

Measures to decrease fossil fuel dependency for heat and electricity generation – Sweden as a case

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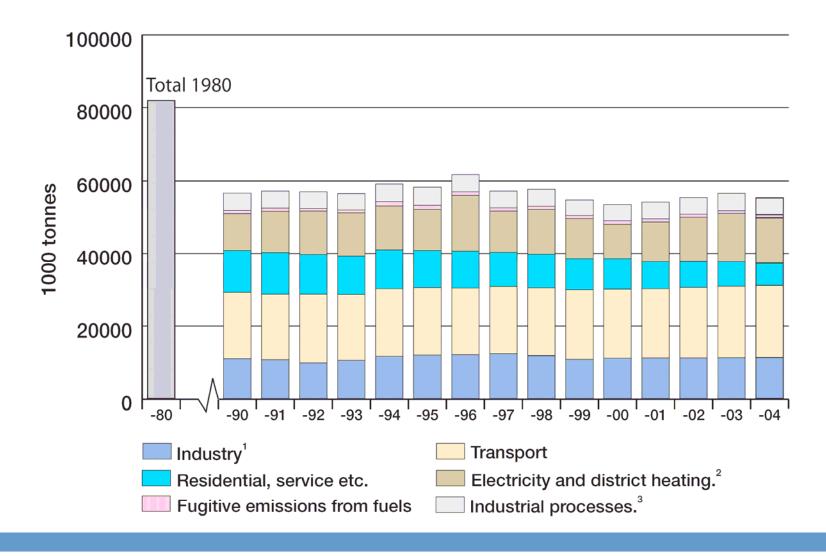
Swedish Environmental Protection Agency

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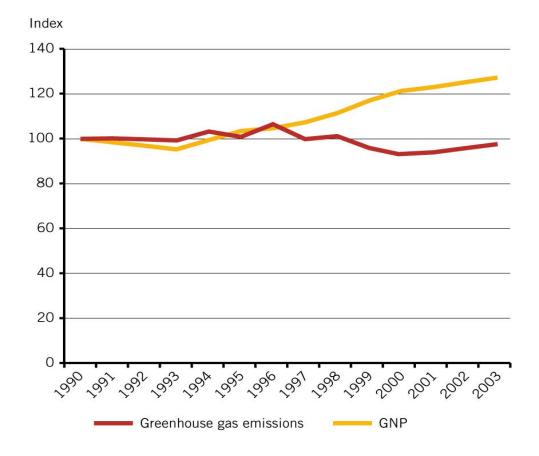


