

Elements for a draft decision on workstream 2 of the ADP

Recalling Article 2, 3 and 4 of the Convention

Recalling decisions 1/CP.17, 2/CP.18, 1/CP.19 and 1/CP.20,

Resolving to uphold and promote international cooperation, to enhance the full, effective and sustained implementation of the Convention and to mobilize stronger more ambitious climate action by all actors,

Underlining that enhanced pre-2020 ambition on mitigation, adaptation and provision of finance, technology and capacity building support to developing country Parties will lay a solid basis to enhance post-2020 ambition and that actions taken to accelerate pre-2020 ambition will have significant implication for enhanced actions in a post-2020 context,

Stressing the urgency of accelerating the implementation of climate actions to enhance pre-2020 ambition, in particular accelerating the implementation of paragraph 3 and 4 of decision 1/CP.19 and paragraph 17 and 18 of decision 1/CP.20,

Recognizing the importance and complexity of environmentally sound technologies, know how and their development and transfer in a barrier free environment to achieve the objective of the Convention.

1. *Urges* Parties to the Kyoto Protocol that has not already done so to ratify and implement the Doha Amendment to the Kyoto Protocol;

2. *Urges* each developed country Party that has not yet communicated a quantified economy-wide emission reduction target to do so no later than the first quarter of 2016;

2bis. *Calls upon* developed country Parties to enhance their pre-2020 mitigation targets by removing conditionality in 2016 and increasing the quantified emission reduction targets as a whole to at least 25% below 1990 by 2017, at least 30% below 1990 by 2018 and at least 35% below 1990 by 2019, in order to achieve the emission reduction by 40% below 1990 by 2020;

2ter. *Invites* developed country Parties with an existing mitigation commitment/pledge to initiate or intensify domestic preparations for considering opportunities for enhancing mitigation outcomes and to communicate their national intentions, policies, pathways and roadmaps on increasing mitigation targets/actions/commitments well in advance of the twenty-second session of the Conference of the Parties (by the first half of 2016 by those developed country Parties ready to do so);

2quar. *Invites* developing country Parties to consider further action on communicate and implement their NAMAs, as appropriate, in the context of sustainable development and enabled by finance, technology and capacity building support.

3. *Recognizes* the need and urgency to further enhance finance, technology and capacity-building support by developed country Parties to the efforts by developing country Parties related to pre-2020 action;

3bis. *Urges* developed country Parties to increase their level of financial commitment to USD 70 billion in 2016, 85 billion in 2018, in order to achieve the 100 billion USD per year goal by 2020, ensuring the [X percent of the] [main] source comes from public funding;

4. Requests developed country Parties, in preparing their updated biennial submissions on strategies, approaches for scaling up climate finance for the period 2016–2020, to enhance the availability of quantitative and qualitative elements of a pathway, placing greater emphasis on transparency, predictability and consistency of financial flows, in order to implement the roadmap referred to in paragraph 3bis above;

5. *Reiterates* its request to the Standing Committee on Finance to further explore how it can enhance its work on the measurement, reporting and verification of support in a transparent and objective manner, based on the best available information on the mobilization of financial resources, with agreed accounting rules and provisions thereof;

5bis. *Calls on* the operating entities of the financial mechanism, including the Green Climate Fund, to provide financial resources for the development and transfer of environmentally sound technologies from developed to developing countries to facilitate their effective use and further deployment in developing countries and to allocate additional resources for meeting the total cost of the removal of barriers in accessing such technologies.

5ter. *Decides* to adopt and implement a process for accelerating pre-2020 implementations during 2016 to 2020, including, inter alia, the following tasks:

- a. Sharing the experiences by Parties on accelerating the implementation of paragraph 3 and 4 of decision 1/CP.19 and paragraph 17 and 18 of decision 1/CP.20;

- b. Taking stock of the progress by institutional arrangements on accelerating the implementation of paragraph 3 and 4 of decision 1/CP.19 and paragraph 17 and 18 of decision 1/CP.20;
- c. Facilitating the revisit of the pre-2020 emission reduction target of each developed country Party under the Convention, and if it is also a Party to the Kyoto Protocol, its quantified emission limitation of reduction commitment for the second commitment period of the Kyoto Protocol, and evaluating the progress on achieving the emission reduction target by developed country Parties as whole to at least 40% below 1990 by 2020;
- d. Facilitating the removal by developed country Parties of any conditions associated with their respective quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets or targets under the second commitment period of the Kyoto Protocol, with a view to fully implementing decision 1/CP.19 paragraph 4(d);
- e. Assessing the adequacy of finance, technology and capacity-building support to developing countries in a holistic manner and facilitating further measures on implementation of NAMAs based on the result of such assessment;
- f. Developing recommendations on further guidance to the AC, FM and TM under the Convention to enhance their performance and delivery of their mandates;
- g. Sharing the experiences on and addressing economic diversification and addressing the negative economic and social consequences of the implementation of response measures on developing countries;
- h. Providing the inputs to the [possible post-2020 ambition arrangements as referred to in Article X of the Paris agreement] including recognizing the sustainable co-benefits of such early actions;
- i. Supporting indigenous knowledge and practices in adaptation and mitigation.

