

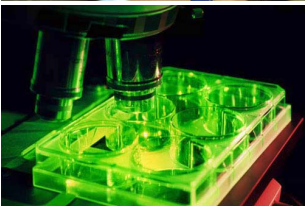
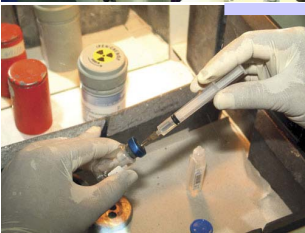
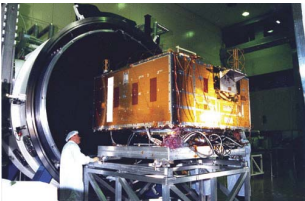


# Public Participation related to National Communications to the UNFCCC

## Experience of Brazil

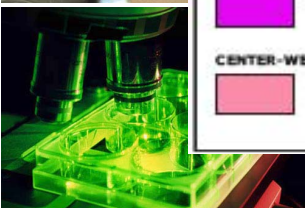
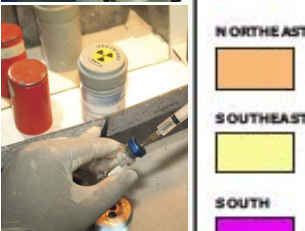
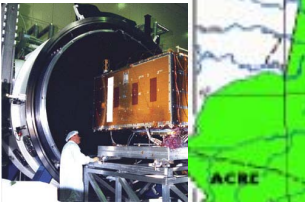
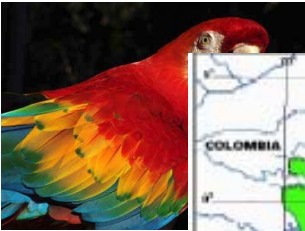
April 2010

General Coordination on Global Climate Change  
Brazilian Ministry of Science and Technology - MCT  
Haroldo Machado Fiho, PhD.



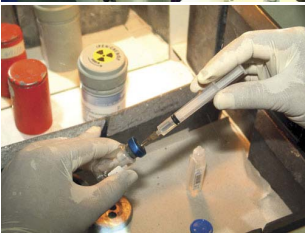
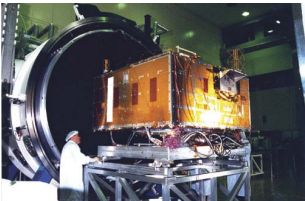
# Brazil – General Information

- Area: 8,514,876.6 km<sup>2</sup>.
- Divided in 5 political-administrative regions:
- North; Northeast; Mid-West; Southeast; South
- 26 states and the Federal District; 5,507 municipalities.
- **Demographic Density:**
- 190 millions Inhabitants; 95% in urban area.
- Portuguese



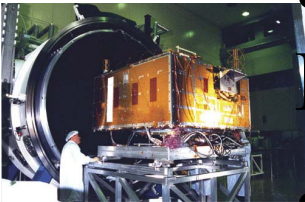
# MCT's General-Coordination on Global Climate Change

- Commitments under Article 6 (Education, Training and Public Awareness)
  - ☞ Documents translated and published (Convention and Protocol text, IPCC publications);
  - ☞ Brochures on Climate Change published and distributed;
  - ☞ Manual and training material on CDM;
  - ☞ Website.



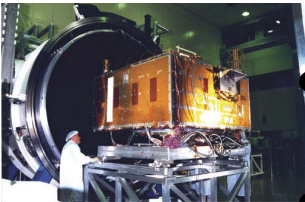
# National Communications

- Importance of NCs
- Common commitment: all the UNFCCC Parties must elaborate their NCs
- Important tool to promote capacity building;
- Important tool to promote education and and public awareness;
- Guidelines of NCs highlight the importance of public participation.



# Organization – First National Communication

- Central Coordination – MCT – August 1994
- Problem: Low level of awareness
- Implementing entities: universities, research centres, governamental entities, industrial associations, non-governmental organizations, consultants.
- Criteria: **efficiency, cost/benefit; decentralization; capacity building.**



# Brazilian website on Climate Change



http://www.mct.gov.br/index.php/content/view/13986.html

Ministério da Ciência e Tecnologia

O MCT INDICADORES LEGISLAÇÃO FONTES DE FINANCIAMENTO UNIDADES DE PESQUISA

VERSÃO ACESSÍVEL

ORDEM E BEM-ESTAR

SEARCH

## CLIMATE CHANGE

Sections

### The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

- Text of the Convention
- Status of ratifications of the Convention

### Interministerial Commission

- Decree of July 7, 1999, amended by Decree of January 10, 2006
- Projects submitted to the Interministerial Commission under the Clean Development Mechanism
- Resolutions of the Commission
- Note of Explanation by the CIMGC regarding CO<sub>2</sub> emission factors

### Clean Development Mechanism

- Procedures for submitting a CDM project to the Interministerial Commission on Global Climate Change
- Forms for the preparation of the Project Design Document under the CDM (most recent version in the website of the CDM Executive Board)
- Approved baseline and monitoring methodologies
- CO<sub>2</sub> emission factors for electricity generation in Brazil's National Interconnected System
- Programme of activities under the CDM

