Also decides* that the joint implementation guidelines shall cease to be valid immediately from the date of adoption of the joint implementation modalities and procedures;
9. *[Further]decides* to allow the registration under the joint implementation modalities and procedures of existing projects determined in accordance with paragraph 23 of the annex to decision 9/CMP.1 (hereinafter referred to as joint implementation Track 1), where the project participants and the respective host Party agree to continue the project, subject to updating the baseline and monitoring plans of the project and meeting other requirements under the joint implementation modalities and procedures[, which requirements shall, inter alia, ensure that the additionality of the project is assessed according to the criteria established on the basis of the joint implementation modalities and procedures];
10. *[Also]decides* to allow the registration under the joint implementation modalities and procedures of existing projects determined in accordance with paragraphs 30–45 of the annex to decision 9/CMP.1 (hereinafter referred to as joint implementation Track 2), where the project participants and the respective host Party agree to continue the project[and where the additionality of the project is assessed according to the criteria established on the basis of the joint implementation modalities and procedures];
11. *Requests* the Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee to develop as soon as possible the necessary procedures to operationalize paragraphs 9 and 10 above;
12. *Decides* that no new projects may be submitted under either joint implementation Track 1 or Track 2 from the date of adoption of the joint implementation modalities and procedures;
13. *Also decides* that, from the date of their adoption, the joint implementation modalities and procedures shall apply to all new projects and projects registered under the joint implementation modalities and procedures in accordance with paragraphs 9 and 10 above;
14. *Further decides* that all independent entities accredited in accordance with the annex to decision 9/CMP.1 at the time of the adoption of the joint implementation modalities and procedures shall be deemed provisionally accredited under the joint implementation modalities and procedures, in anticipation of their request for reaccreditation for the period thereafter;
15. *Requests* the Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee to continue its implementation of paragraph 1 of decision 6/CMP.10, allowing designated operational entities accredited under the accreditation rules of the clean development mechanism (see decision 3/CMP.1, annex, paragraph 5(g)) (hereinafter referred to as the clean development mechanism accreditation system) to act voluntarily as accredited independent entities under joint implementation and relying on the clean development mechanism accreditation system for all accreditation functions;
16. *Also requests* the Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee to take measures to safeguard environmental integrity, while periodically reviewing the experience of reliance on the clean development mechanism accreditation system and considering whether to reintroduce a joint implementation specific accreditation system with standards and procedures for accrediting and reaccrediting the independent entities as specified in paragraph 44 of the appendix;
17. *Decides* that, from the date of adoption of the joint implementation modalities and procedures, all accreditation activities shall be performed under the joint implementation modalities and procedures;

18. *Requests* the Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee to ensure a smooth transition from the joint implementation guidelines to the joint implementation modalities and procedures and to report back to the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol at its thirteenth session (November 2017) on the transition;

19. *Also requests* the Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee to put in place a transparent and fair system for collecting and managing fees under the joint implementation modalities and procedures to ensure that the Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee continues to be self-financing;

20. *Encourages* Parties included in Annex I to the Convention to make contributions to the Trust Fund for Supplementary Activities for funding the work on joint implementation, which would ensure the thorough and timely transition from the joint implementation guidelines to the joint implementation modalities and procedures.

Appendix

Modalities and procedures for the implementation of Article 6 of the Kyoto Protocol “joint implementation”

I. Definitions

1. For the purpose of the modalities and procedures for joint implementation contained in this document, the definitions contained in the Kyoto Protocol shall apply.
2. An “emission reduction unit” (ERU) is a unit issued pursuant to Article 6 of the Kyoto Protocol and requirements under the Kyoto Protocol, including the relevant provisions of these modalities and procedures as amended or replaced from time to time, and is equal to one metric tonne of carbon dioxide equivalent, calculated using global warming potentials defined by decision 2/CP.3 or as subsequently revised in accordance with Article 5.
3. “Joint implementation” (JI) refers to the mechanism defined in Article 6 of the Kyoto Protocol.
4. A “joint implementation activity” (JI activity) is an activity pursuant to Article 6 of the Kyoto Protocol that reduces anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases (GHGs) by sources or enhances anthropogenic removals of GHGs by sinks.

