Name:	35. ADAPTATION TO CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACTS IN THE SYUNIK MOUNTAIN FOREST ECOSYSTEMS OF ARMENIA			
Region	Asia	Country	Armenia	
Ecosystem	Forest & woodland; Mountain			
Nature of approach	Improvement in capacity, design and policy measures (identifying and/or developing adaptation approach, awareness raising, capacity building, incorporation into relevant strategies); Implementation of EBA measures (natural resource management)			
Description of approach	 Objective/Expected outcomes Based on assessments of impacts of climate change, including variability, Armenia's Syunik forest region has been identified as vulnerable, particularly to the threat of aridification. Some impacts are already being felt, with expansion of semi-desert and steppe vegetation belts and decline of the alpine vegetation belt. The goal of the project is to enhance national capacities to adapt to climate change impacts, through the incorporation of adaptation into the forest management framework, to improve climate change resilience of the forests to ensure the forest continues to deliver ecosystem services to local communities (including forest fire prevention and from forest resources). Actions The project is working with the Government of Armenia to introduce innovative technologies for forest restoration, pest management and forest fire prevention that take full account of both present and projected climate impacts. Ultimately, 75,000 hectares of forest area will benefit from restoration measures designed specifically to address degradation pressures induced by climate change, including improvement in forest management, pest control and forest fire management. 			
	helping to replace the use of pesticides the fragile forest ecosystems. The project will	e pest control approach is also being tested in a 4,000 hectare area, eplace the use of pesticides that exacerbate the vulnerability of already c ecosystems. The project will also introduce measures to minimize fire roving thinning and other management operations as well as by raising bout actions that lead to forest fires.		
	Results achieved To date, 35 hectares of forest have been rehabilitated with a mix of local tree varieties, to increase the adaptive capacity of the ecosystem. 42 community residents have found temporary seasonal employment during the forest rehabilitation pilot project. It is expected that this number will increase once the forest ecosystems are restored and the benefits of their services are realized.			
The project has also focused on education and awarer seminar on the 'Vulnerability of Mountain Forest Ecosyster Adaptation to Climate Change Impacts' for media represer with schools, and other advocacy measures including s forest fires.		Forest Ecosystems media representat	and Enhancement of ives, outreach activities	
Lessons learned				
Type of organisation Further information and contact details	Government; UN Agency	Name of organisation:	Government of Armenia; GEF, UNDP	
	http://www.gefonline.org/projectDetailsSQL.cfm?projID=3417 http://www.nature- ic.am/res/pdfs/projects/CP/Forest/Project_Overview_October_2010_eng.pdf			
	http://www.adaptationlearning.net/project/adaptation-climate-change-impacts- mountain-forest-ecosystems-armenia			
	Contact: Regional Technical Advisor, Keti Chachibaia, <u>keti.chachibaia@undp.org</u> or UNDP/GEF Project Task Leader Aram Ter-Zakaryan, <u>aramterzakaryan@gmail.com</u>			