

COP 26 and CMA 3 decisions, and SB 52-55 conclusions relevant to the work of the TEC

Body	Decision / Conclusion	Title	Para	Mandate	Area	Tags	Mandate for TEC	Link to AUV decision		
COP	1/CP.26	Glasgow Climate Pact	6	Emphasizes the urgency of scaling up action and support, including finance, capacitybuilding and technology transfer, to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change in line with the best available science, taking into account the priorities and needs of developing country Parties	Adaptation	Adaptation, technology transfer		https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cop26_auv_2f_cove_r_decision.pdf		
			11	Urges developed country Parties to urgently and significantly scale up their provision of climate finance, technology transfer and capacity-building for adaptation so as to respond to the needs of developing country Parties as part of a global effort, including for the formulation and implementation of national adaptation plans	Adaptation	Finance, technology transfer				
			20	Calls upon Parties to accelerate the development, deployment and dissemination of technologies, and the adoption of policies, to transition towards low-emission energy systems, including by rapidly scaling up the deployment of clean power generation and energy efficiency measures, including accelerating efforts towards the phasedown of unabated coal power and phase-out of inefficient fossil fuel subsidies, while providing targeted support to the poorest and most vulnerable in line with national circumstances and recognizing the need for support towards a just transition	Mitigation	Technology development and transfer, clean power, energy efficiency, coal, fossil fuel subsidy				
			22	Urges developed country Parties to provide enhanced support, including through financial resources, technology Mol transfer and capacity-building, to assist developing country Parties with respect to both mitigation and adaptation, in continuation of their existing obligations under the Convention, and encourages other Parties to provide or continue to provide such support voluntarily		Support, technology transfer				
			35	Welcomes the joint annual reports of the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network for 2020 and 2021 and invites the two bodies to strengthen their collaboration	Technology	TEC, CTCN, collaboration	Yes			
			36	Emphasizes the importance of strengthening cooperative action on technology development and transfer for the implementation of mitigation and adaptation action, including accelerating, encouraging and enabling innovation, and the importance of predictable, sustainable and adequate funding from diverse sources for the Technology Mechanism	Technology	Technology Mechanism, cooperative action				
			39	Reiterates the urgency of scaling up action and support, as appropriate, including finance, technology transfer and capacity-building, for implementing approaches to averting, minimizing and addressing loss and damage associated with the adverse effects of climate change in developing country Parties that are particularly vulnerable to these effects	Loss and damage	Action, support, technology transfer				
			52	Recognizes the need to ensure just transitions that promote sustainable development and eradication of poverty, and the creation of decent work and quality jobs, including through making financial flows consistent with a pathway towards low greenhouse gas emission and climate-resilient development, including through deployment and transfer of technology, and provision of support to developing country Parties	Implementation	Just transition, technology deployment and transfer				
COP	3/CP.26	National adaptation plans	5	Requests the constituted bodies and programmes under the Convention to continue to provide information on their activities relevant to the process to formulate and implement national adaptation plans as part of the annual progress report on national adaptation plans.	NAPs	NAP, reporting	yes	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cop26_auv_3b_NA_Ps.pdf		
			COP	4/CP.26	Long-term climate finance	22	Reiterates that the secretariat, in collaboration with the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism, United Nations agencies and bilateral, regional and other multilateral channels, will continue to explore ways and means to assist developing country Parties in assessing their needs and priorities in a country-driven manner, including their technological and capacity-building needs, and in translating climate finance needs into action	Finance	Technology needs	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cop26_auv_8a_LTF.pdf
						5/CP.26	Matters relating to the Standing Committee on Finance	Annex II, 71k	Invite UNFCCC constituted bodies , in particular the Paris Committee on Capacity-building and the Adaptation Committee, to consider the insights identified in the first NDR when implementing their respective workplans	Finance
COP	6/CP.26	Report of the Green Climate Fund to the Conference of the Parties and guidance to the Green Climate Fund	3f	Further welcomes the progress of the Green Climate Fund in 2020–2021, including in relation to guidance provided by the Conference of the Parties: (f) The continued collaboration between the Green Climate Fund, the Climate Technology Centre and Network and the Technology Executive Committee	Green Climate Fund	GCF, TEC, CTCN, collaboration		https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/CP26_auv_8b_GCF_1.pdf		

