



Ecosystem based Adaptation







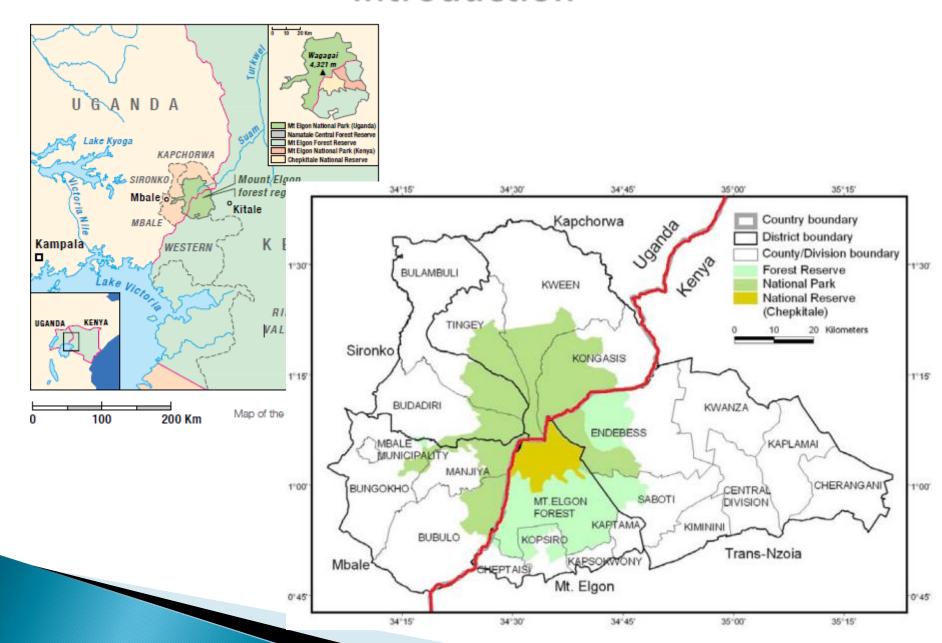


DEVELOPMENT OF VIA AND ITS APPLICATION

Dar es Salaam, 22nd March 2013

Paul Nteza - EBA National Coordinator - Uganda

Introduction



Introduction

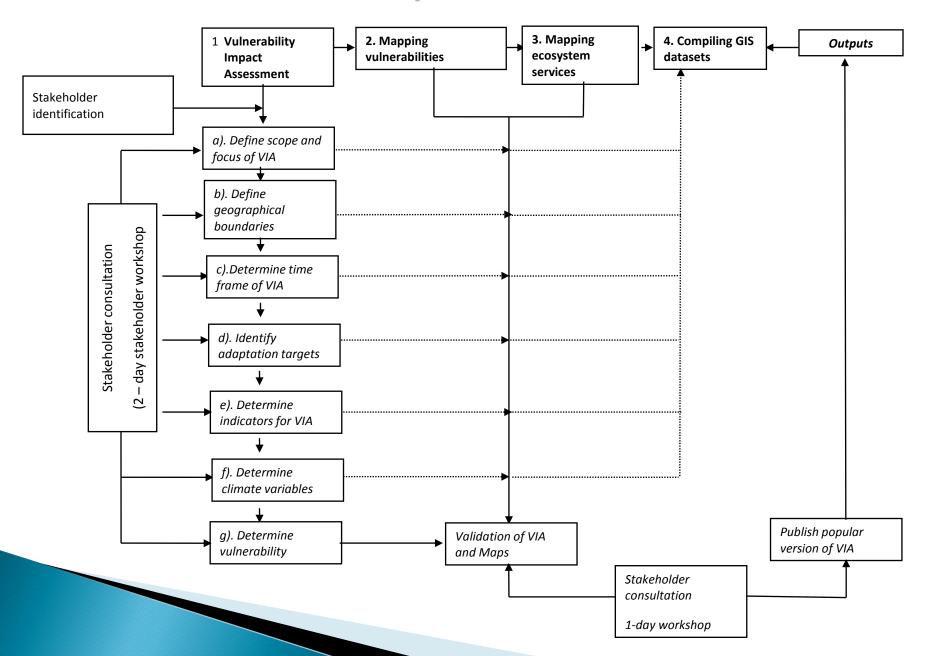
VIA for Mt Elgon (Outputs)

