





OUTLINE



- Part I: Summary of BUR and recent development
- National context
- GHG inventory
- Mitigation actions and effect
- Barriers and support needed and received

Part II: Experience and lessons learned in participating in the ICA process

- The impact of ICA process on the climate actions at the domestic level
- The role of BUR in domestic coordination & MRV
- The added value of the technical analysis of BURs by the TTE
- The role of ICA process in identification of capacity building needs
- The role of technical analysis in development of country reporting system
- Part III: Response to questions received

GEORGIA'S FIRST BIENNIAL UPDATE REPORT

Part I

Summary of BUR and Recent Development



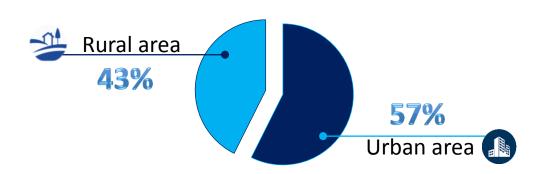


NATIONAL CONTEXT





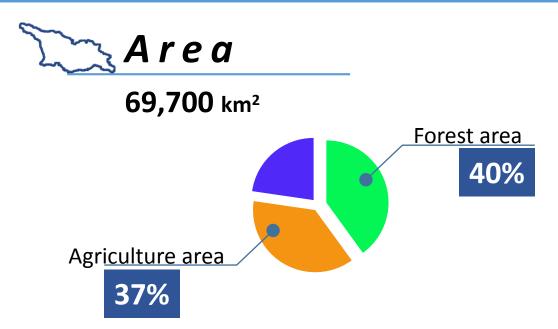
3,730,000 in 2014





Subtropical and Continental

The average annual temperature: 13.7 °C The average annual precipitation: 1,338 mm





