

**Summary of discussions of ad hoc technical expert group
On the impact of the implementation of response measures (TEG)**

9–10 May 2017, Bonn

Experts from various regional groups and intergovernmental organizations shared a range of experiences dealing with economic diversification and transformation and just transition of the workforce and the creation of decent work and quality jobs. The presentations can be found on the UNFCCC website.¹

The co-Chairs of the TEG have prepared the summary of the views expressed by members during the presentations and the discussion are listed below. This listing of views does not represent the collective views of the TEG.

Area 1: elaboration of technical work on economic diversification and transformation in the context of sustainable development:

- Sustainable development in building socio-economic resilience;
- The low carbon transition is the key to long-term sustainable growth;
- Policy development and modeling do not happen in isolation;
- Very important to take climate actions earlier than later. The cost of climate actions is lower than the cost of not taking actions;
- Case studies on assessment of cross-border social-economic impacts for specific countries, regions and/or sectors, involving government and officials;
- In some countries, economic diversification and transformation is not viewed as a tool of resilience building to the impacts of response measures, but for inclusive growth, structural transformation and political stability;
- The work of impact assessment can build on existing assessment, using existing tools and working to improve them, as needed, instead of starting from scratch, taking into account the national circumstances of some countries which may need capacity building;
- Addressing issues of comparability and variability on reporting;
- Methodology framework for assessment of impact of response measures, and working towards common understanding of methodologies;
- Inventory of response measures, including those by international organizations and private sector, as the first step towards identification and quantification of impacts, including their economic, social and environmental implications;
- Notification of measures taken before implementation, including actions taken by private sectors.

Area 2: elaboration of technical work on just transition of the workforce and the creation of decent work and quality jobs:

- Just transition of the workforce and the creation of decent work and quality jobs is an area that requires further exploration;
- Importance of skill development through training courses, etc.;
- Case studies on specific sectors, countries or regions;
- Just transition of the workforce and the creation of decent work and quality jobs should be to achieve sustainable development and poverty eradication, in line with national priorities and circumstances;
- Having information from other international organizations on experience of non-climate change policies;
- Just transition of the workforce and the creation of decent work and quality jobs is a broad topic. For instance, sharing information with other domains of policy setting;

¹ <http://unfccc.int/10142.php>.

- Making use of existing information and practices. For examples, compilation of information submitted by Annex I Parties on minimization of adverse impacts of response measures;
- A platform for documenting existing practices related to just transition of the workforce and the creation of decent work and quality jobs;
- Making use of existing framework on just transition of the workforce and the creation of decent work and quality jobs.

Cross-cutting:

- Close inter-relationship between economic diversification and transformation and, just transition of the workforce and the creation of decent work and quality jobs, which is necessary for sustainable development;
- National and international impacts of response measures;
- Space and time for the experts to continue technical discussions, taking account of discussion in the TEG;
- Involvement of international organization to assist countries for information sharing and capacity building;
- International cooperation, as well as pre-emptive cooperation among countries and international organization;
- Transparency – ex-ante notification and ex-post assessment;
- Having more international organizations present at future TEG meetings;
- A range of existing initiatives to support economic diversification and transformation and just transition of the workforce and the creation of decent work and quality jobs, including support to developing countries;
- Importance of stakeholder consultations;
- Regional training programme on assessment and modelling support for rolling out activity based action plan at national and regional level;
- Importance of recognizing vulnerable groups including gender and youth among other perspectives.