II. Role of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol

5. The Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol (CMP) shall exercise authority over, and provide guidance to, the Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee (hereinafter referred to as JISC).

III. Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee

A. Functions

6. The JISC shall supervise JI, under the authority and guidance of the CMP, to which it shall be accountable.
7. The JISC shall elaborate its rules of procedure for consideration by the CMP and subsequently recommending to the CMP any revisions to such rules.
8. The JISC shall also set minimum technical requirements for JI activities, utilizing UNFCCC-approved [methodologies] [standards for baselines, additionality and monitoring], such as under the clean development mechanism (CDM), after collaboration with host Parties, stakeholders and, as appropriate, the CDM Executive Board, that ensure the additionality of emission reductions and quality assurance, quality control and consistency of their measurement.
9. The technical requirements referred to in paragraph 8 above shall provide criteria for the demonstration of additionality, through ensuring, inter alia, prior consideration of JI for proposed JI activities. The notification of prior consideration shall be sent to the JISC and be published by the secretariat. Those criteria should also enable the use and regular update of positive lists, while ensuring that positive lists are applied only in areas where there is

low risk of non-additionality; the use of benchmarks, including performance benchmarks and financial return benchmarks and the objective demonstration of barriers.

10. The technical requirements referred to in paragraph 8 above shall include the use of UNFCCC-approved methodologies, such as under the CDM, and shall also provide objective criteria for the establishment of baselines, including standardized baselines, that reasonably represent the anthropogenic emissions by sources or anthropogenic removals by sinks that would occur in the absence of the proposed JI activity, which:

- (a) Ensure that the baseline is lower than the relevant current emission levels;
- (b) Ensure that the length of crediting periods and of their renewals are suitable for the JI activity;
- (c) Shall be established on a project-specific, programmatic or sectoral basis;
- (d) Ensure transparency with regard to the choice of approaches, assumptions, methodologies, parameters, data sources and key factors;
- (e) Fully account for relevant existing national and/or sectoral policies, plans and circumstances, such as sectoral reform initiatives, local fuel availability, power sector expansion plans and the economic situation in the sector of the activity;
- (f) Ensure that ERUs cannot be issued for decreases in activity levels outside of the JI activity or due to force majeure;
- (g) Take uncertainties into account and use conservative assumptions, inter alia, by using benchmarking concepts.

11. The technical requirements referred to in paragraph 8 above shall also[:

- (a) D[define the criteria for the inclusion of potential emission sources within a project boundary and the requirements for the accuracy of their monitoring and reporting;
- (b) [Provide for the delivery of net mitigation benefits beyond the benefit of the host Party].

12. Option 1: [The JISC shall set [minimum] [technical] requirements to enhance [the delivery of net mitigation beyond the benefit of the host Party] [the mitigation ambition of the mechanism] through [, on a voluntary basis,] [the cancellation of issued ERUs, directly after their issuance, of [10] [X] per cent] [the cancellation of ERUs, when used for compliance with a commitment under Article 3 of the Kyoto Protocol, of [10] [X] per cent]].

Option 2: [The JISC shall set requirements to provide for net atmospheric benefits from activities, taking into account relevant criteria, inter alia, the activity type and context and the objective of providing incentives for mitigation.]

13. The JISC shall further set minimum requirements to facilitate the development of project cycle procedures by host Parties which ensure provisions in relation to the transparency of decision-making processes, local stakeholder consultation and rights for directly affected entities to hearings prior to decision-making, timely decisions and appeals of decisions.

