

## Submission from the Advisory Group on Climate Change and Human Mobility<sup>1</sup> on possible activities under strategic workstreams of the five-year rolling workplan (dated 28 February 2017)

COP 22 approved the indicative framework for the five-year rolling workplan of the Executive Committee as the basis for developing corresponding activities. The COP also invited Parties and relevant organizations to submit, by 28 February 2017, views and relevant inputs on possible activities under each strategic workstream as contained in the framework for the five-year rolling workplan of the Executive Committee. This is a joint submission from the Advisory Group on Climate Change and Human Mobility on possible activities under strategic workstream **(d) Migration, displacement and human mobility, including the task force on displacement, of the five-year rolling workplan.**

	<i>Activities</i>	<i>Indicative timeline</i>	<i>Expected results</i>
a	Invite academic experts and relevant United Nations and Civil Society organizations to provide updated knowledge on: (i) the latest natural and social science on the adverse impacts of climate change on displacement, migration, and planned relocation including non-economic losses and the impact of slow-onset events- especially related to vulnerable populations living in climate hotspots and people caught in protracted and chronic displacement situations; and (ii) policies, strategies and measures for	2017-2021	Increased knowledge and understanding and scientific evidence necessary to address gaps and develop policies, strategies and measures to avert, minimize and address climate-related migration, displacement and planned relocation.

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The Advisory Group on Climate Change and Human Mobility (Advisory Group) is composed of the United Nations' High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), the International Organization for Migration (IOM), the United Nations University Institute for Environment and Human Security (UNU-EHS), the Norwegian Refugee Council and its Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre (NRC/IDMC), Refugees International (RI), the Hugo Observatory, and the Arab Network for Environment and Development (RAED). The work of the Advisory Group is anchored in decisions of UNFCCC Parties to enhance understanding and action in the area of climate change induced displacement, migration and planned relocation (Paragraph 14(f) of the Cancun Decision 1/CP.16 and Doha decision 3/CP.18 paragraph 7 (a) (vi)). "Human mobility" is an umbrella term that encompasses displacement of populations, migration and planned relocation. The goal of the Advisory Group is to provide technical support to UNFCCC Parties on human mobility in the context of climate change, and to ensure that aspects of human mobility – including migration, displacement and planned relocation and other forms of mobility – that are addressed under the UNFCCC are coherent and based on the most recent evidence, findings and experience (research, best practices, data, etc.)

	<p>preventing, mitigating and address the adverse impacts of climate-related displacement, migration, and planned relocation on vulnerable populations.</p> <p>Inventory of data sets and national assessments; disaggregated by gender and age and with the full participation of assessed communities i.e. formulating research questions, having access to data and be part of data production.</p> <p>Access to latest data, analysis and projections of climate-related risk and impacts on displacement, migration and planned relocation for all relevant stakeholders, including affected communities.</p>		
b	<p>Invite experts, relevant organizations and affected communities to collaborate with the Executive Committee in disseminating the most updated and relevant knowledge, information, and scientific evidence and analysis for policy makers.</p>	2017-2021	<p>Available data and expertise are identified, made accessible and disseminated. A wide range of local and international stakeholders working on migration, displacement and planned relocation in the context of climate change work together to identify and carry out research needs. Researchers from the Global South working on these issues are better integrated into international research networks.</p>
c	<p>Invite stakeholders working on climate change and human mobility aspects within other relevant policy processes, including the Global Compacts on safe, regular and orderly migration (GCM) and refugees (GCR), the Sendai Framework for disaster risk reduction, the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the UN Secretary General's Agenda for Humanity, to share relevant information.</p>	2017-2021	<p>Ensure that connections and exchange of information are made across global policy processes, including processes dedicated to migration and displacement, DRR, and development policies, in order to promote coherence and complementarity and avoid duplication.</p>
d	<p>Organize briefings for relevant stakeholders on relevant global and regional policy and normative</p>	At SBs and COPs	<p>Ensure findings from the Task Force and ExCom workplans (both 2 years workplan and 5 years workplan) are fed into other relevant</p>

	processes regarding large population movements, especially related to migration, displacement, planned relocation, development, human rights, disaster risk reduction and humanitarian areas.		processes.
e	Building on the Casablanca Technical Meeting (July 2016), organize an annual consultation and information sharing meeting to bridge policy silos and sharing of best practices. Invite experts working across policy areas from all regions of the world with full and informed participation of affected communities and local leadership.	Annual	Promote a multi-sectoral approach, in order to bridge policy silos, and to address the complex and multi-causal nature of migration, displacement and planned relocation linked to the adverse impacts of climate change Ensure that previous successful initiatives are acknowledged and scaled up, providing a basis to build upon and in order to promote concrete action.
f	Conduct/commission an analytical mapping exercise on integrated and cross cutting coordination processes demonstrating synergies between different actors, sectors, levels, but also gaps and opportunities	2018	Identify who is doing what at all levels to encourage increased cooperation between all relevant policy areas, and promote dialogue and coherence in order to address gaps and avoid duplication.
g	Convene training for Parties on mainstreaming measures to prevent and address displacement related to climate change impacts into their Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs).	2019	Parties incorporate measures to prevent and address displacement related to climate change impacts into their Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs).
h	Organize regular briefings by the Task Force on Displacement to the ExCom to inform and discuss progress made and in order for the ExCom to guide, facilitate and promote the work of the Taskforce on Displacement.	COP23 and COP24  SB46, 47 and 48	Ensure coherence and synergies between the implementation of the Workplan and the work of the Task Force and that the objectives of the Taskforce on Displacement are met.