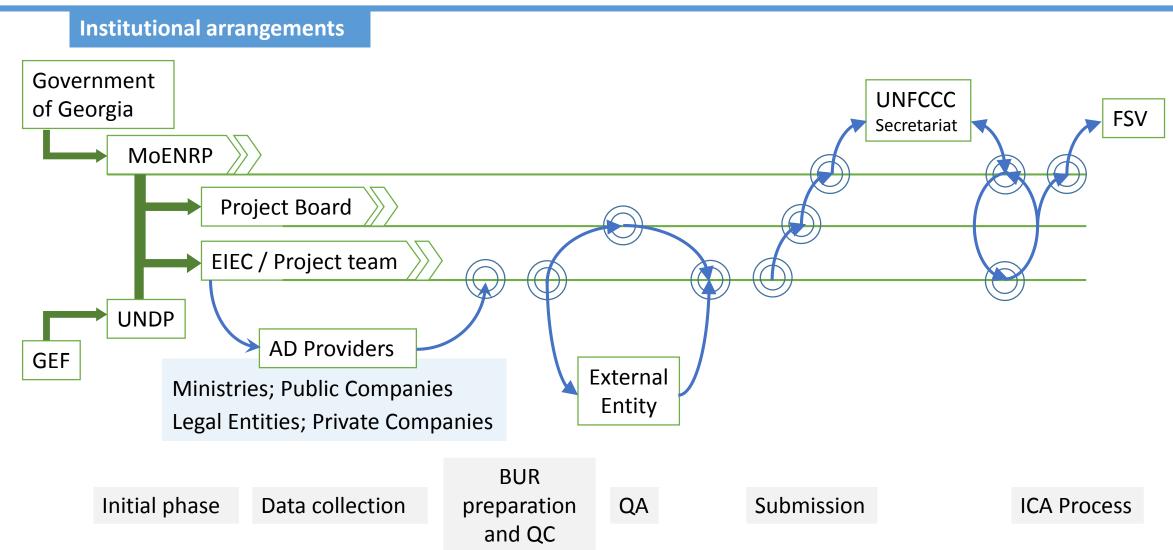
GDP 16,508 million \$

GDP per capita: 4425.75 \$

FDI 1,758 million \$

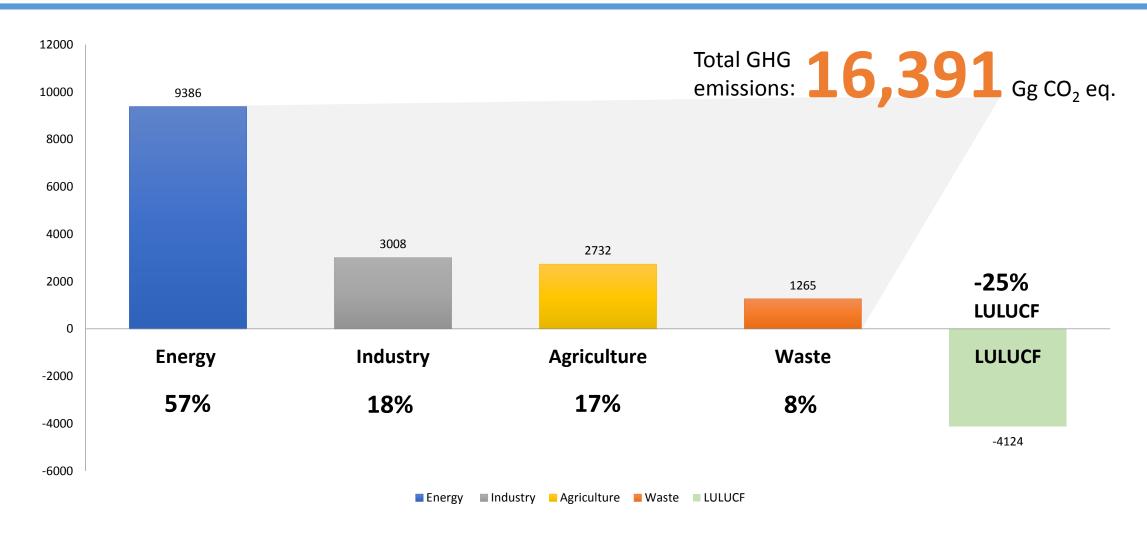
NATIONAL CONTEXT





GHG INVENTORY

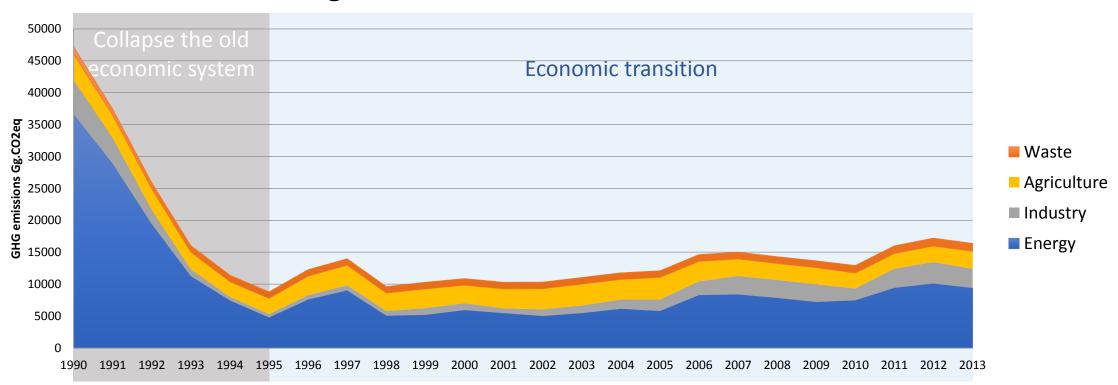




GHG INVENTORY

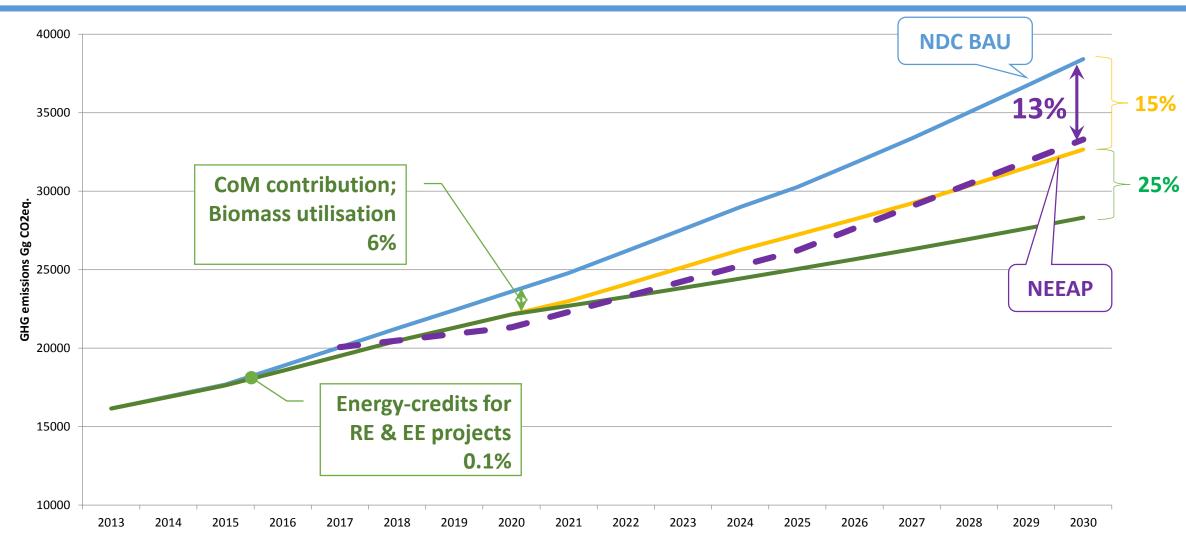


Georgia's GHG Emissions from 1990 to 2013



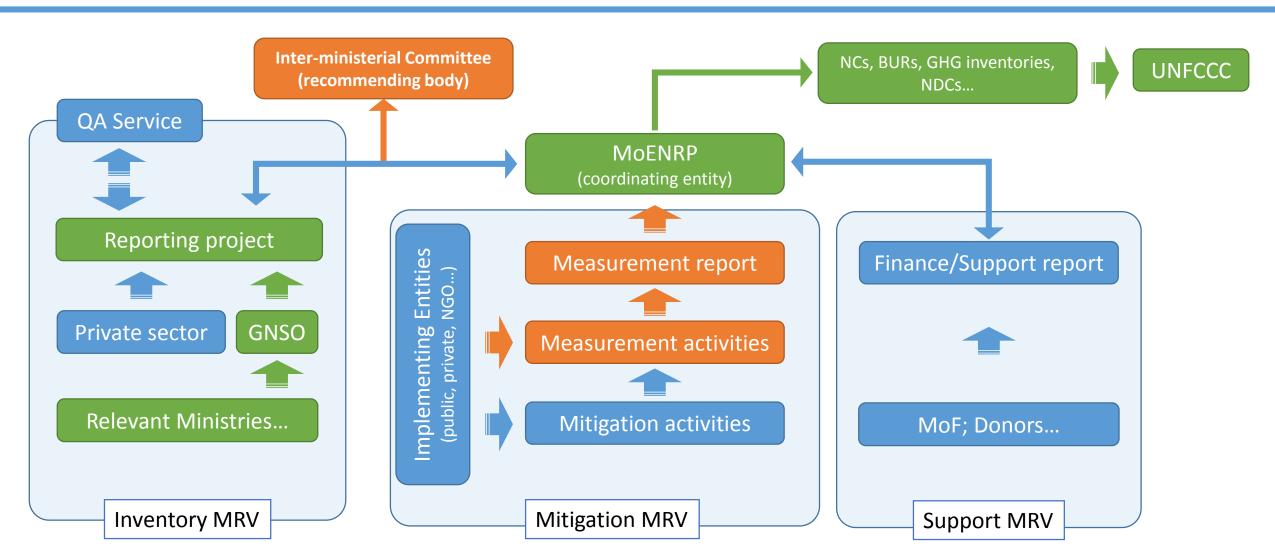
MITIGATION ACTIONS AND EFFECTS





DESCRIPTION OF DOMESTIC MRV





OBSTACLES AND BARRIERS





Absence of legal framework for climate related data management



Limited number of long-term sectoral strategies and policies



Limited access to the data necessary for higher tier methods



SUPPORT RECEIVED



(Finance, Technology, Capacity Building)