14. The JISC shall also be responsible for, inter alia, the following:

- (a) Facilitating the sharing and dissemination of recommendations and best practices for the operationalization of JI among Parties in a collaborative manner;
- (b) Accrediting independent entities;
- (c) Providing oversight in the issuance of ERUs by host Parties;

(d) Establishing procedures for the collection of fees to cover the administrative costs of the JISC and its support structure;

(e) [Assessing the conformity of [the implementation of JI by] the establishment and implementation of the national regulatory framework for JI in host Parties with these modalities and procedures with the minimum requirements and procedures referred to in paragraph 8 above and 33 below through the initial assessment of implementation by Parties, followed by regular assessments to monitor ongoing implementation;]

(f) Undertaking reviews of JI activities in accordance with paragraphs 51 and 59 below and, where appropriate, postponing or declining to record them as registered JI activities or endorse the issuance of ERUs for them;

(g) Promoting awareness of JI;

(h) Reporting on its activities to each session of the CMP;

(i) Performing any other functions assigned to it by the CMP.

15. The JISC shall elaborate its procedures for the implementation of paragraph 14(e) above for consideration by the CMP, and shall subsequently recommend to the CMP revisions to such rules, as needed.

B. Membership

16. The JISC shall comprise 20 members from Parties to the Kyoto Protocol, as follows:

(a) Six members from Parties included in Annex I that are undergoing the process of transition to a market economy;

(b) Six members from Parties included in Annex I not referred to in subparagraph (a) above;

(c) Six members from Parties not included in Annex I;

(d) Two members from small island developing States;

17. Members shall be nominated by the relevant constituencies referred to in paragraph 14 above and be elected by the CMP. For the first year of operation of the JISC, the CMP shall elect to the JISC 10 members for a term of two years and 10 members for a term of one year. Members for the initial one-year term shall be selected proportionately from the groups referred to in paragraph 14 above. Thereafter, the CMP shall elect every year 10 new members for a term of two years. Members shall remain in office until their successors have been elected.

18. Members shall be eligible to serve a maximum of three consecutive terms.

19. The JISC shall elect a chair and vice-chair annually from among its members.

20. The JISC shall meet at least twice each year.

21. Each member shall:

(a) Serve in his or her personal capacity;

(b) Have experience and competence in developing policy and strategy within regulatory processes, including in the development or implementation of GHG market mechanisms, and shall possess an understanding of business perspectives regarding investment in the environmental field;

(c) Refrain from participating in the consideration of and decision-making on subjects in relation to which he or she has a real or perceived conflict of interest, including in relation to specific host Parties or JI activities;

(d) Subject to his or her responsibility to the JISC, not disclose any confidential or proprietary information coming to his or her knowledge by reason of his or her duties for the JISC, either during or after his or her term of office on the JISC;

(e) Be bound by the rules of procedure of the JISC;

(f) Take a written oath of service witnessed by the UNFCCC Executive Secretary or his or her authorized representative before the member assumes his or her duties.

22. The JISC may suspend and recommend to the CMP the termination of the membership of a member on certain grounds, including, inter alia, a breach of conflict of interest provisions, a breach of confidentiality provisions or a failure to attend two consecutive meetings of the JISC without proper justification.

23. If a member of the JISC resigns or is otherwise unable to complete the assigned term of office or to perform the functions of that office, the JISC may, bearing in mind the proximity of the next session of the CMP, appoint another member nominated by the same constituency to replace said member for the remainder of that member's term.

24. At least [two] [one] third[s] [half] of the members of the JISC representing a majority of members from Parties included in Annex I and a [majority] [quarter] of members from Parties not included in Annex I must be present to constitute a quorum.

C. Procedures

25. Decisions of the JISC shall be taken by consensus, whenever possible. If all efforts to reach consensus have been exhausted and no agreement has been reached, decisions shall as a last resort be adopted by a two-thirds majority vote of the members present and voting at the meeting. Members abstaining from voting shall be considered as not voting.

26. The full text of all decisions of the JISC shall be made publicly available.

27. The working language of the JISC shall be English.

28. The JISC shall conduct its work in such a way as to ensure the transparency and impartiality of its processes and decision-making and to safeguard itself from any conflict of interest.

