

The 4th meeting of the Durban Forum on Capacity-building
8 June 2015

Preparation of INDC of Vietnam: experiences and challenges encountered

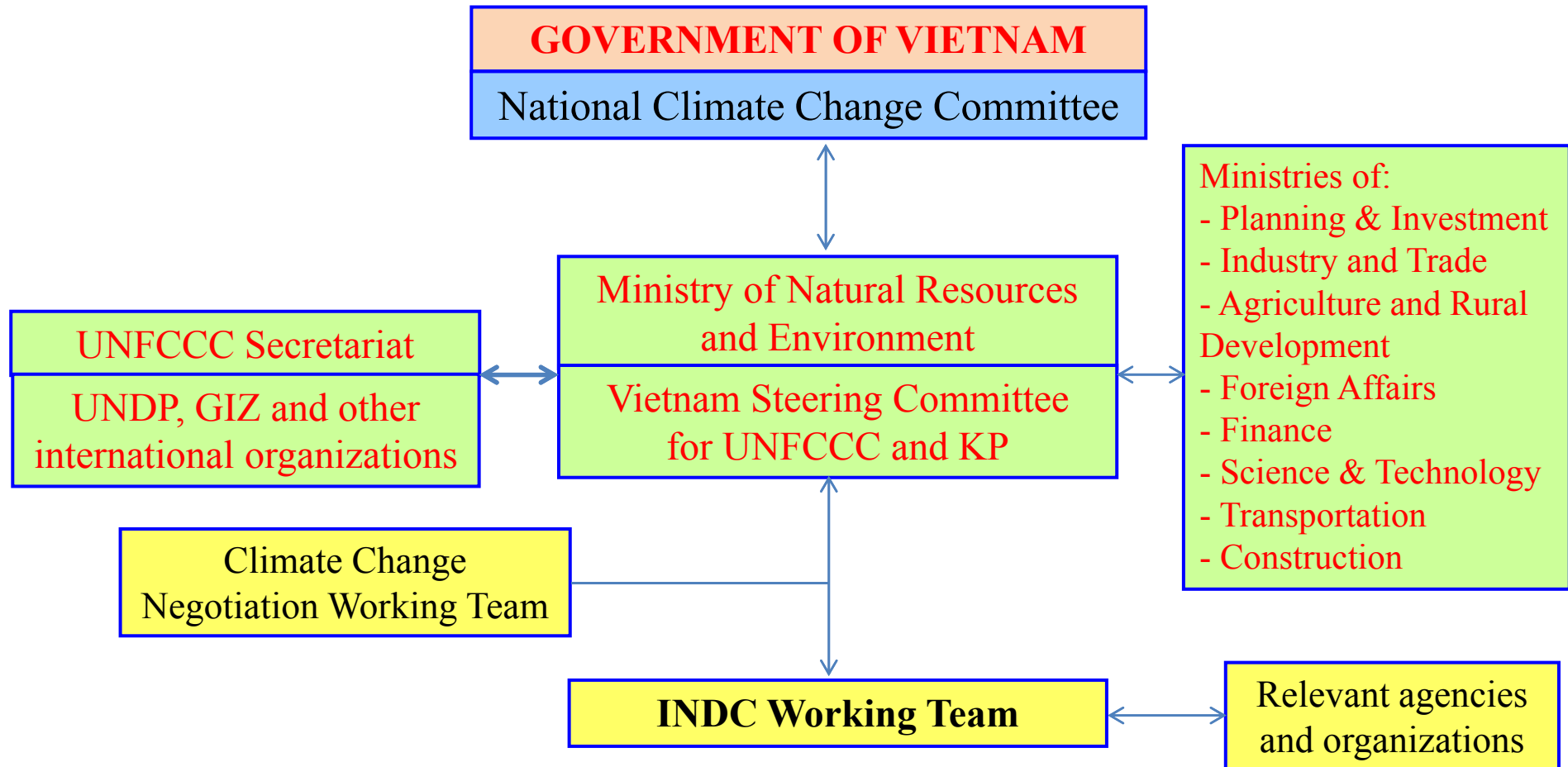
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INDC development steps

