

# Regional impacts of climate change on hydrology: a model intercomparison

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Coordinated at PIK RD II  
Climate Impacts & Vulnerabilities

## ISIMIP (The Inter-Sectoral Impact Model Intercomparison Project)

ISIMIP offers a framework for consistently projecting the impacts of climate change across affected sectors and spatial scales. An international network of climate-impact modelers contributes to a comprehensive and consistent picture of the world under different climate-change scenarios.

## Regional Water Sector team in ISIMIP

- Nine hydrological models suitable for regional-scale applications
- Eleven modelling groups
- Twelve large-scale river basins modelled

## Goals

- To analyze and compare performance of regional hydrological models under current climate conditions;
- To analyze and better understand sensitivity of simulated river discharge to climate variability under current climate conditions;
- To compare simulated climate change impacts on water resources, flow regime including high and low flows, for the long-term average seasonal dynamics driven by 5 bias-corrected GCMs (data prepared by ISIMIP); and
- To quantify sources of uncertainty in a multi-model study: from RCP scenarios, driving GCMs and applied HMs.

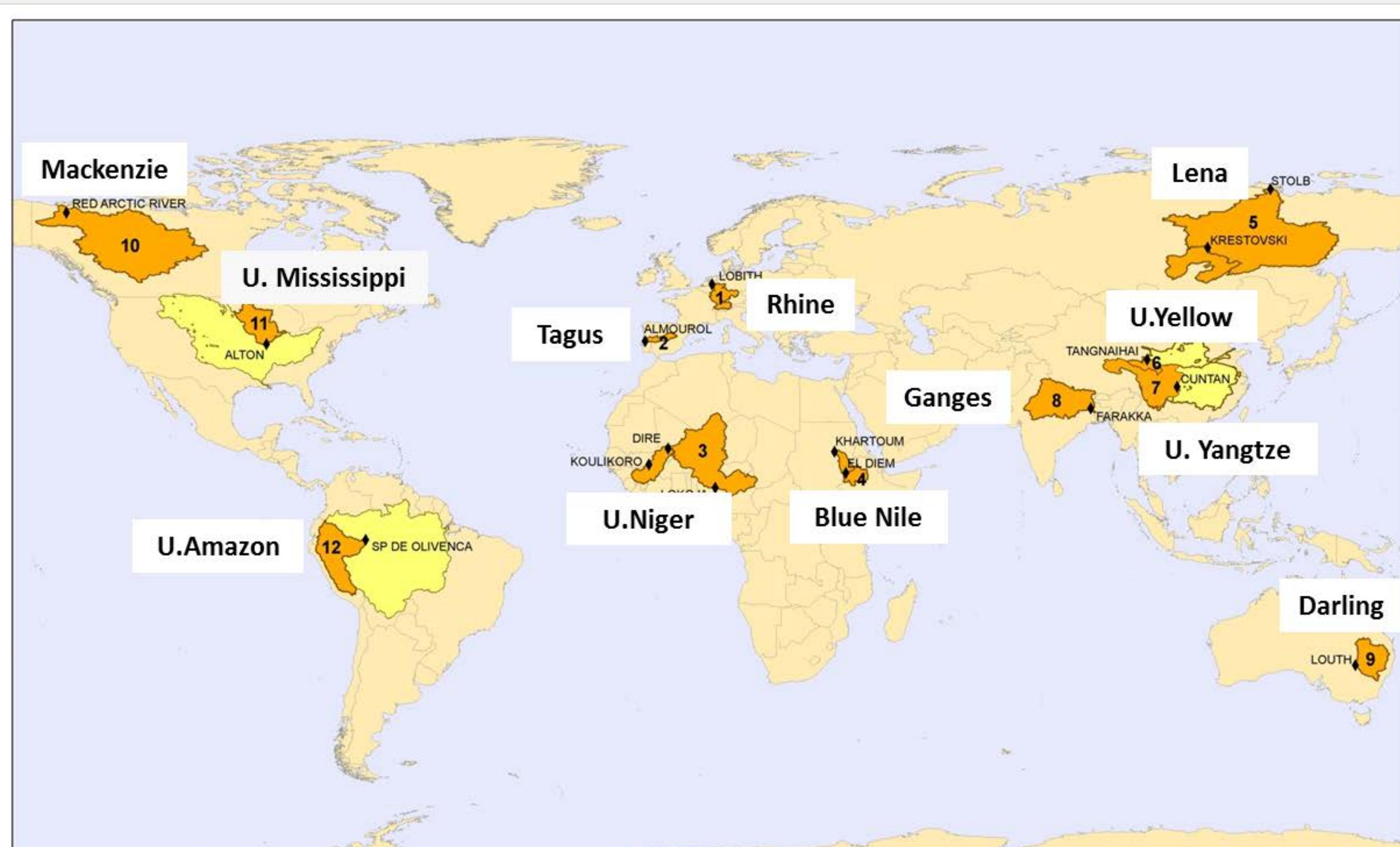


Figure 1 The twelve river basins investigated in the regional hydrological model intercomparison have been selected in such a way that they cover important climate zones.

Basins	Rhine	Tagus	Niger	Blue Nile	Ganges	Yellow	Yangtze	Lena	Darling	Mackenzie	Mississippi	Amazon
VIC	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
SWIM	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
WaterGAP3	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
mHM	X			X	X	X	X		X		X	X
HYMOD	X+X			X	X		X+X	X		X	X+X	X
HBV	X+X	X		X	X	X	X				X	X
SWAT			X				X		X		X	X
HYPE	X	X	X			X		X		X		
ECONAG								X		X		
Applications	9	5	4	7	5	6	8	6	4	5	4	2

Table 1 The regional hydrological models applied in the respective river basins. Two x indicate where different modeling groups applied the same model but with different parametrization.

