

Opportunities for action under NAPs and NAPAs

ADP TEM on land use

11 June, SB 40, Bonn, Germany



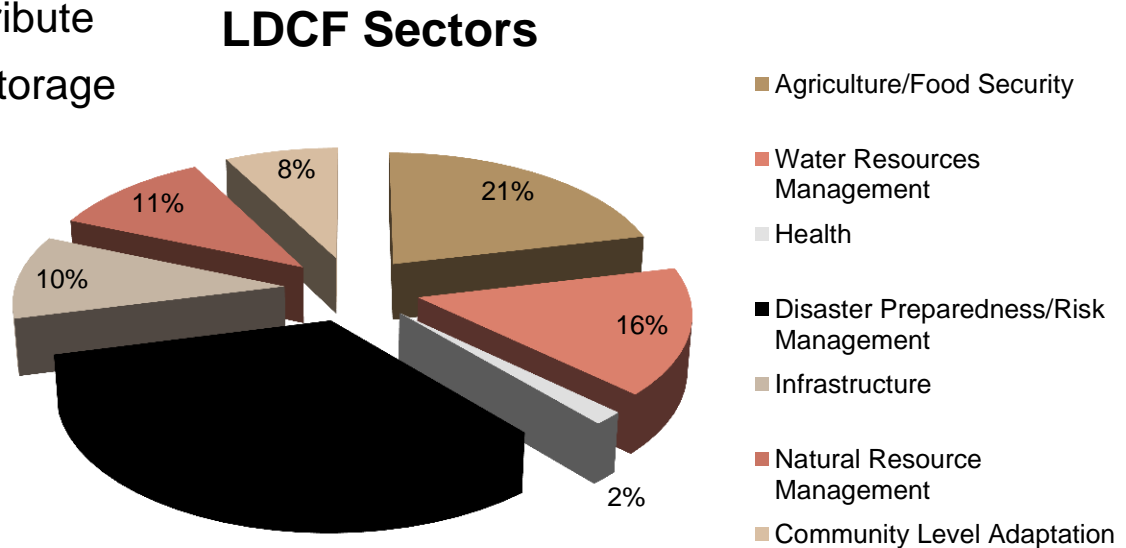
Ibila Djibril

Member, Least Developed Countries Expert Group (LEG)

Adaptation action through NAPAs and NAPs – key messages

- **LDCs have been designing and implementing concrete adaptation actions mainly through land-based activities**

- Approximately 45% of NAPA projects in forestry, agriculture, ecosystems
- All involve actions that contribute towards increased carbon storage in soil and above-ground, thus benefiting mitigation



- **As with other adaptation actions, quantifying co-benefits in reducing vulnerability in the short-term, is a challenge, although benefits towards sustainable development are easy to see and articulate**



Example of NAPA project co-benefits

Mauritania: Support to the adaptation of agricultural production systems

Component 2. Improve the resilience of livestock farming and animal production systems in oasis and semi-arid areas, through e.g.

- Promotion of climate change resilient rangeland and pasture management techniques
- Promotion of intensive production and conservation of green forage supported by an integrated livestock/cropping system

Nepal: Catalyzing Ecosystem Restoration for Resilient Natural Capital and Rural Livelihoods in Degraded Forests and Rangelands of Nepal

Component 3: Demonstration of measures that reduce vulnerability and restore natural capital

- Expected outcome: Increased resilience of local mid-hill and high mountain communities in Achham, Salyan and Dolakha districts to increased temperatures, reduced water availability and intense rainfall events through restoration of degraded forests and rangelands.



To contact the LEG

leghelp@unfccc.int