			5	Encourages further collaboration and engagement between the Green Climate Fund, the Climate Technology Centre and Network and the Technology Executive Committee , through continued joint work, as well as collaboration on events, and taking into consideration elements related to gender mainstreaming and observer engagement	Green Climate Fund	GCF, TEC, CTCN, collaboration, joint work, events	Yes	
COP	7/CP.26	Report of the Global Environment Facility to the Conference of the Parties and guidance to the Global Environment Facility	8	Welcomes with appreciation the contributions made by developed country Parties to the Least Developed Countries Fund, amounting to USD 605.3 million, and encourages additional voluntary financial contributions to the Fund and the Special Climate Change Fund to support adaptation and technology transfer	Global Environment Facility	Financial contributions, LDC, technology transfer		https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cop26_auv_8d_GEF.pdf
			16	Urges the Global Environment Facility to enhance its support for projects that engage with stakeholders at the local level, and to continue to provide funding for projects related to technology training and scale up South-South cooperation and triangular cooperation with the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network	Global Environment Facility	Technology training, South-South cooperation, triangular cooperation, TEC, CTCN	Yes	
COP	9/CP.26	Enhancing climate technology development and transfer through the Technology Mechanism	2	Welcomes the continuing collaboration of the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network and invites them to strengthen their collaboration and the provision of feedback between them with a view to ensuring coherence and synergy and effective implementation of the mandates of the Technology Mechanism, inter alia by exploring the preparation of a joint programme	Technology	TEC, CTCN, collaboration	Yes	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cop26_auv_9a_TEC_CTCN.pdf
			3	Welcomes the collaboration between the Technology Mechanism and the Financial Mechanism and encourages the continuation of this collaboration	Technology	TM, FM, collaboration	Yes	
			12	Also welcomes the successful organization of the Technology Day events in 2020 and 2021 to promote innovative approaches on adaptation technologies related to climate-smart agriculture and ocean and coastal adaptation and encourages the Technology Executive Committee to continue using such events to strengthen the impacts of its work and to reach target audiences	Technology	TEC, adaptation, technology day, event	Yes	
			13	Commends the Technology Executive Committee on its efforts to mainstream gender considerations in its work, including through a structured approach that strives to ensure that gender focal points play an active role and gender balance is achieved with regard to the speakers at all its events in 2021, and looks forward to its continuing efforts on this matter	Technology	TEC, gender	Yes	
			14	Encourages the Technology Executive Committee to further increase its activities on outreach and stakeholder engagement to disseminate its policy and publications, especially to target audiences	Technology	TEC, outreach, stakeholder engagement	Yes	
COP	11/CP.26	Second review of the Climate Technology Centre and Network	14	Invites the Climate Technology Centre and Network and the Technology Executive Committee to explore ways to strengthen their collaboration and thereby enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of the Technology Mechanism	Technology	TEC, CTCN, collaboration	Yes	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cop26_auv_9d_CTCN_review.pdf
			22	Decides to align the periodicity of the independent review of the effective implementation of the Climate Technology Centre and Network with the periodic assessment of the effectiveness and adequacy of the support provided to the Technology Mechanism in supporting the implementation of the Paris Agreement on matters relating to technology development and transfer ⁷ by changing the periodicity of the independent review from four to five years until the Conference of the Parties reviews the functions of the Climate Technology Centre and Network at its thirty-first session (2026) and decides whether to extend its term	Technology	CTCN, TM, assessment, alignment		
			23	Requests the Subsidiary Body for Implementation to start considering, at its sixtysecond session (2025), matters relating to the alignment between processes pertaining to the independent review of the Climate Technology Centre and Network and the periodic assessment of the Technology Mechanism with a view to recommending a draft decision on this matter for consideration and adoption by the Conference of the Parties at its thirty-first session	Technology	CTCN, TM, assessment, alignment		
COP	12/CP.26	Annual technical progress reports of the Paris Committee on Capacity-building for 2020 and 2021	2	Invites Parties, as appropriate, the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism, the constituted bodies under the Convention, United Nations organizations, observers and other stakeholders to consider the recommendations referred to in paragraph 1 above and to take any necessary action, as appropriate and in accordance with their mandates	PCCB	Recommendations	yes	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cop26_auv_10_PCCB_report.pdf
COP	15/CP.26	Extension of the mandate of the Least Developed Countries Expert Group	11	Requests the Group to continue to support the least developed countries in understanding the modalities for and ways of accessing relevant sources of financing, capacity-building and technology transfer for adaptation in accordance with the Group's mandate	LEG	LDC, technology transfer, adaptation		https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cop26_auv_11_LDC_s.pdf