## Selected results 1: Changes in long-term daily discharge

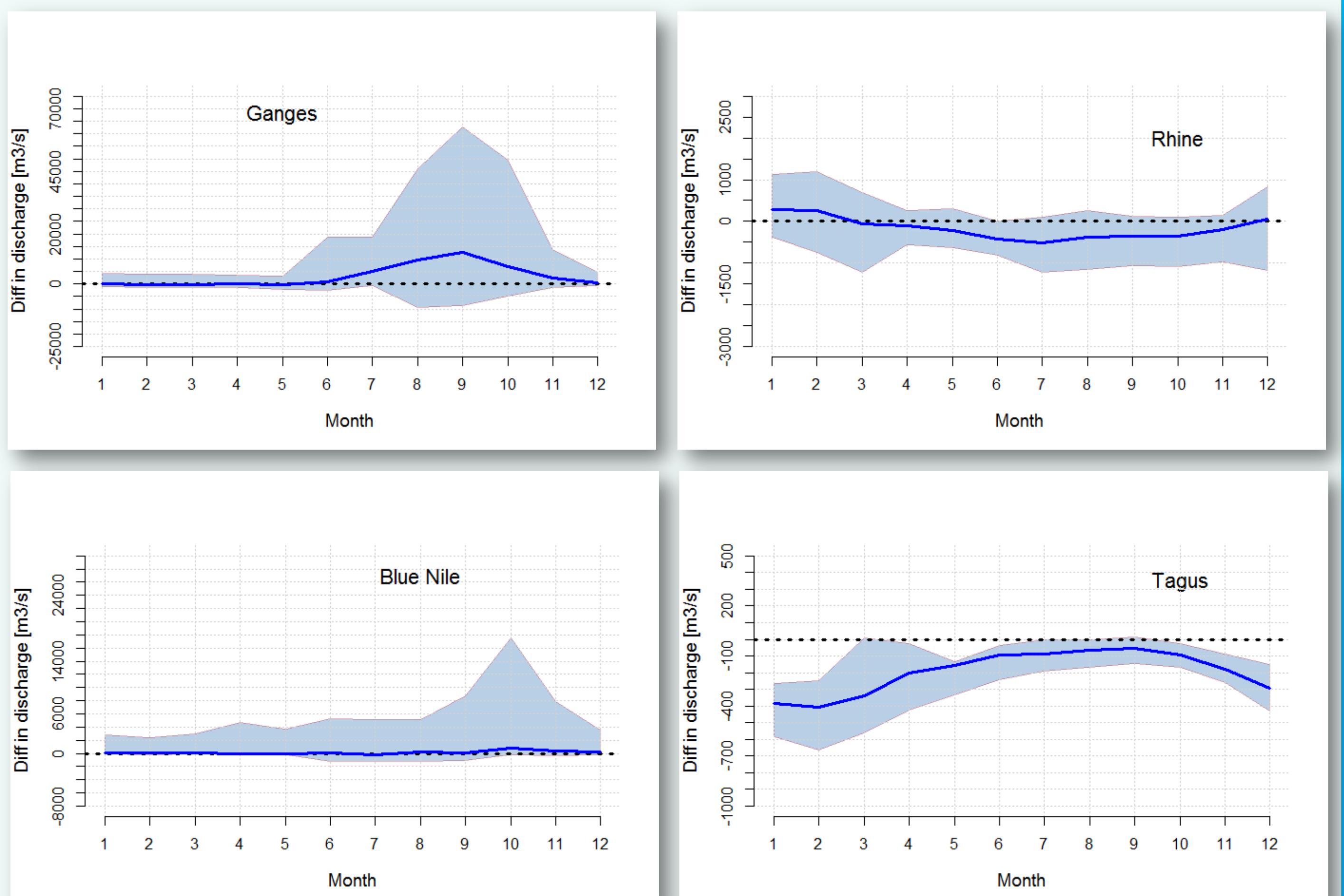


Figure 2 Climate change impacts on the long-term average monthly discharge modelled by the regional HMs (scenario RCP8.5) for the period 2071-2099 compared to the reference period 1971-2000).