- 1. Conduct a VIA for Mt Elgon with a focus on the links between ecosystems and people, to enable EBA;
- 2. Produce maps of vulnerability to most relevant types of CC impacts of local communities & ecosystem services that support them in Mt Elgon region;



- 3. Produce maps of current and future ecosystem service supply for the Mt Elgon region; and
- 4. Provide GIS data sets suitable for the national and District project stakeholders to explore options for locations suitable for EBA activities.

VIA Conceptual Framework



Methods

Define scope & focus of the VIA

- Geographical boundaries, Timeframe of VIA
- Users of the results (Project, Districts, National)
- Adaptation targets (Ecosystem, Infrastructure, Sustainable Livelihoods)

2. Determine Indicators for VIA (answer Qns)

- What is the purpose of the indicator?
- Resilience of WHAT to WHAT?
- Vulnerability of WHAT to WHAT?
- Link exposure, sensitivity & adaptive capacity.

3. Determine climate variables relevant to VIA

- Secondary sources, expert opinions and stakeholder consultations
- Rainfall, Temperature, Wind, etc.

Methods

4. Determine vulnerability to climate change

- Participatory hazard mapping (link hazards to locations in the area)
- Develop vulnerability indices (scale of 0 to 1)
- Conduct risk assessment for future projections of vulnerability
- Assess ecosystem services (identify sources, current supply and trends, future supply)

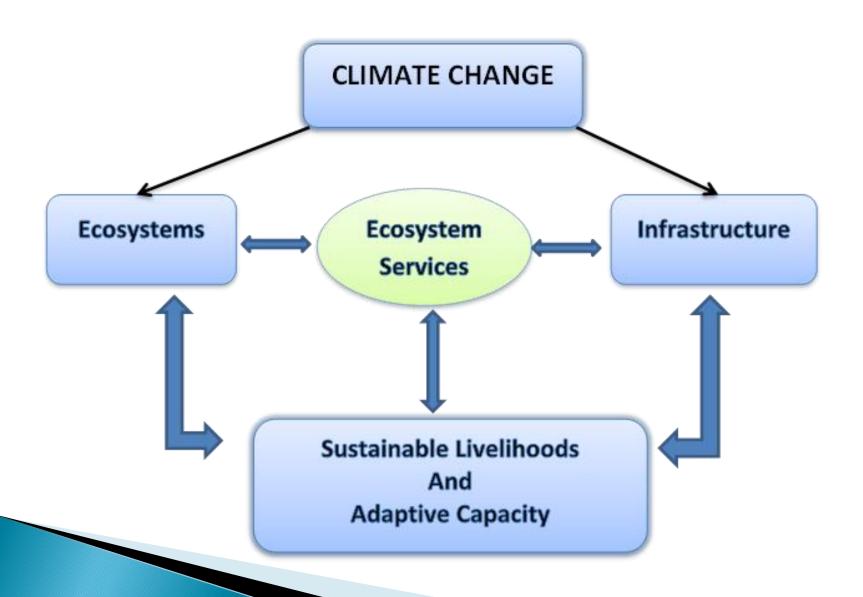
5. Map Vulnerabilities to Climate Change (the role of GIS)

- Import vulnerability indices into GIS software to develop vulnerability maps
- GPS points of sources of ecosystem services and data from secondary sources used in generating spatial representation of current and future supply of ecosystem services
- Combination (over-laying)of hazard maps and spatial representation of ecosystem services informs the selection of areas for implementation of EBA measures

Lessons learnt

- 1. Process and methodology should be iterative
- 2. VIA process is multi-disciplinary in nature
- 3. Socio-economics data and baselines of the area play a key aspect.
- 4. The science in terms of; scale of analysis, sampling techniques, model development is crucial
- 5. Key questions should be clear so as to get the right indicators.
- 6. Triangulation of methods (e.g. model projections vs expert opinion)

Summary VIA for EBA



Thank you for your Attention

www.EBAflagship.org