COP	16/CP.26	Local Communities and Indigenous Peoples Platform	2	Invites relevant bodies under the Convention to take into account the recommendations of the Facilitative Working Group to the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice on the engagement and input of indigenous peoples and local communities across the UNFCCC process	LCIPP	Indigenous people, local communities, engagement, recommendations, FCCC/SBSTA/2021/1, annex V	Yes	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cop26_auv_3a_LCIPP_0.pdf
COP	18/CP.26	Glasgow work programme on Action for Climate Empowerment	11b	Also requests the Subsidiary Body for Implementation to: (b) Hold an annual in-session Action for Climate Empowerment dialogue at its first regular session of each year with the participation of Parties, representatives of relevant constituted bodies , and relevant experts, practitioners and stakeholders that focuses on the progress of implementation of the Glasgow work programme and on its four priority areas: policy coherence; coordinated action; tools and support; and monitoring, evaluation and reporting	ACE	In-session dialogue, constituted bodies		https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cop26_auv_3b_Glasgow_WP.pdf

			Annex, 6a-	Recognizing that activities related to ACE are also carried out under workstreams that are part of the UNFCCC process, as well as under frameworks and processes of the United Nations system and in multiple sectors and strategies at the national level, the priority area of policy coherence has the aim of strengthening coordination of work under ACE. Efficient and effective ACE implementation can be enabled by undertaking the following at the international level: (a) Inviting all constituted bodies under the Convention and Paris Agreement to include in their regular reports information on how ACE is implemented under their respective workstreams (b) Inviting the Presidencies, with the support of the secretariat, to convene an in-session event, to be held at each session of the COP and CMA, focused on a thematic area relevant to the Convention and the Paris Agreement to promote coherence and strengthen coordination of work on ACE undertaken by constituted bodies and other United Nations entities and under other United Nations processes	ACE		ACE implementation, reporting, in-session event	
			Annex, 13c	Parties are also encouraged to establish partnerships with other Parties, as well as with intergovernmental organizations, NGOs and other stakeholders, to facilitate implementation of ACE activities, including with a view to developing institutional and technical capacity to: (c) Consider linkages between ACE activities, implementation of policies and measures to mitigate and adapt to climate change, and other means of implementation under the Convention and the Paris Agreement, such as technology transfer and capacity-building	ACE		Linkages, technology transfer	
COP	19/CP.26	Matters relating to the forum on the impact of the implementation of response measures	Annex I, 3	Encourage Parties to strengthen international and regional cooperation as it contributes towards planning and implementation of mitigation policies with environmental and socioeconomic benefits, for example to help facilitate technology development and transfer in accordance with Article 10 of the Paris Agreement, and strive towards harmonized regional approaches.	Loss and damage		International cooperation, regional cooperation, technology development and transfer	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cop26_auv_RM.pdf
COP	20/CP.26	Gender and climate change	8	Encourages Parties and constituted bodies under the Convention to consider the case studies referred to in paragraph 6 above and promote the full, meaningful and equal participation of women in the UNFCCC process	Gender		Equal participation, women, FCCC/CP/2021/4	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cop26_auv_13%20gender_and_climate_change.pdf
			10	Takes note of the report on progress of constituted bodies in integrating gender considerations into their respective workstreams and of their efforts to institutionalize such integration in their work and encourages constituted bodies to continue to strengthen their efforts in this area and promote coordination and coherence in the context of this work, taking into consideration the recommendations contained in the report	Gender		Gender mainstreaming	Yes
CMA	1/CMA.3	Glasgow Climate Pact	7	Emphasizes the urgency of scaling up action and support, including finance, capacity building and technology transfer, to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change in line with the best available science, taking into account the priorities and needs of developing country Parties	Adaptation		Adaptation, technology transfer	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cma3_auv_2_cover%20decision.pdf
			15	Urges developed country Parties to urgently and significantly scale up their provision of climate finance, technology transfer and capacity-building for adaptation so as to respond to the needs of developing country Parties as part of a global effort, including for the formulation and implementation of national adaptation plans	Adaptation		Finance, technology transfer	
			36	Calls upon Parties to accelerate the development, deployment and dissemination of technologies, and the adoption of policies, to transition towards low-emission energy systems, including by rapidly scaling up the deployment of clean power generation and energy efficiency measures, including accelerating efforts towards the phasedown of unabated coal power and phase-out of inefficient fossil fuel subsidies, while providing targeted support to the poorest and most vulnerable in line with national circumstances and recognizing the need for support towards a just transition	Mitigation		Technology development and transfer, clean power, energy efficiency, coal, fossil fuel subsidy	