- Governance process
- Technical process
- Consultation process

Governance process

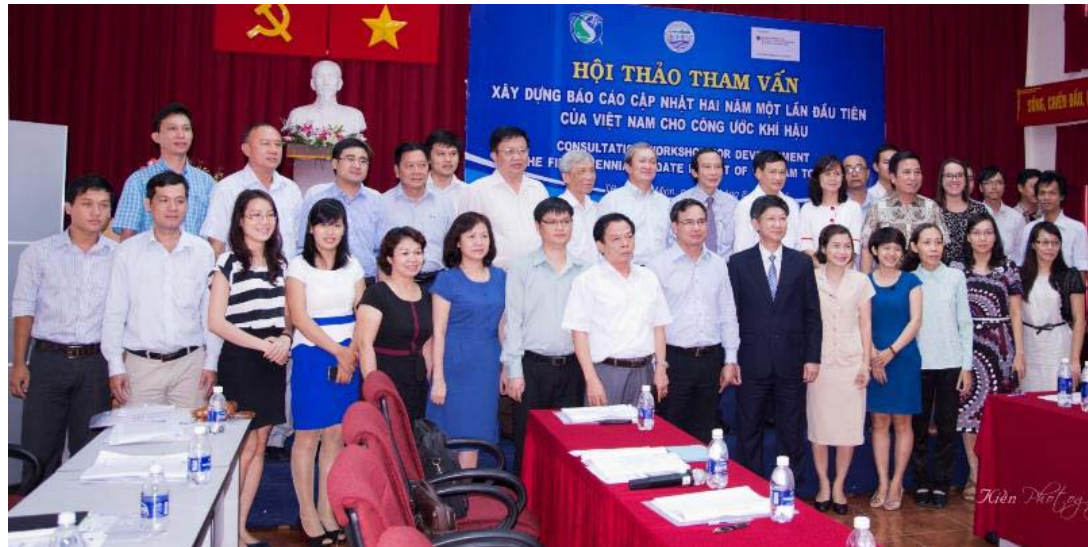


Technical process

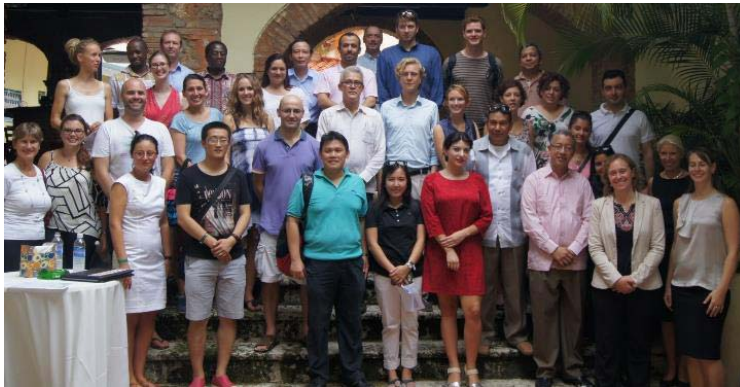
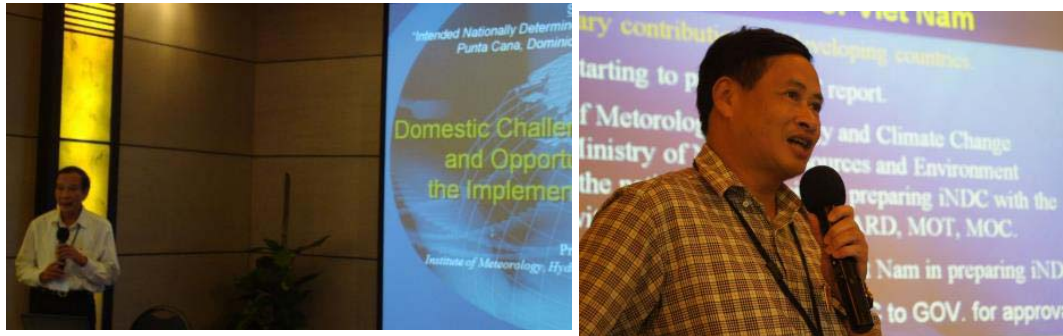
Four sets of activity:

- Identification and analysis of existing information
- Analysis and identification of prioritized mitigation actions
- Analysis and identification of prioritized adaptation actions
- Development of INDC

