



## EFFECTIVE PUBLIC PARTICIPATION — WHY IT MATTERS FOR CLIMATE-RELATED DECISION-MAKING

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#### THE POWER IS IN YOUR HANDS

- AARHUS CONVENTION AND PRTR PROTOCOL -

**Get Access** – **Participate** – **Seek Justice** 

Grant rights to information, participation, justice

Recognize rights of present and future generations to live in healthy environment

Broad definitions of 'the public': any natural or legal person, plus informal groups

**Public authorities:** all sectors and levels of government (except in legislative/judicial capacity)

**Environmental information:** state of environment, climate-related, factors affecting environment, human health

**Anti-harassment, non-discrimination:** rights to be enjoyed irrespective of citizenship, nationality, domicile

# Access to Information Public Participation

#### Access to Justice



Aarhus Convention - 47 Parties Adopted in 1998 in Aarhus Entry into force - 30 Oct 2001

PRTR Protocol - 34 Parties Adopted in 2003 in Kyiv Entry into force - 8 Oct 2009

**Open to any UN Member State** 



#### Learning from the Aarhus experience

- **Effective PP in decision-making project outcome is more** acceptable and less harmful to the environment
- Hidden/unexpected aspects of proposed activity can be uncovered early, helping to avoid costly mistakes
- **Access to Information**

**Upon request (passive/reactive)** 

Collection, management, dissemination; PRTRs (proactive)

Public Participation

Projects, programmes, plans, policies, norms and regulations













### Climate-related decisions covered by Aarhus - examples

- Strong linkages between UNFCCC art. 6 and Aarhus Convention/PRTR Protocol
- **❖** Permits/licences for certain specific projects involving GHG emissions
- National, provincial or local plans, programmes and policies on climate change
- **❖** National, provincial or local plans, programmes and policies on energy, transport, agriculture, industry etc





#### Learning from the Aarhus experience Key messages

- **Ensure public participation in the decision-making itself**
- Adopt effective frameworks for access to information and public participation at national and international levels
- Ensure **right to participate for all** natural and legal persons
- Appoint NFP and adopt clear reporting format for Art. 6
- **Engage public in preparing national reports on Art. 6**

















## Learning from the Aarhus experience - useful resources

- Maastricht Recommendations on Public Participation in Decision-Making
- Almaty Guidelines on Public Participation in International Forums
- Recommendations on the more effective use of EIT
- Quick Guide to the Aarhus Convention
- Implementation Guide
- General information
- Key Guidance material













