Sub-national/Community level

How can we overcome obstacles to adaptation related to water resources

- √ knowledge transfer (e.g. technology)
- ✓ institutional capacity and good governance
- ✓ Effective coordination between central and LGI
- ✓ Common understanding and common goal between communities and policy makers
- ✓ Bottom up approach and trust building between communities and policy making process
- ✓ Communicating information/interpretation of information
- ✓ Quality data collection, management, analysis and interpretation for community use
- ✓ IWRM approach for adaptation

 How can indigenous and traditional knowledge be most effectively leveraged for resilient water management?

- ✓ include and integrate the local knowledge/practices in water management options/plans
- ✓ Identify indigenous technology, traditional uses and customs for water conservation/management, developing adaptation strategy
- ✓ Direct involvement of communities in water management
- ✓ Integration of indigenous knowledge and scientific knowledge
- ✓ consultation with communities for water management

- How can gender perspectives be most effectively integrated in adaptation practice?
 - ✓ gender balanced participation in planning and designing
 - ✓ Involvement of women in the process of implementation
 - ✓ Empowerment of women-creating position of women in the society
 - ✓ Educating women

- How could the NWP contribute to enable effective adaptation across and between local/indigenous, national and transboundary/regional levels, including promoting further actions under the SBSTA
 - ✓ NWP as platform for knowledge sharing.
 - ✓ collection of successful cases on adaptation (science and evidence based)
 - ✓ Strengthen its profile "Library of Adaptation"