Carbon dioxide emissions in Sweden, 1980, 1990-2004



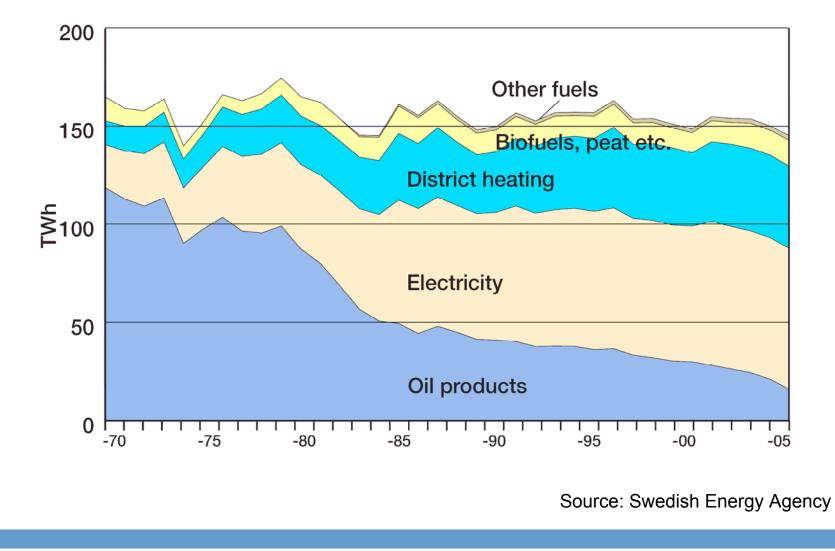


## GHG emissions and economic growth have been decoupled



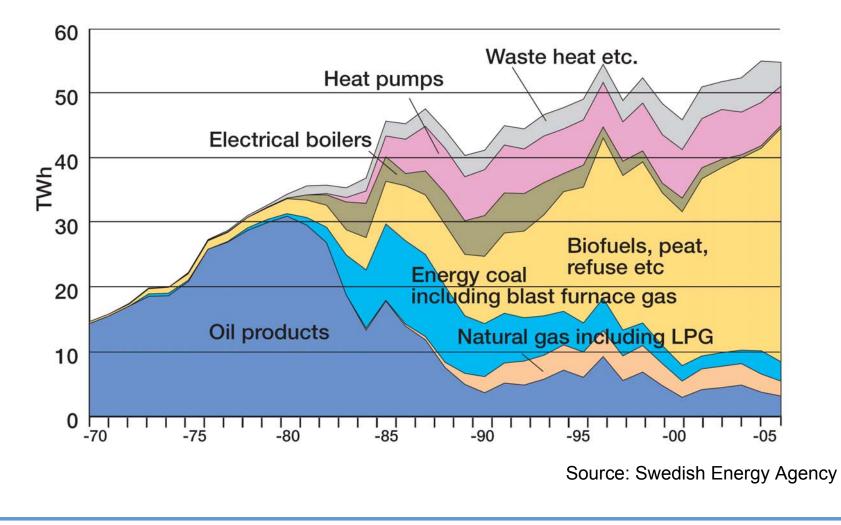


### Final energy use in residential and service sector 1970-2005





## Energy input in district heating 1970-2005



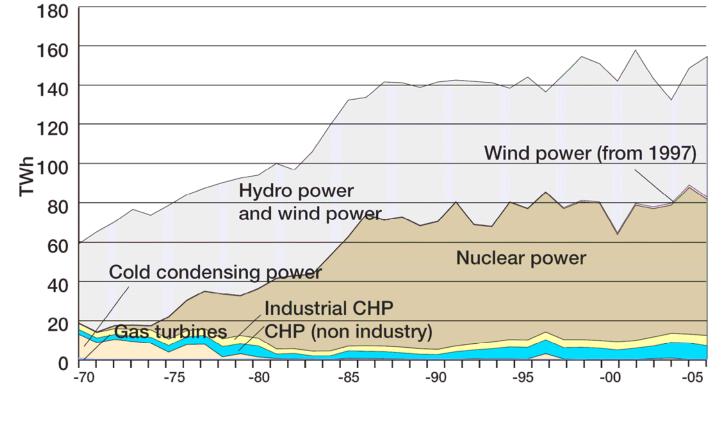


## District heating systems are strategic resources in environmental policy.....

- They reduce local pollution
- They are feasible for efficient utilisation of biomass
- They enable utilisation of industrial waste heat and energy from waste incineration
- They increase the potential for efficient cogeneration of heat and power



## Electricity production in Sweden, by source, 1970-2005



Source: Swedish Energy Agency

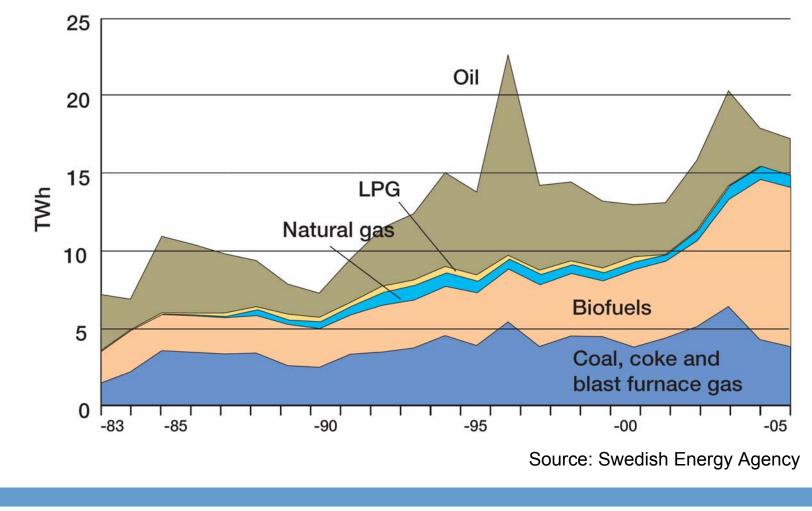


## Green certificate system

- The aim is to increase renewable electricity by 17 TWh/yr by 2016 (Today Sweden's total electricity production is about 150 TWh/yr)
- A significant expansion of both biomass CHP and wind power has been realised during recent years
- By 2020, electricity production is estimated to be 20 TWh/yr higher than demand
- Fossil fuel based production estimated to be apppr 10 TWh =6-7%