Highlights

### Declaration of Leaders Meeting of Major Economies on Energy Security and Climate Change

Held on 9 July 2008 in Toyako, Hokkaido, Japan

### Brazil's Contribution to Prevent Climate Change - White Paper

Year 2007 [See also...](#)

### Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change - Climate Change 2007 (Fourth Assessment Report of the IPCC)

[Summary for Policymakers of the Synthesis Report \(draft copy\)](#)

[Group I Summary for Policymakers: The Physical Science Basis](#)

[Group II Summary for Policymakers: Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability](#)

[Group III Summary for Policymakers: Mitigation of Climate Change](#)

### Current status of CDM project activities in Brazil and in the world

Last compilation from the UNFCCC webpage: July 29, 2008

### Projects approved under the terms of Resolution no. 1 - 187 projects

Last updated on August 04, 2008

Climate Change - English

- The Science of Climate Change
- The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
- Brazil and the Convention
- National Communication
- Negotiations
- The Kyoto Protocol
- Clean Development Mechanism (CDM)
- Climate Change - PPA
- Interministerial Commission on Global Climate Change
- Carbon Sequestration Leadership Forum (CSLF)
- Brazilian Climate Change Forum
- Methane to Markets
- Major Economies Initiatives
- Events
- Talk to us
- Publications
- Selection of Consultants

# Brazilian website on climate change

Ministério da  
Ciência e Tecnologia

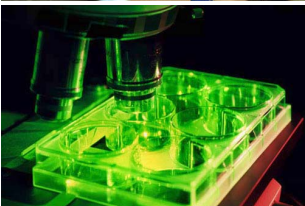
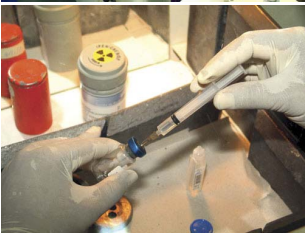
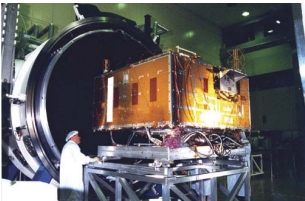


- The climate change web site is maintained by the Brazilian Government, by means of the Ministry of Science and Technology, and managed by the **General Coordination Office on Global Climate Change - CGMGC**, since 1995.

- Inspired the UNFCCC website

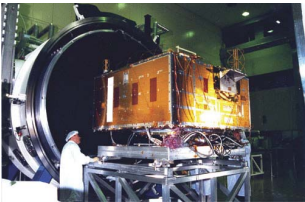
- Increasing connectivity in Brazil – more than 40 million people

- One of the most accessed websites in the Brazilian government



# Review of the FNC

- Inventory – Quality assurance and control directly managed by the MCT – direct work with the authors
- Steps Taken and Envisaged to Implement the Convention – Review similar to the IPCC reports – review by authors and invited specialists (140 reviewers)
- Available on the Brazilian site on climate change
  - Permanently open to comments and inputs by the website public
- 150 entities and 700 specialists involved.



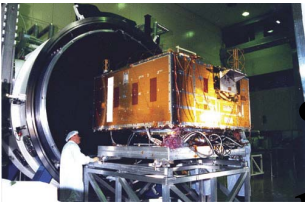


# Organization – Second National Communication

Ministério da  
Ciência e Tecnologia



- Central Coordination – MCT – 2005
- Increasing level of awareness
- Implementing entities: universities, research centres, governamental entities, industrial associations, non-governmental organizations, consultants.
- Challenge: involve more entities and specialists.
- Increasing willingness of participation.
- Need of a broader process of participation.

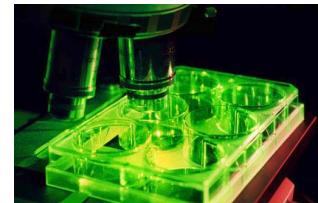
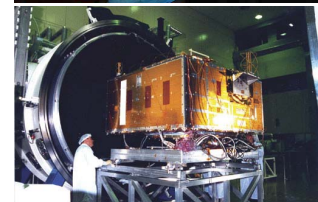


Setor	Energia						Processos Industriais					
	Metodologia Top-Down	Metodologia Bottom-Up	Emissões de Transporte Aéreo	Emissões de Transporte Rodoviário	Emissões Fugitivas de Carvão	Emissões Fugitivas de Petróleo	Cimento	Outros produtos minerais	Indústria Química	Indústria do Alumínio	SF6 em equipamentos elétricos	Consumo de HFCs e PFCs
Semana												
26/3/2010												
2/4/2010							X	X				
9/4/2010	X											
16/4/2010			X									
23/4/2010					X	X						
30/4/2010									X			
7/5/2010				X					X			
14/5/2010		X										X
21/5/2010											X	
28/5/2010												
4/6/2010												
11/6/2010												
18/6/2010												
25/6/2010												
2/7/2010												
9/7/2010												
16/7/2010	X						X	X				
23/7/2010			X		X	X						
30/7/2010									X			
7/8/2010				X					X			
14/8/2010		X										X
21/8/2010											X	

