

České předsednictví Evropské unie

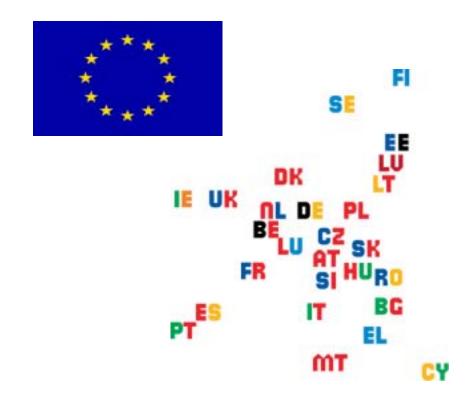
Czech Presidency of the European Union

Présidence tchèque de l'Union européenne

2009

AWG LCA Workshop on subparagraph 1 (b) (ii) of the Bali Action Plan Bonn, March - April 2009

Actions by developing countries



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A GLOBAL NEED TO KEEP BELOW 2 DEGREE C

- Copenhagen needs to be based on <u>sound science AR4</u> confirming need to act now and limit climate change <u>below 2°C</u>
- Urgency to act global emissions need to <u>have peaked by 2020</u>
- Developed countries must lead but cannot do this alone <u>DC</u> <u>contribution needed</u>
- Guidance for the level of ambition of DCs as a group: <u>15 to 30%</u> deviation from baseline



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LOW-CARBON DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES: EU PERSPECTIVE ON NAMAS

- Low-carbon development strategies (LCDS) can be the underpinning structure of enhanced contributions by developing countries
- They would be the **vehicle** to identify needs for support
- Including at least key sectors
- To update as soon as possible and no later than 2012
- Invitation to Advanced Developing Countries to propose their LCDS before Copenhagen
- These strategies can support sustainable development and should indicate:
 - What actions can be undertaken autonomously
 - What actions require further support
 - What actions can be undertaken through global carbon market



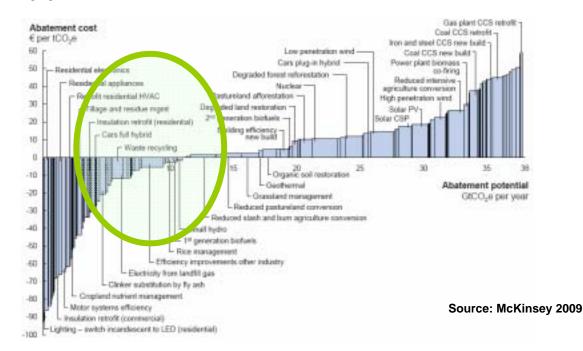


BENEFITS OF LOW-CARBON DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES

Tool to

- recognise action undertaken by countries
- identify barriers and address them
- to underpin development in a sustainable way
- match actions and support

NAMA's: many actions are at low or negative cost and have co-benefits





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ROLE FOR THE GLOBAL CARBON MARKET

- The <u>global carbon market</u> can be an important source for finance
- Some NAMAs could take the form of <u>sector-specific market</u> <u>mechanisms</u>:
 - A win-win tool, increasing economic efficiency
 - Increased scale, ensuring appropriate access to carbon finance
 - Greater flexibility
 - <u>Cap-and-trade systems</u> could be an effective tool for action in key sectors in advanced developing countries by 2020
 - Possibility to generate up-front finance
 - Assist in achieving own appropriate action



INSTITUTIONAL ELEMENTS

- Explore a <u>coordination mechanism</u> to facilitate
 - the inclusion of the NAMAs that are in the low-carbon development strategies into a <u>registry</u>
 - the matching of action and support.
- Guidelines are needed to:
 - assess the associated emission reduction and the support required to ensure efficient use of resources
 - evaluate the overall level of ambition
- MRV for actions included in the LCDS and noted in the registry, and the corresponding support
 - to build confidence
 - to ensure delivery
 - to assess and improve effectiveness of own efforts
- Need for periodic review of overall progress including comprehensive review no later than 2016 (with 5AR)