## Fuel input for electricity (excluding nuclear) 1983-2005

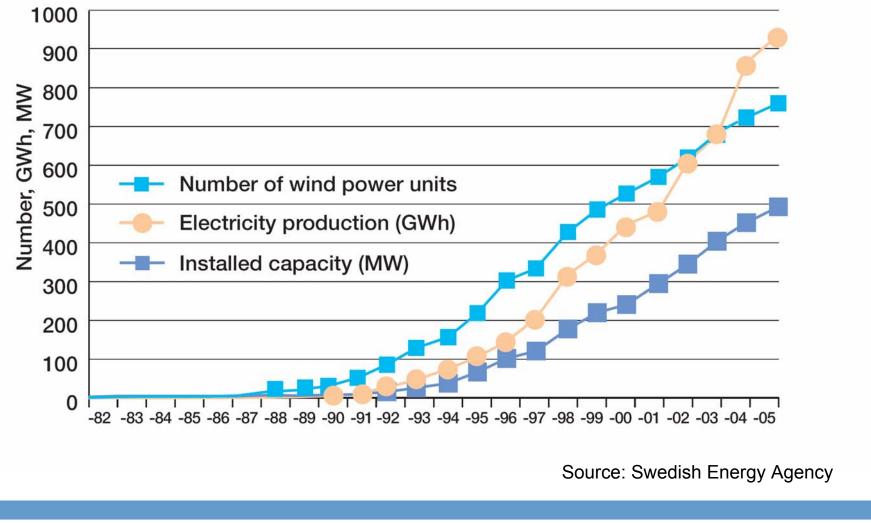


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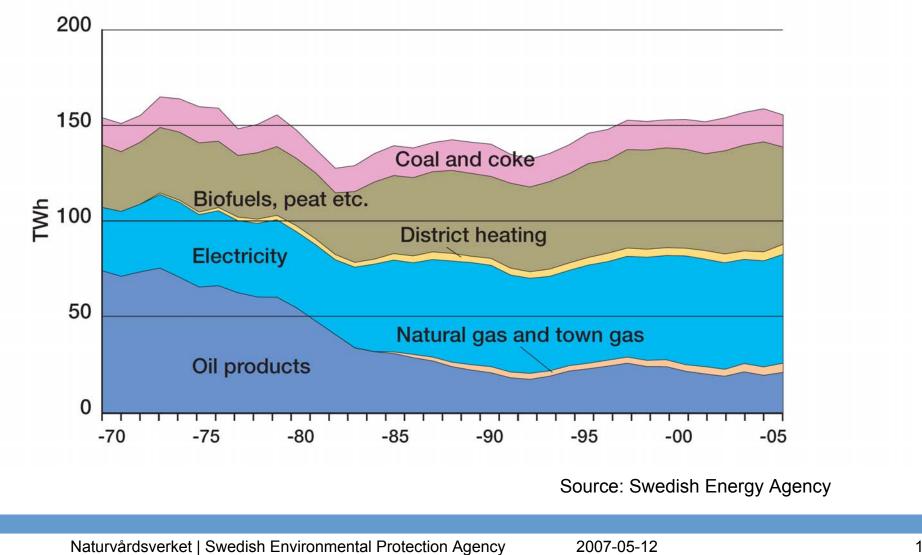
### Wind power production in Sweden 1982-2005



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#### Final energy use in industry 1970-1995.





# Factors important for low fossil fuel use for heat and power in Sweden.

- Focus on oil substitution since the 1970s including expansion of hydro and nuclear power
- High carbon tax for fossil fuels for heating purposes (approximately 100 Euro/tonne CO<sub>2</sub>, lower rate in industry)
- Currently the green certificate system supports expansion in biomass and wind power
- The important forest industry uses and supplies large amounts of bioenergy
- Large renewable energy sources!