29. Meetings of the JISC shall be open to attendance, as observers, by all Parties and UNFCCC-admitted observer organizations and stakeholders, except where otherwise decided by the JISC on the grounds of confidentiality.

30. The JISC may delegate functions to the secretariat and to panels, set up by the JISC to support its work, and otherwise draw on technical expertise to perform its functions.

31. Information obtained from activity participants marked as proprietary or confidential shall not be disclosed without the written consent of the provider of the information, except as required by applicable national law of the host Party. Information used to determine whether reductions in anthropogenic emissions by sources or enhancements of anthropogenic removals by sinks are additional, describe the baseline methodology and its application, and/or support an environmental impact assessment shall not be considered proprietary or confidential.

32. The secretariat shall service the JISC and its panels.

IV. Host Parties

33. A Party participating in JI shall make publicly available and maintain, in an up-to-date manner, the following:

(a) The contact details of the designated focal point responsible for approving baselines and registering JI activities hosted by the Party;

(b) Its national standards, procedures and guidelines for all aspects of its implementation of JI and the periods of time in which decisions are to be taken by the designated focal point, including any criteria for sustainable development applicable to JI activities;

(c) Its national procedures for appealing decisions, in accordance with national legislation, by the designated focal point regarding the registration of JI activities;

(d) An annual summary of its activities in relation to JI.

34. A Party participating in JI shall provide to the secretariat, in English, the information specified in paragraph 33 above within 90 days of the adoption, revision or update thereof.

35. The host Party may, on voluntary basis, determine that a lower amount of ERUs shall be issued than the actual reductions in anthropogenic emissions by sources or enhancements of anthropogenic removals by sinks achieved by a JI activity. [A host Party may, on a voluntary basis, exceed the [discounting or cancellation] requirements [for net atmospheric benefits] referred to in paragraph 12 [(option 2)] above[, either by discounting a greater percentage of actual reductions in anthropogenic emissions by sources or enhancements of anthropogenic removals by sinks achieved by the activity prior to the issuance of ERUs or by cancelling a greater percentage of ERUs directly upon their issuance].

36. [Notwithstanding paragraph 12 (option 2) above,] a Party receiving ERUs from a host Party may, on a voluntary basis, cancel a proportion of those ERUs upon [their] [a] receipt in a holding account in its national registry.

37. Any arrangements [made] by a Party to apply paragraphs 35 and 36 above shall be elaborated in the Party's national requirements and procedures and shall be indicated prior to the registration of the JI activity [for which either reductions are to be discounted or units are to be cancelled], [identified as a condition for the activity's registration] and made publicly available through the secretariat and taken into account and explained by the accredited independent entity during the verification.]

38. Baselines for projects using standardized or sectoral baselines shall be reviewed periodically and updated according to transparent criteria established ex ante. Once national standardized or sectoral baselines have been approved, their use shall be mandatory for new projects. However, where existing project-specific (bottom-up) baselines are more ambitious than standardized baselines, bottom-up approaches shall continue to be applied.

39. Standardized baselines shall be developed by host Parties based on criteria to be agreed, and periodically updated, by the JISC. The standardized baselines shall be evaluated by an accredited independent entity, submitted to the JISC for its approval and be periodically updated.

40. A Party participating in JI shall make publicly available, through the secretariat, information on all baselines that it has approved and activities that it has registered or that it has under consideration for approval or registration.

41. A Party, identified by the JISC in accordance with paragraph 14(e) above as not being in conformity with the mandatory requirements and procedures of JI, shall immediately take action to rectify the identified non-conformities and shall provide written evidence to the JISC to demonstrate that the identified non-conformities have been rectified.

The JISC shall make such evidence publicly available (subject to confidentiality). The JISC elaborate the procedure to rectify non-conformities that have resulted in the transfer of excess of ERUs, assessing options to assign liability for excess issuance for consideration by the CMP.