Consultation process



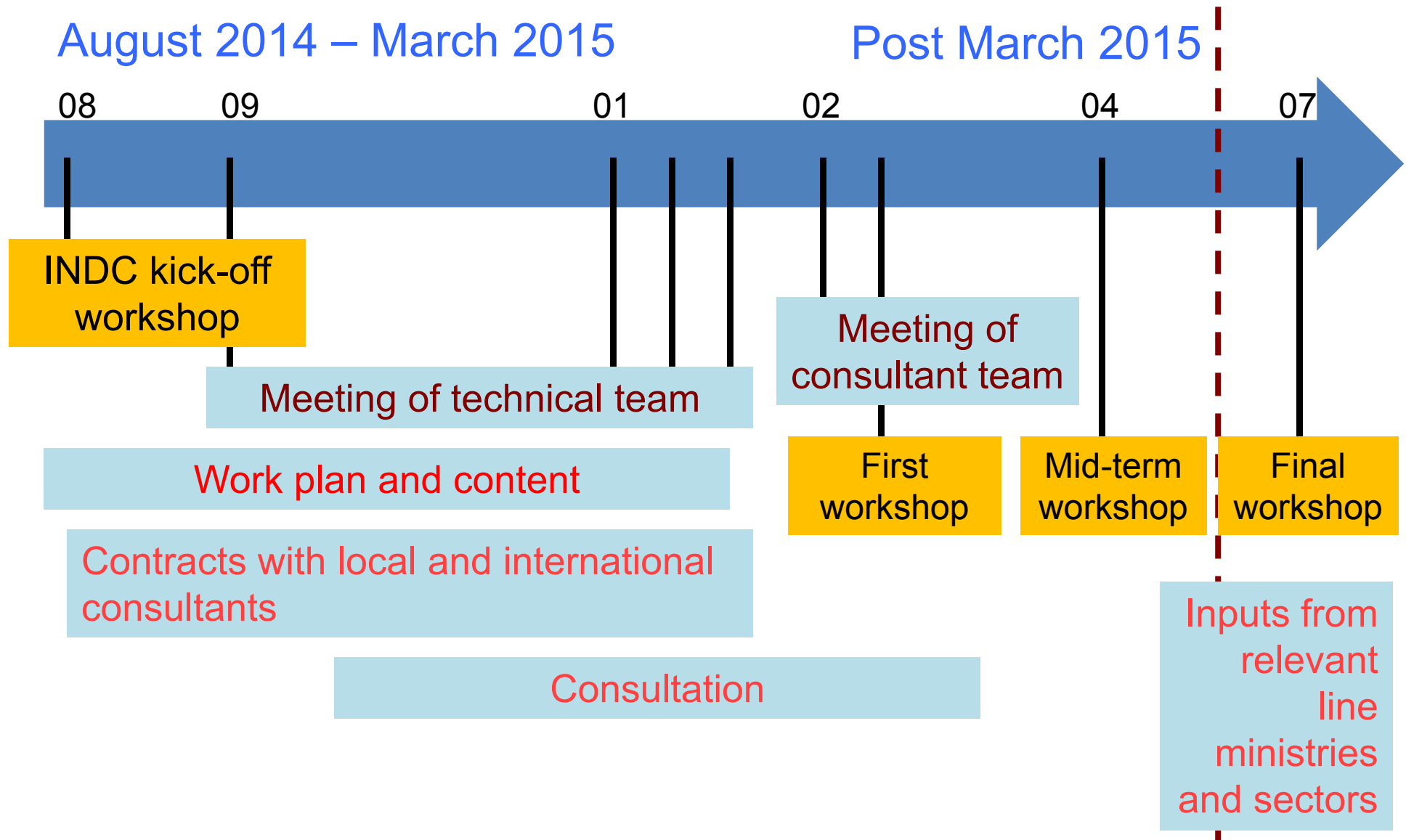
Information sharing



Meetings of the working team



Implementation timeline



Proposed structure of Vietnam's INDC

I. Part 1 – General information

- International and national context
- Rationale of Vietnam's INDC

II. Part 2 – Objectives

- General objectives
- Specific objectives

III. Part 3 – Content of INDC

- Climate change adaptation
- Climate change mitigation
- Methodologies and national MRV system

IV. Part 4 – Advantages and challenges

Viewpoints

- INDC is the official information channel to communicate Vietnam's efforts to respond to CC to the world
- INDC does not constitute an international obligation to the country. Its implementation will be based on the domestic and external resources.
- INDC report is based on the current socio-economic conditions and provides projections for the period of 2021-2030. It shall be updated based on national circumstances.

Challenges

- Lack of specific guidelines for INDC (e.g. templates)
- Time shortage, esp. for stakeholder consultation
- Lack of research on the effects of INDC targets on socio-economic development
- Bottom-up: Difficulties in national target formulation due to diversity of information from each sectors
- Top-down: Lack of criteria for allocation of targets for each sector

Challenges

- Significant investment capital is required, esp. for adaptation and energy-based options to achieve targets
- National MRV system is not yet in place. Legal basis for responsibility of line ministries and stakeholders for national GHG inventory and MRV is still missing
- Coordination mechanism across line ministries and localities, and between public and private sectors are not effective enough to develop and implement cross-sectoral and inter-disciplinary mitigation activities
- Lack of incentives for private sector to invest in RE and adaptation