WORK OF THE AWG-LCA CONTACT GROUP

Agenda item 3.4.

Finance

version of 07 October 2011 @ 13.00

Draft co- facilitators consolidated text on Long Term Finance¹

The Conference of the Parties at its seventeenth Session,

(Option 1) *Recalling* Article 4 and Article 11 of the Convention;

(Option 2) Recalling the article 4 of the Convention,

Recalling the commitments of the developed country Parties and other developed Parties included in Annex II to the provisions of financial resources mandated under Articles 4.1, 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, 4.8, and 4.9 in accordance with Article 11 of the Convention,

(Option 1) *Recalling* also the Bali Action Plan (decision 1/CP.13) which called for enabling the full, effective and sustained implementation of the Convention through long-term cooperative action, now, up to and beyond 2012,

(Option 2) Also recalling paragraph 1 e) of the Bali Action Plan, Decision 1/CP.13,

Reiterating paragraph 97 of decision 1CP/16, that in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Convention, scaled up, new and additional, predictable and adequate funding shall be provided to developing country parties, taking into account the urgent and immediate needs of developing countries that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change,

(Option 1) *Reiterating* paragraph 18 of decision 1/CP.16 that requested developed country parties to provide developing country parties, with long-term, scaled-up, predictable, new and additional finance, technology and capacity-building consistent with relevant provisions, to implement urgent, short, medium, and long term adaptation actions, plans, programmes and projects at local, national, sub-regional and regional levels, in and across different economic and social sectors and ecosystems,

(Option 2) *Reaffirming* that scaled up, predictable, new and additional, and adequate funding shall be provided by developed country Parties to developing country Parties, in accordance with principles and provisions of the Convention, to enable and support enhanced action on mitigation, adaptation, capacity-building and technology development and transfer in developing countries, for enhanced implementation of the Convention,

(Option 3) *Recalling* that, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Convention, scaled-up, new and additional, predictable and adequate funding shall be provided to developing country

¹ This consolidated text is based on current submissions made by Parties and will be updated to incorporate additional submissions.

Parties, taking into account the urgent and immediate needs of developing countries that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change,

(Option 4) *Reaffirms* that, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Convention, scaled-up, new and additional, predictable and adequate funding shall be provided to developing country Parties, taking into account the urgent and immediate needs of developing countries that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change,

Acknowledging the need for scaling up climate finance from 2013 towards 2020, in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation with a view of reducing global greenhouse gas emissions so as to hold the increase in global average temperature below 2°C above pre-industrial levels,

Emphasizes the importance of continuing to provide ongoing support beyond 2012 to address the urgent and immediate needs of developing countries that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change, such as LDC's, SIDS and Africa,

(Option 1) *Recalling* the commitment of developed country Parties to the goal of mobilizing jointly USD100bn per year by 2020, to enable and support enhanced action on mitigation, adaptation, technology development and transfer and capacity-building, as contained in para 97 of the Cancun Agreement,

(Option 2) *Recalling further* that developed country Parties committed, in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation, to a goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year by 2020,

(Option 3) *Recognizes* that developed country Parties commit, in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation, to a goal of mobilizing jointly USD100 billion per year by 2020 to address the needs of developing countries;

Recognizing that this commitment might be insufficient to fully address the needs of developing country Parties, given that recent estimates of international financial flows and investments required to address adaptation, mitigation, technological and capacity-building needs of developing countries are in the range of several hundreds of billions of USD a year,

Recognizes that each Party determines the mode and source of its contributions in support of the goal of mobilizing \$100 billion referenced in paragraph 2,

(Option 1) *Reiterating* that funds provided to developing country Parties may come from a wide variety of sources, public and private, bilateral and multilateral, including innovative sources,

(Option 2) *Reaffirms* that, in accordance with paragraph 1(e) of the Bali Action Plan, funds provided to developing country Parties may come from a wide variety of sources, public and private, bilateral and multilateral, including alternative sources;

Stresses that innovative sources, such as carbon pricing of global aviation and maritime transportation, have the potential to generate large financial flows,

Emphasizing that the main source of funding shall be public financial resources provided by developed country Parties, and that public finance should be prioritized for supporting adaptation activities in developing country Parties particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change,

