UNFCCC expert meeting on a range of approaches to address loss and damage associated with the adverse effects of climate change, including impacts related to extreme weather and slow onset events

13-15 June 2012, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

Chair: Mr. Tomasz Chruszczow, Chair of the Subsidiary Body for Implementation

Agenda

DAY 1: Wednesday, 13 June	
8:30–9:30	Registration
9:30–11:00	Opening and welcome by the Host Government, Mr. Ato Dessalegne Mesfin, Deputy Director-General,
	Environmental Protection Agency
	Session 1 – Framing the discussion on loss and damage from the African perspective
	Rapporteur – Mr. Amanuel Zenebe • Climate-related risks that are most relevant to the African context, Ms. Balgis Osman Elasha, IPCC
	 Priority areas of concerns, sectors and systems, and the types of loss and damage envisaged in the region, Mr. Tom Owiyo, UNECA-ACPC
	• Overview of a range of approaches to address loss and damage currently in practice in Africa – key findings from the background paper, Ms. Koko Warner, UNU
11:00-11:30	Coffee break
11:30–12:30	Significance of addressing loss and damage for Africa, and important elements of the work programme on loss and damage for COP18, Mr. Ladislaus Kyaruzi, United Republic of Tanzania
	Discussion on expectations and outcomes - all participants
12:30-14:00	Lunch
14:00–17:30	Session 2 – Approaches for risk reduction
(Including coffee break)	Co-facilitators – Ms. Balgis Osman Elasha / Mr. Laban Ogallo; Rapporteur – Mr. Ernest Molua
	 Early warning systems: A risk reduction strategy for local communities, Mr. Gilbert Ouma, University of Nairobi/IGAD Climate Prediction and Applications Centre
	 Flood risk reduction and management in Mozambique: National and sub-regional dimension, Mr. Ron Cadribo, UNISDR/Disaster Risk Reduction Advisor to the African Union Commission
	 Sharing current experiences on risk reduction measures – all participants. Discussion on:
	 Types of loss and damage that can be addressed through risk reduction measures;
	b. Relative cost-effectiveness of different risk reduction tools and measures;
	c. Resource requirements (e.g. budget, infrastructure, technical capacity for implementation) in order for different risk reduction strategies, measures and tools to be effectively applied in the African context at all levels and for a broad range of sectors and ecosystems;
	 d. Lessons learned from these efforts, including elements of design, limitations, challenges and best practices.
Evening	Welcome reception by the Host Government
	DAY 2: Thursday, 14 June
9:00–11:00	Session 3 – Approaches for risk retention and risk transfer
	Facilitator – Ms. Koko Warner; Rapporteur – Mr. Joseph Daron
	Introduction and goals of the session, Ms. Koko Warner
	Risk management and transfer: The Ethiopian experience, Mr. Animesh Kumar, WFP
	 An example of risk transfer measures at the micro level: Mr. Dan Osgood, International Research Institute for Climate and Society, Columbia University
	An example of risk transfer measures at the macro level: Ms. Fatima Kassam, Africa Risk Capacity
	Introduction to breakout group discussions, Ms. Koko Warner
11:00-11:15	Coffee break
11:15–13:30	Breakout group discussions. Groups divided by subregion (Western, Northern/Eastern, and Southern Africa); focusing on:
	a. What is known about the relative cost-effectiveness of different risk retention and risk transfer tools and measures?

15:30-	Networking coffee hour
	Chair's summary and closing
	 Intervention by representatives from organizations and networks on available support Key messages
14:00–15:30	 Session 6 – Summary and way forward Intervention by representatives from organizations and networks on available support
13:00–14:00	Lunch
12.00.14.00	Concluding remarks by the facilitator, Ms. Angela Kallhauge
	Summary points of the session, Ms. Emily Wilkinson, ODI Concluding remarks by the facilitator. Ms. Angele Kellbauge
	particular risks and circumstances?
	b. How can risk management approaches be tailored to national contexts?c. How can Parties and other stakeholders evaluate which tools might be most appropriate for their
	a. How can comprehensive risk management portfolios or toolkits be designed? h. How can risk management approaches be tailored to national contexts?
10:30–13:00	General discussion on the following: However, and the size of the size o
10:15–10:30	Coffee break
	General discussion on links and synergies between risk reduction and other types of approaches
	d. What are the lessons learned from existing efforts within both the public and private sectors, considering elements of design, limitations, challenges and best practices?
	c. What are the resource requirements in order for different strategies and tools to be effectively applied?
	b. What is known about the relative cost-effectiveness of different types of tools discussed?
	a. What is the full range of approaches and tools that can be used to address the risk of loss and damage at all levels and for a broad range of sectors and ecosystems?
	 Contextualizing discussion points by rapporteurs of Day 1 and 2: Mr. Amanuel Zenebe, University of Mekelle, Mr. Ernest Molua, University of Buea, Mr. Joseph Daron, University of Cape Town and Mr. Clavery Tungaraza, Sokoine University of Agriculture; focusing on:
	Mr. Laban Ogallo, IGAD-ICPAC
	Facilitator – Ms. Angela Kallhauge; Rapporteur – Ms. Emily Wilkinson • Regional perspective on post disaster loss assessments related to climate extremes in greater horn of Africa,
9:00-10:15	Session 5 – Links and synergies between approaches, and the roles of different stakeholders
	DAY 3: Friday, 15 June
	Concluding remarks by the facilitator, Mr. Murray Simpson
	• Sharing current experiences for addressing loss and damage related to slow onset events from within and outside of the region – all participants. Discussion on gaps and capacity needs, including institutional capacity, appropriate knowledge and communications strategies, in the context of addressing climate change impacts related to slow onset events at all levels and for a broad range of sectors and ecosystems.
	Perspective from a regional centre, Mr. Leuleseged Tadesse Desta, OSS Clarification of the control of the
	Findings from vulnerability assessment for coastal erosion in Senegal, Mr. Amadou Sall, CSE
	Managing loss and damage in African Drylands, Mr. Jonathan Davies, IUCN
(Including coffee break)	Facilitator – Mr. Murray Simpson; Rapporteur – Mr. Clavery Tungaraza
15:30–17:30	Session 4 – Approaches for addressing loss and damage associated with climate change impacts related to slow onset events
14:30-15:30	Reporting back from the groups and key messages from the facilitators
13:30–14:30	Lunch
	c. What are the lessons learned from these efforts, considering elements of design, limitations, challenges and best practices?
	in order for different risk retention and risk transfer strategies, measures and tools to be effectively applied in the African context (at the national and sub-regional levels)?