X	Publicação do Relatório Rascunho
	Consulta Pública
ST	Seminário Técnico se necessário, em função de submissões na consulta pública
SA	Seminário de apresentação dos relatórios de referência
X	Publicação do Relatório Final

Setor	Agricultura					Uso da Terra e Florestas	Tratamento de Resíduos	Inventário consolidado
	Fermentação Entérica	Manejo de Dejetos	Arroz	Solos Agrícolas	Queima de Resíduos	Uso da Terra e Florestas	Tratamento de Resíduos	
Relatório								
Semana								
26/3/2010								
2/4/2010								
9/4/2010					X			
16/4/2010			X					
23/4/2010								
30/4/2010	X						X	
7/5/2010		X						
14/5/2010				X				
21/5/2010						X		
28/5/2010								SA
4/6/2010								
11/6/2010								
18/6/2010								X
25/6/2010								
2/7/2010	ST							
9/7/2010						ST		
16/7/2010					X			
23/7/2010			X					
30/7/2010	X							
7/8/2010		X					X	
14/8/2010				X				
21/8/2010								
28/8/2010								
3/9/2010								
10/9/2010						X		
17/9/2010								
24/9/2010								
1/10/2010								
8/10/2010								X
15/10/2010								
22/10/2010								
29/10/2010								SA

X	Publicação do Relatório Rascunho
	Consulta Pública
ST	Seminário Técnico se necessário, em função de submissões na consulta pública
SA	Seminário de apresentação dos relatórios de referência
X	Publicação do Relatório Final



### Segundo Inventário Brasileiro de Emissões e Remoções Antrópicas de Gases de Efeito Estufa

**Nome\*** \_\_\_\_\_

**Instituição** \_\_\_\_\_

**e-mail\*** \_\_\_\_\_

**Telefone\*** \_\_\_\_\_

**Relatório** RR-PI-01-CIMENTO

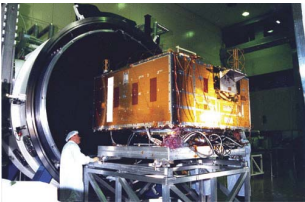
Seção	De		À		Tabela	Figura	Texto Alternativo / Inclusão de Novo Texto	Comentários
	Página	Linha	Página	Linha				

\* Campo Obrigatório  
Poderão ser incluídas quantas linhas forem necessárias

As planilhas devem ser enviadas para [inventariogee@mct.gov.br](mailto:inventariogee@mct.gov.br)

# Partnership with other countries

- The web site is made available in four languages: Portuguese, English, Spanish and French.
- Share information with other Portuguese speaking countries: Cabo Verde, Sao Tome and Principe, Guine Bissau, Mozambique, Angola and East Timor.
- Cooperation with other countries: Botswana, Haiti, and other who have required cooperation.



# Language flags

Access to the pages in different languages is made by clicking on the corresponding flags, as illustrated below:

VERSÃO ACESSÍVEL

ORDEM E BEM-ESTAR

BUSCA

→ Página Inicial → Mudanças Climáticas → O Brasil e a Convenção

## O Brasil e a Convenção do Clima

A Assembléia Geral das Nações Unidas estabeleceu, em seu período de sessões de 1990, o Comitê Intergovernamental de Negociação para a Convenção Quadro sobre Mudança do Clima (CIN/CQMC), ao qual encomendou a redação de uma convenção quadro, assim como de qualquer instrumento jurídico relacionado que fosse considerado necessário. Os representantes de mais de 150 países se encontraram durante cinco reuniões celebradas entre fevereiro de 1991 e maio de 1992 e, finalmente, em 9 de maio de 1992, foi adotada a Convenção Quadro das Nações Unidas sobre Mudança do Clima na Sede das Nações Unidas (Nova York).

Poucos países... 155 países... 50<sup>th</sup> ratificação... 21 março 1994, 90 dias após a 50<sup>th</sup> ratificação.

ções  
la da  
ão, a  
ro de  
ós a

**To view the content in another language, the user has to click on the corresponding flag**

Portuguese → Mudanças Climáticas → Climate Change - English → Brazil and the Convention

SEARCH

## Brazil and the Convention

The United Nations General Assembly at its 1990 session set up the Intergovernmental Negotiating Committee for a Framework Convention on Climate Change (INC/FCCC), which was given a mandate to draft a framework convention and any related legal instruments it considered necessary. Representatives from over 150 States met during five sessions between February 1991 and May 1992 and, finally, adopted the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change on 9 May 1992 at UN Headquarters in New York.

Soon after, 155 countries signed the Convention at the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, known as the "Earth Summit", which was held in Rio de Janeiro in June 1992. Since then, the Convention has been signed by other States and ratified by a growing number of countries. The Convention entered into force on 21 March 1994, 90 days after the 50<sup>th</sup> ratification.

¡Gracias!  
Thank you!  
Merci!  
Obrigado!

[haroldoclima@gmail.com](mailto:haroldoclima@gmail.com)