5.quar. *Decides* to conduct the accelerated implementation process as referred to above under the [COP] [IPC] [a joint SBI and SBSTA contact group]; and *further decides* to conduct an annual assessment/evaluation on the progress made under the process taking into account its report to the COP;

6. *Agrees* to continue the technical examination of opportunities with high mitigation potential, including those with adaptation, health and sustainable development co-benefits, in the period 2016–2020 with a focus on support for accelerating the implementation of policy options, through international cooperation, in accordance with nationally defined development priorities;

6bis. Ensures that the actions to be addressed in TEMs are determined through a party-driven approach that includes the means of implementation need by developing countries and the availability of support by developed countries.

6 ter. Also ensures that the agenda of the TEMs will be determined in a party-driven manner.

7. *Decides* to continue this examination under the [COP] [Intergovernmental Preparatory Committee for the entry into force of the Paris Agreement];

8. *Decides* to conduct a periodic assessment of the technical examination of opportunities with high mitigation potential and the technical examination of adaptation and the concomitant means of implementation support with the aim of continuously improving their effectiveness.

9. *Resolves* to enhance the access of, and participation by, developing country experts in the technical examination process in a representative manner;

10. *Encourages* Parties, Convention bodies, international institutions, and non-State actors to cooperate in facilitating the implementation of policy options and actions identified during the accelerated implementation process and technical examination processes;

11. *Requests* the secretariat to support and respond to these two processes by:

- a. Updating, on an annual basis, the technical paper on the mitigation benefits of actions and on initiatives and options to enhance mitigation ambition;
- a'. Preparing a technical paper to be made available no later than 30 June 2016 on the gaps, barriers, needs and further opportunities on pre-2020 adaptation action and to update this paper on an annual basis.
- a''. Preparing a technical paper to be made available no later than 30 June 2016 on the implementation gaps and further actions on pre-2020 finance, removal of barriers in accessing environmentally sound technologies and their deployment in the developing countries and capacity-building support to be provided by developed country Parties
- b. Preparing and publishing summaries for policymakers based on the technical papers as referred to in paragraphs above;

- c. Strengthening inter-convention cooperation and coordination;

12. *Acknowledging with appreciation* the results of the Lima-Paris Action Agenda building upon the climate summit convened on 23 September 2014 by the United Nations Secretary-General and the growing contribution and importance of these efforts to international cooperation to address climate change;

13. *Agrees to:*

- a. Provide in conjunction with each meeting of the Conference of the Parties an opportunity for announcing actions, voluntary initiatives, and coalitions, including by international institutions and non-State actors, and for recognizing these efforts;
- b. Provide meaningful and regular opportunities for the effective engagement of experts from Parties, relevant international organizations, civil society, indigenous peoples, women, youth, academic institutions, the private sector, and subnational authorities nominated by their respective countries;

14. *Invites* the COP President to further strengthen high-level engagement on the implementation of policy options and actions arising from the technical examination process;

15. *Decides* to launch a technical examination process on adaptation beginning in 2016 to address adaptation vulnerabilities and gaps with a view to explore bottom-up measures and approaches that may complement existing top-down ones and examine the adequacy and effectiveness of ongoing adaptation efforts, while recognizing the nationally determined characteristic of adaptation, by, inter alia:

- a. Ensuring that the process and its outputs do not undermine national development priorities.
- b. Improving the existing relationship between the TM, FM and Adaptation Committee under the Convention through annual reports of jointed enhanced action.
- c. Identifying options to enhance adaptation actions, including NAPs supported by finance, technology development and transfer and capacity building from developed countries to developing countries.
- d. Requesting the Adaptation Committee to prepare an annual report on the advance of the adaptation TEPs.
- e. Enabling adaptation finance according to the national priorities and needs of developing countries through the Adaptation Fund as the Adaptation window of the GCF in the form of grants and concessional loans.
- f. Developing linkages between the TNAs, the Adaptation TEPs, the TM and the FM of the Convention to be further developed by the Intergovernmental Preparatory Committee for the entry into force of the Paris Agreement.