United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

The NAMA registry

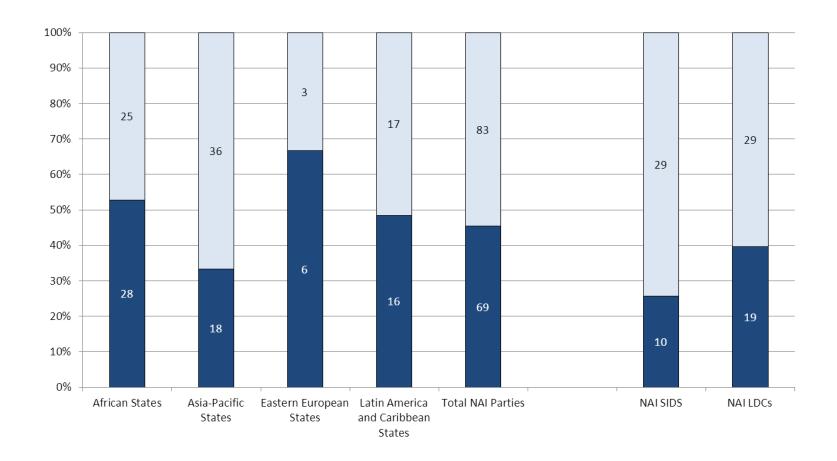
Roles and access rights

Mexico City, Mexico, 13 December 2013



- Types of access rights
- Obtaining and managing access rights
- NAMA developers vs. NAMA approvers
- Considerations when deciding on registry roles
- Questions for discussion.

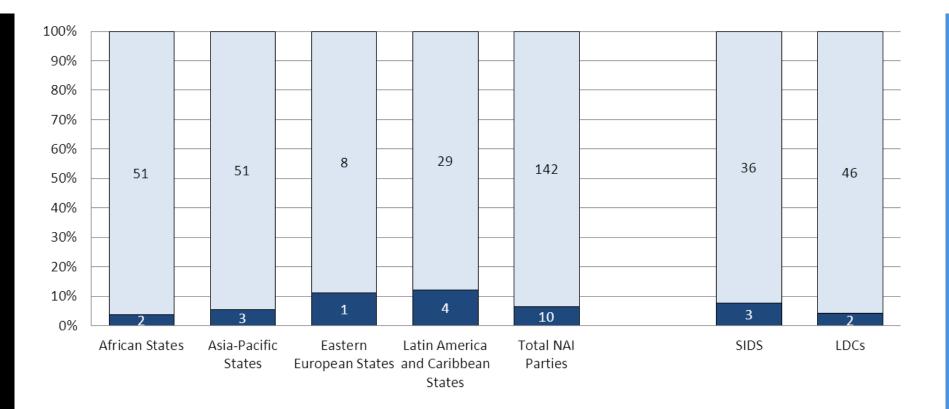




□ Number of NAI Parties without access rights

■ Number of NAI Parties with access rights





□ NAI Parties without NAMA entries in the registry

■ NAI Parties with NAMA entries in the registry



Types of access rights

NAMA Approver

- Create/edit NAMA entries
- Approve entries from developers
- Confirm receipt of support

NAMA Developer

- Create/edit NAMA entries
- Confirm receipt of support

Support editor

- Create entries on support available
- Confirm provision of support

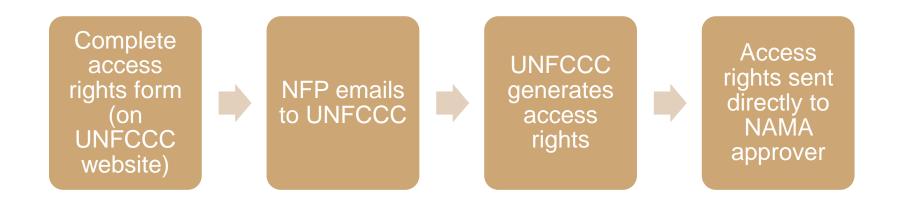
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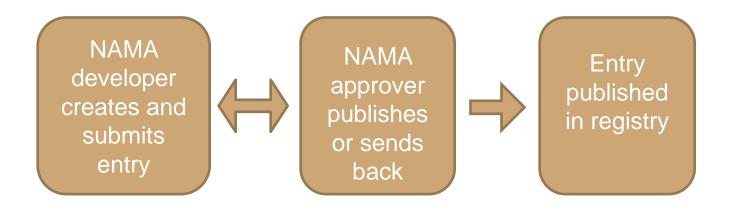
Obtaining and managing access rights

- NAMA Approver access rights are obtained from the secretariat
- Granted on request of the National Focal Point
- Note: NFP does not need to be involved in operating the registry
- If changing to a new person or entity, request must come from NFP

