#### UNITED NATIONS FRAMEWORK CONVENTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE

Dialogue on long-term cooperative action to address climate change by enhancing implementation of the Convention Third workshop Bonn, 16–17 May 2007

Dialogue working paper 2 (2007)

#### **Draft schedule**

# Realizing the full potential of technology, and Addressing action on adaptation

### Note by the secretariat

This note contains the draft schedule for the third workshop under the dialogue on long-term cooperative action to address climate change by enhancing implementation of the Convention. It should be read in conjunction with the scenario note by the dialogue co-facilitators that is contained in Dialogue working paper 1 (2007).

#### Wednesday 16 May, Saal Maritim

## Session 1 Opening 10:00-13:00 Organizational issues Realizing the full potential of technology Presentations Energy technology perspectives (Dolf Gielen, International Energy Agency) Policy perspectives to 2050 - A business contribution to the dialogues on cooperative action (David Hone, Shell) The General Electric Ecomagination Initiative (Ann Condon, General Electric) A sectoral approach to reducing cement industry GHG emissions -The Australian viewpoint (Chris Leon, Cement Australia) Coal with Carbon Capture and Storage - Contributing to Sustainable Development (Fiona Nicholls, Rio Tinto) Questions and answers Exchange of views among Parties on realizing the full potential of technology, including: Identifying actions to promote research, development and deployment of, as well as investment in, cleaner technologies and infrastructure, Exploring ways and means to promote access by developing countries to cleaner and climate-friendly technologies and technologies for adaptation through the creation of enabling environments, concrete actions and programmes. Questions:1 What are the characteristics of successful bilateral and multilateral cooperation on technology research, development and deployment, including transfer? How can we build upon successful cooperation? What additional international or regional cooperation mechanisms and/or arrangements are needed? What action is needed: o To increase application of currently available technologies? To deliver to the markets technologies that are either at the demonstration level or not vet in the markets due to barriers? *To initiate the development of new technological solutions?* To overcome barriers and make use of opportunities for the deployment or development of clean technologies in key sectors? What is the role of policy and legislation and how can the public and private sectors be further engaged and provided with the right incentives at all stages of the technology development cycle (research, development and deployment, including transfer)?

Session 2 15:00-18:00 Exchange of views among Parties on realizing the full potential of technology

make them available to developing countries? What could be the role of

Could a multilateral fund place low carbon technologies in the public domain and

concessionary loans, export loans or tax incentives? What other instruments are

<sup>1</sup> The questions (in italics) have been proposed by the co-facilitators (see Dialogue working paper 1 (2007)) in order to help focus the exchange among Parties.

available and what experience do we have with them?

## Thursday 17 May, Saal Maritim

Session 3 10:00-13:00	Addressing action on adaptation
	<ul> <li>Presentations</li> <li>Interlinkages between adaptation and mitigation (IPCC)</li> <li>Questions and answers</li> </ul>
	• Exchange of views among Parties on addressing action on adaptation, including identifying approaches, which would support, and provide the enabling conditions for, actions to enable countries, in particular developing countries, to manage and adapt to climate change.
	<ul> <li>What promising approaches could be developed for long-term international cooperative action on adaptation in developed and developing countries building on work underway under the Convention? How can we overcome barriers in the realization/promotion of such approaches?</li> <li>What mechanisms/instruments could be developed further to help increase access to insurance by developing countries to cover climate change-related losses? What is the role of public-private partnerships in augmenting the engagement of private insurance-related instruments into any future adaptation regime?</li> <li>What additional institutional arrangements are needed: <ul> <li>To enhance capacity development for adaptation (including more information, planning, implementation and monitoring), and</li> <li>To leverage adequate and predictable international financial support for adaptation?</li> </ul> </li> <li>What actions are needed to ensure the mainstreaming of adaptation in national policies and in development support programmes? How can we make sure that development communities take into account the response to adaptation in development planning and decision-making?</li> <li>What programmes/mechanisms could be put in place to learn how to implement practical adaptation activities? Would a work programme on learning by doing similar to Activities Implemented Jointly be helpful?</li> </ul>
Session 4 15:00-18:00	<ul> <li>Continuation of exchange of views among Parties on concrete actions to address action on adaptation</li> <li>Discussion on substantive and organizational matters relating to the fourth workshop</li> <li>Any other business</li> <li>Closing</li> </ul>

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