

Needs for research and systematic observation in LDC's

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Outline

- Context
- Gaps for research and systematic observation
- Research needs and priority actions
- Needs relevant to agriculture

1 - CONTEXT

- The LDC's are most vulnerable to climate change (Drought, Floods, etc)
- More than 20% reduction of rainfall
- Severe reduction in duration of rainfall season, particularly in Sahelian countries
- The priority of LDC's is to adapt on climate change
- There is a need to reinforce research and systematic observations in LDC's

2 - Gaps for research and systematic observation

- Lack of data collection networks (weather and environmental) and insufficiency of data available, including satellite data
- Insufficiency and high cost of equipment
- Lack of information and assessment on intensity and frequency of extreme events (floods, drought, rainfall etc.)
- Lack of quantification of seasonal forecasting
- Local forecasting very limited
- Absence of downscaling models
- Insufficient expertice

3 - Research needs and priority actions (1)

- Strengthen the weather network to collect scientifically appropriate data
- Build capacity of experts and facilitate access to satellite data
- Improve localisation of daily weather forecasts (District level, village level etc.)
- Capacity-building to elaborate weekly forecasts
- Quantification of seasonal forecasting
- Development of downscaling models to improve climate change scenarios at country level in LDC's
- Study the intensity and frequency of extreme weather events (floods, drought, rainfall etc.)
- Facilitate exchange of experiences, build capacity on GIS

3 - Research needs and priority actions (2)

- Build capacity of existing regional research centers in LDCs
- Enhance GCOS activities and other relevant observation activities
- Strengthen the linkages with <u>existing research organizations</u> and institutions
- Strengthen financial support for research in LDCs
- Improve early warning systems for agricultural production
- Implement communication strategy on international, regional and national level, taking into account traditional knowledge
- Facilitate technology transfer to manufacture cheaper equipment locally
- Study the relationship between climate and health for early warning system
- Study air pollution
- Encourage and promote the training of young scientists, including women

4 - Needs relevant to agriculture

- Planning agricultural activities taking into account weather information and climate change (seasonal and weekly weather forecasting)
- Development of adapted crops cycle
- Assessment of onset of the rainy season
- Assessment of end of the rainy season
- Dates assessment for ploughing, seeding, etc.
- Frequency of dry period assessment and estimation of the rainy season
- Assessment of periods for appearance of crops diseases
- Enhance research for development of 'cloud seeding'...

THANK YOU