			40	Urges developed country Parties to provide enhanced support, including through financial resources, technology transfer and capacity-building, to assist developing country Parties with respect to both mitigation and adaptation, in continuation of their existing obligations under the Convention, and encourages other Parties to provide or continue to provide such support voluntarily	Mol		Support, technology transfer	
			59	Also welcomes the joint annual reports of the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network for 2020 and 2021 and invites the two bodies to strengthen their collaboration	Technology		TEC, CTCN, collaboration	Yes
			60	Emphasizes the importance of strengthening cooperative action on technology development and transfer for the implementation of mitigation and adaptation action, including accelerating, encouraging and enabling innovation, and the importance of predictable, sustainable and adequate funding from diverse sources for the Technology Mechanism	Technology		Technology Mechanism, cooperative action	
			63	Reiterates the urgency of scaling up action and support, as appropriate, including finance, technology transfer and capacity-building, for implementing approaches to averting, minimizing and addressing loss and damage associated with the adverse effects of climate change in developing country Parties that are particularly vulnerable to these effects	Loss and damage		Action, support, technology transfer	

			85	Also recognizes the need to ensure just transitions that promote sustainable development and eradication of poverty, and the creation of decent work and quality jobs, including through making financial flows consistent with a pathway towards low greenhouse gas emission and climate-resilient development, including through deployment and transfer of technology, and provision of support to developing country Parties	Implementation		Just transition, technology deployment and transfer	
			87	Recognizes the importance of international collaboration on innovative climate action, including technological advancement, across all actors of society, sectors and regions, in contributing to progress towards the objective of the Convention and the goals of the Paris Agreement	Collaboration		International collaboration	
CMA	5/CMA.3	Guidance operationalizing the modalities, procedures and guidelines for the enhanced transparency framework referred to in Article 13 of the Paris Agreement	1c	Adopts the common tabular formats referred to in chapters V–VI of the annex to decision 18/CMA.1 for the electronic reporting of the information on financial, technology development and transfer and capacity-building support provided and mobilized, as well as support needed and received, under Articles 9–11 of the Paris Agreement, as contained in annex III	ETF		Tabular formats, technology development and transfer	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cma3_auv_5_transparency_0.pdf
CMA	9/CMA.3	New collective quantified goal on climate finance	4	Requests the co-chairs of the ad hoc work programme to maintain regular consultations with the constituted bodies , in particular the Standing Committee on Finance, as well as United Nations agencies, climate finance experts, academia, private sector and civil society actors with a view to informing the work programme	Finance		Ad-hoc work programme, climate finance, collective goal	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cma3_auv_8e_collective_goal_new.pdf
			17	Invites Parties, constituted bodies under the Convention and the Paris Agreement, the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism, climate finance institutions, observers and observer organizations, and other stakeholders, particularly from the private sector, to submit their views on the objective in line with paragraph 15 above and on the elements referred to in paragraph 16 above via the submission portal ¹ by February and August 2022	Finance		Views	Yes
			19a	Agrees that the deliberations shall be informed by and take into consideration, inter alia: (a) Inputs from Parties, constituted bodies , including their relevant outputs, in particular the biennial assessment of overview of climate finance flows and the report on the determination of the needs of developing country Parties related to implementing the Convention and the Paris Agreement of the Standing Committee on Finance, international organizations and observers, as well as inputs received through relevant processes under the Paris Agreement, including on experience gained in implementing the Convention and the Paris Agreement	Finance		Inputs	
CMA	7/CMA.3	Glasgow–Sharm el-Sheikh work programme on the global goal on adaptation	5	Invites the subsidiary bodies to carry out the work programme with contributions from the current and incoming Presidencies of the Conference of the Parties, the Adaptation Committee, Working Group II of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, as appropriate, and other relevant constituted bodies and expert	Adaptation		Work programme	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cma3_auv_4ac_Global_Goal.pdf
			11	Agrees that the work programme should be carried out in an inclusive manner with the involvement of Parties, on the basis of equitable geographical representation, as well as observers, relevant constituted bodies under the Convention and the Paris Agreement, organizations, experts and practitioners, as appropriate	Adaptation		Work programme	
