Submission by Panama on behalf of the Coalition for Rainforest Nations

Workstream II

ADP 2-10 Bonn, 4 September 2015

Elements for a Draft Decision under Workstream 2 July 2015

Recalling decisions 1/CP.17, 2/CP.18, 1/CP.19 and 1/CP.20,

Resolving to uphold and promote international cooperation, to enhance the implementation of the Convention and to mobilize stronger more ambitious climate action by all actors,

Noting that enhanced pre-2020 ambition can serve to enhance post-2020 ambition and that actions taken to enhance pre-2020 ambition can have significant application in a post-2020 context,

Stressing the urgency of accelerating the implementation of climate actions to enhance pre-2020 ambition,

1. Invites each Party that has not already done so to ratify the Doha Amendment to the Kyoto Protocol and to make a pre-2020 mitigation pledge under the Cancun Agreement;

2. Invites Parties with an existing mitigation commitment/pledge to consider opportunities for enhancing mitigation outcomes as identified through the technical examination process;

3. Recognizes the need to further enhance finance, technology and capacity-building support to the efforts by developing country Parties related to pre-2020 action;

4. Reemphasizes its request to developed country Parties, in preparing their updated biennial submissions on strategies and approaches for scaling up climate finance for the period 2016–2020, to enhance the available quantitative and qualitative elements of a pathway, placing greater emphasis on transparency and predictability of financial flows;

4bis. Reemphasizes the need to scale up quick start opportunities that are cost effective and widely applicable, such as REDD+ and renewable energy;

5. Reiterates its request to the Standing Committee on Finance to further explore

how it can enhance its work on the measurement, reporting and verification of support, based on the best available information on the mobilization of various resources, including private and alternative resources, through public interventions;

6. Agrees to further enhance the technical examination of opportunities with high mitigation potential, including those with adaptation, health and sustainable development co-benefits, in the period 2016–2020 with a focus on accelerating the implementation of actions;

7. Decides to continue this examination under the [COP] [Intergovernmental Preparatory Committee for the entry into force of the Paris Agreement];

8. Resolves to improve the access of, and participation by, developing country experts in the technical examination process;

9. Encourages Parties, Convention bodies, international institutions, and non-State actors to cooperate in facilitating the implementation of policy options and actions identified during the technical examination process;

10. Requests the secretariat to support and respond to this examination by:a. Updating, on an annual basis, the technical paper on the mitigation benefits of actions and on initiatives and options to enhance mitigation ambition;b. Preparing and publishing summaries for policymakers;

c. Strengthening inter-convention cooperation and coordination;

11. Acknowledging with appreciation the results of the Lima-Paris Action Agenda building upon the climate summit convened on 23 September 2014 by the United Nations Secretary-General and the growing contribution and importance of these efforts to international cooperation to address climate change;

12. Agrees to:

a. Provide in conjunction with each meeting of the Conference of the Parties an opportunity for announcing actions, voluntary initiatives, and coalitions, including by international institutions and non-State actors, and for recognizing these efforts;
b. Provide meaningful and regular opportunities for the effective engagement of experts from Parties, relevant international organizations, civil society, indigenous peoples, women, youth, academic institutions, the private sector, and subnational authorities nominated by their respective countries;

13. Invites the COP President to further strengthen high-level engagement on the implementation of policy options and actions arising from the technical examination process;

14. Decides to conduct a technical examination of adaptation beginning in 2016,

building on the lessons learned from the technical examination of opportunities with high mitigation potential, recognizing the unique characteristics, stakeholders, and needs of cooperative action on adaptation, and also recognizing the need to build on, without duplication, existing arrangements under the Convention;

15. Decides to conduct a periodic assessment of the technical examination of opportunities with high mitigation potential and the technical examination of adaptation with the aim of continuously improving their effectiveness.