LAST 5 YEARS ≈ 40,000,000 USD





SUPPORT NEEDED



(Finance, Technology, Capacity Building)

LEDS	Development of financial schemes for priority economic niches	Green economy
NEEAP	Facilitate the technology transfer	Enhance PPP
GADS	Development of climate smart agriculture	Cross-cutting
LULUCF	Research in land use change	Cross-cutting
SEAP	Facilitation of local initiatives	Bottom-up

GEORGIA'S FIRST BIENNIAL UPDATE REPORT

Part II

Experience and lessons learned in participating in the ICA process





PREPARING FOR THE ICA PROCESS



Added value



Permanent nature of GHG inventory



Multi-stakeholder, multi-level and multi-sector discussions



Stimulation of the mid and long term policy planning



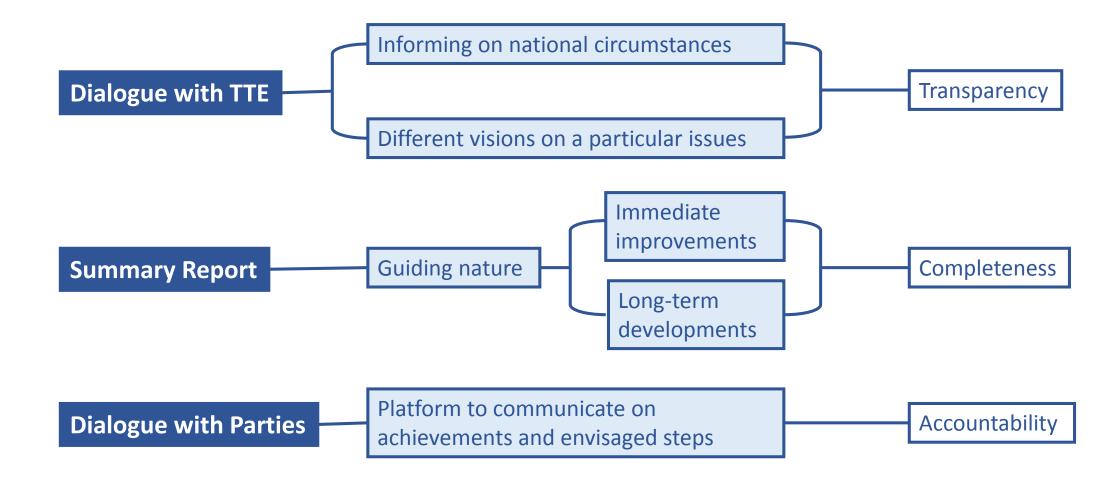
Support the alignment of key sectoral policies and strategies



Enhance overarching national MRV systems

ENHANCING TRANSPARENCY OF REPORTING AND AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT





GEORGIA'S FIRST BIENNIAL UPDATE REPORT

Part III

Response to questions received





RESPONSE TO QUESTIONS RECEIVED





Students involvement in GHG inventory development

INTERNSHIP PROGRAMME



Training on GHG inventory



Practical work package

- ✓ Development of a questionnaire;
- ✓ Gathering the responses;
- ✓ Support the calculations on emissions;

Key Findings

Attract new generation in a climate field;

- Support the climate change labor market;
- Additional human resources for the project;
- Develop practice oriented study materials.

RESPONSE TO QUESTIONS RECEIVED





Plans for reduction of uncertainty associated with GHG inventory

DEVELOP ACTION PLAN FOR REDUCTION OF UNCERTAINTY AT KEY SOURCE-CATEGORY LEVEL

- Implement the statistical methods for improving the accuracy of AD;
- Determine the in-country emission factors;
- > Enhance the data collection system.





Thank you very much for your attention!

FACILITATIVE SHARING OF VIEWS

Forty-seventh session of the Subsidiary Body for Implementation

Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources Protection of Georgia

Tel: +995 32 272 72 62

W: moe.gov.ge

Kakhaberi Mdivani

E: k.mdivani@moe.gov.ge

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