Recognizing the importance of public finance in supporting climate-related investments in developing countries, including adaptation measures in the most vulnerable and least developed countries,

Reaffirming the role of the private sector in providing finance for climate-related investments in developing countries, highlighting that a robust carbon market is required, which drives the carbon price necessary for low-carbon investment, to achieve global mitigation objectives in an efficient way and to support the level of private and public sources required,

Acknowledging that the role of the private sector should be strengthened by further efforts to address regulatory barriers and through developing policy frameworks necessary to leverage private climate finance, including an efficient international carbon market,

Reaffirms that a significant share of new multilateral funding for adaptation should flow through the Green Climate Fund,

Reiterating the need for enhanced action on the provision of financial resources and investment to support action on mitigation and adaptation and technology cooperation,

Recognizing the priority of developing country Parties that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse impacts of climate change and the adverse impacts of response measures including economic diversification,

Recognizing that providing support in particular financial support to developing countries is indispensable for the implementation of the Convention, and the relevant decisions of the Conference of the Parties, and that the extent of developing country parties actions in dealing with climate change is dependent on the extent to which finance, technology and capacity-building support is made available to them by developed country parties,

Emphasizing that any funding pledged outside the UNFCCC shall not be regarded as a fulfillment of the legally binding commitments by Developed country Parties and other developed Parties included in Annex II under Article 4.3 of the Convention and under Para 98 of Cancun Agreements,

(Option 1) *Takes note* of the relevant reports on financing needs of developing countries, and reports on options for mobilization of resources to address those needs,

(Option 2) *Takes note* of the relevant reports on the financing needs and options for the mobilization of resources to address the needs of developing country Parties with regard to climate change adaptation and mitigation, including the report of the High-level Advisory Group on Climate Change Financing,

Welcomes the initial pledges made by some developed country Parties towards the initial capitalization of the Green Climate Fund and encourages other developed country Parties to contribute to the Fund to ensure its rapid operationalization,

1. *Decides* that developed country Parties should significantly scale-up their provision of predictable, new and additional, and adequate finance, without reduction, from present levels to at least USD100 billon per year as soon as possible and no later than 2020 as a means to ensure there is no climate change financing gap between 2012 and 2020;

2. *Decides* that the financial support to be provided by developed country parties should be 'new and additional' and should be on grant or 'concessional basis'. These should be provided through budgetary mechanisms of developed country Parties and could be generated, according to the national discretion of such Parties concerned from new instruments in accordance with the principle of Common But Differentiated Responsibilities of UNFCCC;

3. (Option 1) *Decides* that main source of funding will be public sources, supplementary funding may come from private sources, as well as through multilateral and bilateral channels, with a view to develop modalities to facilitate MRV of the flows of the supplementary sources;

(Option 2) *Decides* that the public sector of the developed country Parties and other developed Parties included in Annex II shall be the major source of the long term finance, and the private-sector sources may play a complementary role in addressing climate change challenges;

4. *Decides* new and additional financial support provided by developed country Parties to developing countries will be replenished from wide variety of sources, mainly public sources, and including through:

- Public sources building up on the commitments of the fast start finance identified in paragraph 95 of decision 1CP/16, and reaching at least 100 billion USD annually in 2020, based on assessed scale of contributions;
- (b) Predictable and sustainable financial resources reaching (x)% annually of all annex I GDP by 2020, based on assessments reports of the needs of developing countries;
- (c) Other potential supplementary sources of finance including market based, alternative and innovative sources;

5. *Decides* that in accordance with article 4.3 of the Convention, and to ensure adequacy and predictability of the flow of support to developing countries, a burden sharing mechanisms established to identify the flows of financial support from developed countries, including through the application of assessed scale of contributions of developed countries;

6. *Decides* that the developed country Parties and other developed Parties included in Annex II shall provide a clear work plan on their pledged assessed contributions post 2012 and up to 2020 for approval by COP seventeen;

7. *Agrees* that a significant portion of new multilateral climate financing should flow through the Green Climate Fund; and that allocation of these resources should be balanced between adaptation and mitigation;

8. *Decides* that adequate and predictable financial support shall be provided to developing countries based on their needs;

9. *Decides* that equitable allocation of financial resources will be followed, including through criteria based on geographical and/or needs, including urgent and immediate needs related to climate change, while ensuring balance between adaptation and mitigation;