42. A Party may authorize legal entities to participate in JI activities. The Party shall remain responsible for the fulfilment of its obligations under the Kyoto Protocol and shall ensure that such participation is consistent with these modalities and procedures and the mandatory standards and procedures referred to in paragraph 8 above. Legal entities may only transfer or acquire ERUs if the authorizing Party is eligible to do so at that time.

V. Eligibility to transfer and acquire

43. [[Only] [A Party included in Annex I with a commitment inscribed in the third column of Annex B to the Kyoto Protocol as contained in the annex to decision 1/CMP.8 (the Doha Amendment), [that has deposited its instrument of acceptance of the Doha Amendment in accordance with Article 21 paragraph 7, and Article 20 paragraph 4 of the Kyoto Protocol,] whose eligibility has been established in accordance with paragraph 3 of the annex to decision 11/CMP.1 in the first commitment period, [and who has satisfied the requirements contained in decisions 1/CMP.8[,] [and] 2/CMP.8 [and X.CMP.10]] [or in accordance with the provisions of decision 7/CMP.9] is eligible to transfer and acquire ERUs valid for the second commitment period under Article 17 of the Kyoto Protocol, subject to paragraph 3(b) of the annex to decision 11/CMP.1.] [PLACEHOLDER: or alternative/additional language to adequately reaffirm that legally-binding commitments for the second commitment period must be in place prior to transfer/acquisition of ERUs, conversion of AAUs/RMUs to ERUs for the second commitment period, and that requirements of 1/CMP.8, 2/CMP.8, X/CMP.10, etc. related to reports to facilitate assigned amount for the second commitment period, their review, and related cancellations for the first commitment period and second commitment period, 3.7 ter, etc. have been completed.]

VI. Accreditation of independent entities

44. The JISC, in elaborating standards and procedures for accrediting independent entities shall ensure that such standards cover, inter alia, the following areas:

- (a) The ability of the entity to assume obligations under national or international laws;
- (b) Legal and financial liabilities;
- (c) Management and decision-making structure;
- (d) Competence;
- (e) Validation and verification processes, taking into account the principles of materiality;
- (f) Impartiality and prevention of conflict of interest;
- (g) Safeguarding confidentiality;
- (h) Appeals and complaints processes.

VII. Project cycle

A. Design of a joint implementation activity

45. A JI activity shall demonstrate that its implementation would result in real, measurable and additional reductions of anthropogenic emissions by sources or enhancements of anthropogenic removals by sinks and that these reductions would not have been implemented in the absence of the JI mechanism.

46. JI activity participants shall prepare and submit to an accredited independent entity an activity design document that contains all of the information needed for validating that the activity complies with the applicable requirements established by these modalities and procedures and additional requirements elaborated by the JISC and those of the host Party. This information shall include but not be limited to:

(a) Documentation on environmental impact assessment reports of the JI activities, including transboundary impacts, in accordance with procedures as developed by the host Party, and, if those impacts are considered significant by the JI activity participant or the host Party, have undertaken an environment impact assessment in accordance with procedures that are required by the host Party;

(b) Documentation on how input from local stakeholders was invited and taken into account[, ensuring that any concerns that have been raised have been considered and sufficiently addressed].

47. The crediting period shall not start before the submission of activity documentation to the secretariat by the accredited independent entity, in accordance with paragraph 49 below. The crediting period shall end at the latest upon the expiry of the commitment period corresponding to the date of registration or of crediting period renewal. The crediting period may be renewed for one commitment period provided that, for the renewal, an accredited independent entity validates that the activity baseline is still accurate or has been updated taking new data into account, where applicable, and that the activity is still additional, in accordance with the technical requirements referred to in paragraph 9 above.

B. Validation of the joint implementation activity

48. The accredited independent entity shall make the activity design document publicly available through the secretariat, subject to the confidentiality provisions set out in paragraph 31 above, and shall invite comments from Parties and stakeholders on the activity design document and any supporting information for 30 days from the date that the activity design document is made publicly available.