## Selected results 2: Sources of uncertainty in regional hydrological impacts using Analysis of Variances (ANOVA)

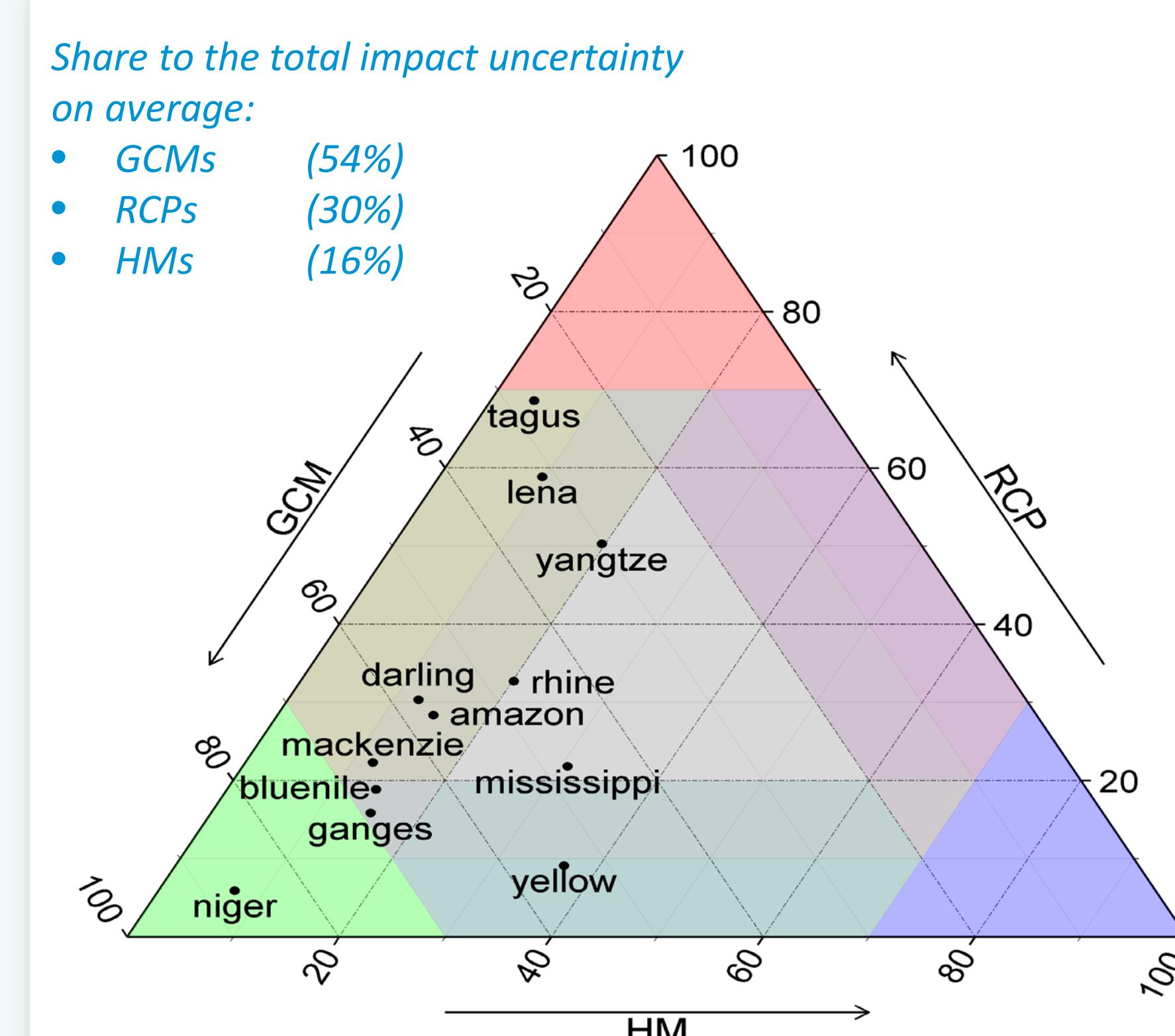


Figure 3 The total impact uncertainty decomposed into the main sources (5 Global Climate Models GCM, 4 Representative Concentration Pathways RCPs and 9 hydrological models HMs). In the Niger, for example, almost all of the uncertainty is because of differences in GCM input (Vetter et al. 2016).

## Articles related to the regional hydrological model intercomparison

- Eisner S et al. (2016) An ensemble analysis of climate change impacts on streamflow seasonality across 11 large river basins. *Clim Change*. doi:[10.1007/s10584-016-1844-5](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10584-016-1844-5)  
 Gelfan A et al (2016) Climate change impact on the water regime of two great arctic rivers: modeling and uncertainty issues. *Clim Change*. doi:[10.1007/s10584-016-1710-5](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10584-016-1710-5)  
 Gosling S et al (2016) A comparison of changes in river runoff from multiple global and catchment-scale hydrological models under global warming scenarios of 1°, 2° C and 3° C. *Clim Change*. doi:[10.1007/s10584-016-1773-3](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10584-016-1773-3)  
 Hattermann F. et al. (2016) Cross-scale intercomparison of climate change impacts simulated by regional and global hydrological models in eleven large river basins. *Clim Change*. doi:[10.1007/s10584-016-1829-4](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10584-016-1829-4)  
 Huang S et al (2016) Evaluation of an ensemble of regional hydrological models in 12 large-scale river basins worldwide. *Clim Change*. doi:[10.1007/s10584-016-1841-8](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10584-016-1841-8)  
