

## Mitigation

### Actions by developing countries Support by developed for developing countries

#### Presentation by South Africa

In-session workshop on  
subparagraphs 1 (b) (ii) of the Bali Action Plan  
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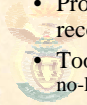
### Register for nationally-appropriate mitigation action by developing countries

- Register of nationally-appropriate mitigation actions (NAMAs) by developing countries
- Enhance implementation of FCCC Art 12.4
- Register is a mechanism for recognition, linking to mechanisms for finance and technology, proposed by G77
- Level of support triggers level of effort



### Possible steps to establish register

- Secretariat opens register – a list of actions, not of countries
- Developing countries voluntarily register NAMAs
  - May voluntarily register actions enabled through own resources
  - Register actions for international support, through mechanisms for means of implementation
- Seek support and commit to implement actions
- Individual mitigation actions, sets of actions or programmes
- Process of acceptance by international community; recognition
- Toolbox approach: SD-PAMs, REDD, programmatic CDM, no-lose sectoral crediting baselines, others



### MRV of registered actions

- Developing country agree to measure and report
  - Action
  - Sustainable development benefits
  - Relative mitigation reductions (tons of CO<sub>2</sub>-eq)
  - Unilateral/ own resource NAMAs could be reported in nat' comms
- Quantify costs of actions prioritised
- Verification
  - by national entities to international guidelines for unilateral/own resources
  - for supported action, verification under Convention



### MRV of finance

- Extent of developing country mitigation actions depends on support by developed countries – MRV must apply
- Set targets for funding: adaptation and mitigation – 0.5% of GDP of Annex II countries for each
  - Adaptation funding \$ 28 – 67 billion / year in developing countries by 2030
  - Mitigation: \$200 billion annually, to be reached by 2020
  - Convention Articles 4.3 (finance), 4.4 (costs of adaptation) and 4.5 (tech transfer)
- Agreed full incremental costs



### MRV for technology

- MRV for actual transfer
  - To demonstrate MRV, developed countries must report financing and technology transfer in national communications
  - Count investment as part of MRV finance ...
  - ... but not credit towards QERCs
- Performance indicators
  - Building on work in SBSTA and SBI



# 1.b(ii)

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