49. An accredited independent entity shall validate that an activity meets the relevant requirements of Article 6 of the Kyoto Protocol, these modalities and procedures and any additional guidance provided by the JISC and, as applicable, by the host Party.

50. The accredited independent entity shall make its validation report publicly available through the secretariat, together with an explanation and justification of its findings, including a summary of the stakeholder comments received and a report on how due account was taken of those comments.

C. Registration and recording of the joint implementation activity

51. The host Party may register the activity if it meets all of the requirements set out in these modalities and procedures and any additional or elaborated standards developed by

the JISC and, as applicable, by the host Party. The host Party shall decide whether to register the activity and shall make its decision publicly available through the secretariat. Registration is considered the formal approval of the respective joint implementation activity by the host Party. If the host Party decides not to register a proposed JI activity, it shall make the reasons for its decision publicly available through the secretariat.

52. Upon receipt of the notice of registration from the host Party, the secretariat shall record the registered JI activity with a unique and publicly available identifier, unless at least two members of the JISC request a review according to its rules and procedures within 30 days.

53. [Any post-registration changes are deemed final unless the JISC requests a review in accordance with its rules and procedures within 30 days.]

D. Monitoring of emission reductions and removals

54. JI activity participants shall monitor reductions in anthropogenic emissions by sources or enhancements of anthropogenic removals by sinks that have already occurred in accordance with the monitoring plan of the registered activity and shall prepare a monitoring report.

55. JI activity participants shall submit the monitoring report to an accredited independent entity, which shall make the monitoring report publicly available through the secretariat. [Parties and stakeholders may provide comments on the monitoring report and any supporting information for 30 days from the date that the monitoring report is made publicly available.]

56. Revisions, if any, to the monitoring plan shall not reduce the accuracy and/or completeness of the monitoring, shall be justified by the JI activity participants and shall be verified by an accredited independent entity in accordance with paragraph 58 below.

E. Verification of emission reductions and removals

57. The accredited independent entity shall, upon receipt of the monitoring report, verify that the reductions in anthropogenic emissions by sources or enhancements of anthropogenic removals by sinks reported by the activity participants have been conducted in accordance with these modalities and procedures, as further elaborated by the JISC and, as applicable, by the host Party.

58. The accredited independent entity shall make its verification publicly available through the secretariat, together with an explanation and justification of its verification opinion[, including a summary of the stakeholder comments received and a report on how due account was taken of those comments].

59. The host Party shall accept the verification if it meets all of the requirements set out in these modalities and procedures and any additional or elaborated standards developed by the JISC and, as applicable, by the host Party. The host Party shall decide whether to accept the verification and shall submit a notification of acceptance to the JISC through the secretariat.

F. Issuance of emission reduction units

60. Except where nonconformities raised pursuant to paragraph 14(e) above have not been rectified in accordance with paragraph 36 above, the JISC shall, 30 days after receipt of the notice of acceptance from the host Party, be deemed to have endorsed the issuance of

ERUs on the basis of the verification of reductions in anthropogenic emissions by sources or enhancements of anthropogenic removals by sinks and inform the host Party accordingly, unless the JISC requests a review according to its rules and procedures.

61. Subsequent to the endorsement by the JISC, the host Party shall expeditiously issue ERUs equivalent to the verified reductions in anthropogenic emissions by sources or enhancements of anthropogenic removals by sinks achieved by the activity, taking into account paragraph 34 above.

62. [Upon such issuance, the national registry administrator shall promptly forward two per cent of the issued ERUs, being the share of proceeds to assist developing country Parties that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change in meeting the costs of adaptation) to an account designated by the Board of the Adaptation Fund.]

G. Appeals of decisions taken by the JISC

63. [A final decision on an activity, accreditation of independent entities or conformity assessments undertaken by the JISC in accordance with these modalities and procedures may be subject to appeal by stakeholders directly affected by the project activities, pursuant to provisions to be agreed by the CMP.]]
