

Proposal by the Government of Indonesia on

possible elements of the work programme to consider approaches to address loss and damage associated with climate change impacts in developing countries

With reference to paragraph 28 of the Decision 1/CP 16 on the Outcome of the work of the Ad Hoc Working Group on long-term Cooperative Action under the Convention, Indonesia herewith submit its views on the possible elements of the work programme to consider approaches to address loss and damage associated with climate change impacts in developing countries, including impacts related to extreme weather events and slow onset events (referred as "loss and damage"), as follows:

A. Definition, scope and other related issues of the loss and damage mechanism:

- A.1. Review various possible definition of loss and damage based on the existing proposals, which will cover, inter alia, the definition of the direct and in-direct impact of climate change;
- A.2. Define the scope of the loss and damage, including its mechanism;
- A.3. Stock take relevant and potential methodologies to measure loss and damage;
- A.4. Consider relevant financial aspects with a view to develop possible instruments for loss and damage, including: potential source of fund and distribution arrangement to developing countries as well as potential insurance scheme in particular through the private sector involvement;
- A.5. Establish demonstration activities to address potential loss and damage in adaptation activities at all level;
- A.6. Consider institutional mechanism and arrangement, including its linkage to the other existing institution related to loss and damage mechanism, at national, regional and international level.

B. Loss and damage data base management:

- B.1. Consider working methods to manage data and information for loss and damage at national, regional and international level;
- B.2. Develop a mechanism to measure, record, and verify loss and damage caused by climate change

C. Capacity building activities:

Enhance capacity in developing countries, in particular the most vulnerable ones as stipulated in the convention and related COP Decisions, to address loss and damage, including financing and methodological aspects as well as transfer of technology.

Jakarta, 21 February 2011