10. *Decides* to commence work on a new framework to ensure greater transparency and consistency in reporting on the provision of long term financing by developed country Parties, taking into consideration lessons learned from the fast-start financing period and the Expert Reviews of developed country Parties National Communications;

11. (Option 1) *Decides* to work on the identification of sources for long-term finance from public finance, including innovative sources, and private finance, and a combination thereof, to be mobilized in order to achieve the long-term financing goal of 100 billion USD in the context of meaningful mitigation action and transparency in implementation; thereby addressing the conclusions and recommendations of all relevant reports including the report of the High-level Advisory Group on Climate Change Financing and the report on mobilizing climate finance in the context of G 20;

(Option 2) *Decides* to accelerate and intensify work, in the context of the AWG-LCA, on identifying, a wide variety of public and private, bilateral and multilateral sources of long term financing, including innovative sources, of at least USD100bn by 2020, with the aim of adopting a decision on sources of long term finance that can be accounted for the fulfillment of developed countries financial commitments, at the 18th session of the COP;

12. (Option 1) *Adopts* the work programme on sources of long-term finance and the indicative schedule of workshops contained in the annex to this decision;

(Option 2) *Decides* to establish a work program in order to further elaborate on all the elements identified in paragraphs 1 to 6 of this decision, with a view to prepare a draft decision for the consideration of the Conference of the Parties at its 18th session;

13. (Option 1) *Invites* parties, international financial institutions and relevant UN agencies to submit their views by the March 31st 2012, on preferred sources of long-term financial resources, including innovative sources; their technical feasibility, applicability and potential incidence on developing country Parties;

14. (Option 2) *Invites* parties, observers, international financial institutions and relevant UN agencies to submit their views by the May 15th 2012, on the financial needs of developing countries, public and private sources, and other sources of long term financial resources, and their technical feasibility, applicability, and adequacy;

15. *Decides* that all developing country Parties are eligible to directly access the long term finance, to cope with the impact of climate change and the implications of the response measures;

16. *Decides* that direct and facilitated access of all developing countries to financial resources will be guaranteed by COP decisions;

17. (Option 1) *Requests* the secretariat to compile and prepare a synthesis of submissions by Parties including scenarios of likely volumes of funding given Parties' preferred options, in time for consideration by the AWG-LCA at its next session;

18. (Option 2) *Requests* the Secretariat to prepare a compilation and synthesis report, for the consideration by parties through the work program, on:

(a) Different assessments and evaluations of the financial needs of developing countriess;

(b) Options for mobilizing and identifying sources of long term financing by developed countries, and their impacts and incidents on developing countries;

19. *Decides* that the financial instruments or economic and environmental measures to be employed by developed country parties, if any, for raising new and additional resources should have no incidence on any developing countries or its entities, and the fiscal or economic effects such instruments or measures must be contained within national boundaries of the respective countries;

20. *Decides* that a mechanism shall be established to assess the incidence of the new and innovative sources of finance on developing country Parties;

21. *Decides* that developed country Parties and other developed Parties included in Annex II shall cover the full costs of any incidence on developing country Parties associated with the implementation of new or innovative sources of fund as stated in Article 4.7 of the Convention;

22. *Decides* that the provisions of the long term finance are pertinent to the UNFCCC process and shall be dealt with ONLY through the UNFCCC bodies.

ANNEX

Date	Event	Outputs	Inputs
28 Nov- 9 Dec	COP 17, Durban, South Africa	Adopt a work programme and an	- G20 communiqué
2011		indicative schedule of	- WB/Bill Gates reports
		workshops/activities on sources	- AGF report
		of long term finance	- Other relevant reports
31 March 2012			Parties submissions
Next meeting of	Technical workshop		Compilation and
the AWG-LCA			synthesis of submissions
XX XX 2012			by the Secretariat
SB session	Technical workshop		- Report from previous
14 May -			workshop
25 May 2012			- External experts
Inter-sessional	Technical workshop		- Report from previous
XX XX 2012			workshop
			- External experts
XX XX 2012	COP 18	Adopt a decision on sources of	
		long term finance that can be	
		accounted for the fulfillment of	
		developed countries financial	
		commitments	

Indicative schedule of activities on sources of long-term finance