 Mishra V et al (2016) Multimodel assessment of sensitivity and uncertainty of evapotranspiration and a proxy for available water resources under climate change. *Clim Chang* (in press)  
 Pechlivanidis I et al (2016) Analysis of hydrological extremes at different hydro-climatic regimes under present and future conditions. *Clim Change*. doi:[10.1007/s10584-016-1723-0](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10584-016-1723-0)  
 Samaniego L et al (2016) Propagation of forcing and model uncertainties on to hydrological drought characteristics in a multi-model century-long experiment in large river basins. *Clim Change*. doi:[10.1007/s10584-016-1778-y](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10584-016-1778-y)  
 Strauch M et al (2016) Adjustment of global precipitation data for enhanced hydrologic modelling of tropical Andean watersheds. *Clim Change*. doi:[10.1007/s10584-016-1706-1](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10584-016-1706-1)  
 Su B et al (2016) Impacts of climate change on streamflow in the upper Yangtze River basin. *Clim Change*. doi:[10.1007/s10584-016-1852-5](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10584-016-1852-5)  
 Teklesadik AD et al (2016) Intercomparison of hydrological impacts of climate change on the Upper Blue Nile basin using ensemble of hydrological models and global climate models. *Clim Chang* (in press)  
 Vetter T et al (2016) Evaluation of sources of uncertainty in projected hydrological changes under climate change in 12 large-scale river basins. *Clim Change*. doi:[10.1007/s10584-016-1794-y](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10584-016-1794-y)  
 Wang X et al (2016) Analysis of multi-dimensional hydrological alterations under climate change for four major river basins in different climate zones. *Clim Change*. doi:[10.1007/s10584-016-1843-6](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10584-016-1843-6)