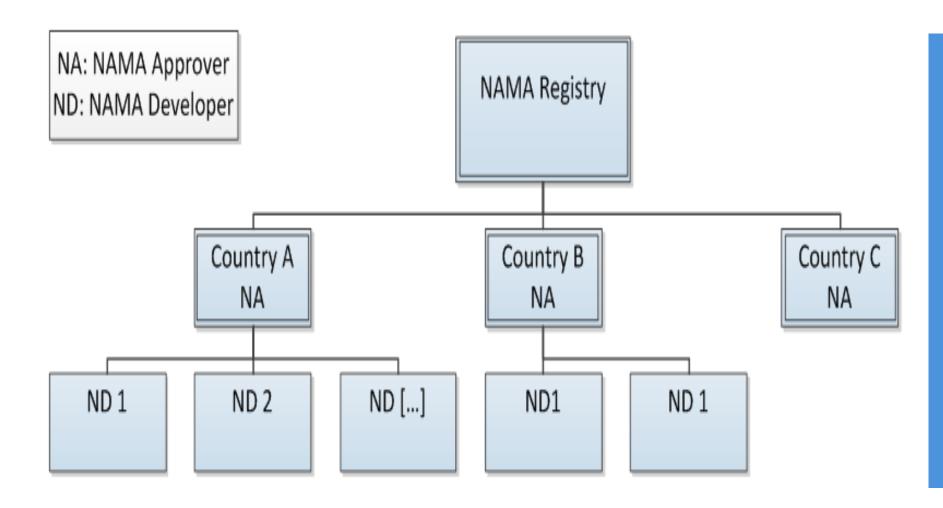




- NAMA developers can create and edit entries but everything is subject to the approval of the NAMA approver.
- The registry provides the ability for approvers to review and send entries back to NAMA developers with comments.









- Key responsibility of NAMA approvers is for quality of registry entries for your Party.
- Quality issues NAMA approvers should look for:
 - a) Completeness of entries: Important to explain activities involved and the quantity, nature and basis of support sought
 - b) Appropriateness of financial support selected in registry. Does it fit with NAMA stage, scale, donor norms?
 - c) Emission reductions. Registry uses <u>millions</u> of tonnes.



- d) Duplicate entries. Registry should contain either an entry on preparation or implementation but not both
- e) Duplication of support requirements. Categories of financial, technological and capacity building are separate.
- f) Incremental costs. Are the extra costs against business as usual. They cannot exceed total costs.
- g) Maintaining entries. Entries will need to be updated to reflect changes in contact people, clarifications and reflect support provided.

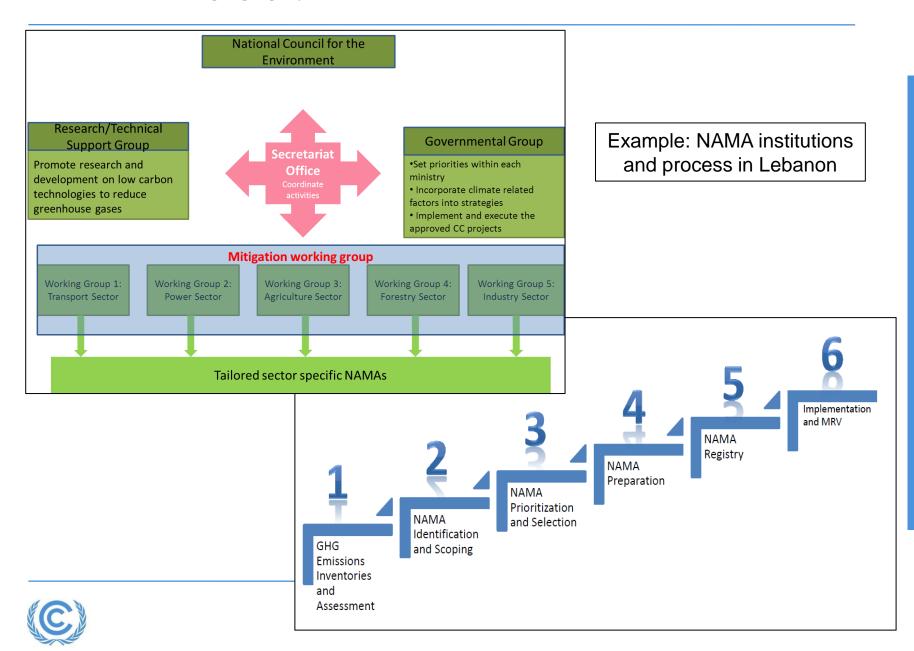


- Key responsibility of NAMA approvers is for quality of registry entries for your Party
- This does not mean that all entries must be created by the NAMA approver!
- In the longer term, working with the registry is likely to involve modifying/updating NAMA entries rather than creating them.



- Who is in best position to update/correct entries in response to queries
- The registry is a communication tool.
- The process of "approving" a NAMA entry in the registry is not the same as the process of developing and deciding pursue a NAMA
- Fit with your overall national approach to NAMA development





Questions

- a) How would you describe the responsibilities of a NAMA Approver?
- b) Who could perform this role within the country?
- c) What skills and tools are required?
- d) How could the "NAMA developer" feature of the registry be utilized to facilitate submission of NAMAs?
- e) What are the risks deriving from the operation of the registry (for the NAMA approver, other actors, and the country)?
- f) What more do Parties need from the secretariat to enable you to successfully use the registry?



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To gain access to create entries and for queries: NAMA-registry@unfccc.int

To view the registry visit:

http://unfccc.int/cooperation_support/nama/items/7476.php