CMA	15/CMA.3	Enhancing climate technology development and transfer to support implementation of the Paris Agreement	2	Welcomes the continuing collaboration of the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network and invites them to strengthen their collaboration and the provision of feedback between them with a view to ensuring coherence and synergy and effective implementation of the mandates of the Technology Mechanism, inter alia, by exploring the preparation of a joint programme	Technology		TEC, CTCN, collaboration, joint programme	yes
			6	Also invites the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network to: (a) Continue their work on technology and nationally determined contributions in 2022–2023, in particular by implementing relevant recommendations in the joint publication referred to in paragraph 4 above; (b) Enhance their efforts to ensure full and effective implementation of the technology framework through their respective workplan and programme of work;	Technology		TEC, CTCN, collaboration, NDC	yes
			10	Also welcomes the successful organization of the Technology Day events in 2020 and 2021 to promote innovative approaches on adaptation technologies related to climate-smart agriculture and ocean and coastal adaptation and encourages the Technology Executive Committee to continue using such events to strengthen the impacts of its work and to reach target audiences	Technology		TEC, adaptation, technology day, event	Yes
			11	Commends the Technology Executive Committee on its efforts to mainstream gender considerations in its work, including through a structured approach that strives to ensure that gender focal points play an active role and gender balance is achieved with regard to the speakers at all its events in 2021, and looks forward to its continuing efforts on this matter	Technology		TEC, gender	Yes
			12	Encourages the Technology Executive Committee to further increase its activities on outreach and stakeholder engagement to disseminate its policy and publications, especially to target audiences	Technology		TEC, outreach, stakeholder engagement	Yes
CMA	18/CMA.3	Annual technical progress reports of the Paris Committee on Capacity-building for 2020 and 2021	2	Invites Parties, as appropriate, the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism, the constituted bodies under the Convention, United Nations organizations, observers and other stakeholders to consider the recommendations referred to in paragraph 1 above and to take any necessary action, as appropriate and in accordance with their mandates	PCCB		Recommendations	yes
								https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cma3_auv_10_PCCB_report.pdf

CMA	19/CMA.3	Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts	9f	Decides that the Santiago network is to have the following functions: (f) Facilitating, through catalysing technical assistance, of organizations, bodies , networks and experts, access to action and support (finance, technology and capacity building) under and outside the Convention and the Paris Agreement, relevant to averting, minimising and addressing loss and damage associated with the adverse effects of climate change, including urgent and timely responses to the impacts of climate change	Loss and damage	Santiago Network, technology	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cma3_auv_7_WIM.pdf
CMA	22/CMA.3	Glasgow work programme on Action for Climate Empowerment	11b	Also requests the Subsidiary Body for Implementation to: (b) Hold an annual in-session Action for Climate Empowerment dialogue at its first regular session of each year with the participation of Parties, representatives of relevant constituted bodies , and relevant experts, practitioners and stakeholders that focuses on the progress of implementation of the Glasgow work programme and on its four priority areas: policy coherence; coordinated action; tools and support; and monitoring, evaluation and reporting	ACE	In-session dialogue, constituted bodies	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/cma3_auv_3b_Glasgow_WP.pdf
			Annex, 6a-b	Recognizing that activities related to ACE are also carried out under workstreams that are part of the UNFCCC process, as well as under frameworks and processes of the United Nations system and in multiple sectors and strategies at the national level, the priority area of policy coherence has the aim of strengthening coordination of work under ACE. Efficient and effective ACE implementation can be enabled by undertaking the following at the international level: (a) Inviting all constituted bodies under the Convention and Paris Agreement to include in their regular reports information on how ACE is implemented under their respective workstreams (b) Inviting the Presidencies, with the support of the secretariat, to convene an in-session event, to be held at each session of the COP and CMA, focused on a thematic area relevant to the Convention and the Paris Agreement to promote coherence and strengthen coordination of work on ACE undertaken by constituted bodies and other United Nations entities and under other United Nations processes	ACE	ACE implementation, reporting, in-session event	
			Annex, 13c	Parties are also encouraged to establish partnerships with other Parties, as well as with intergovernmental organizations, NGOs and other stakeholders, to facilitate implementation of ACE activities, including with a view to developing institutional and technical capacity to: (c) Consider linkages between ACE activities, implementation of policies and measures to mitigate and adapt to climate change, and other means of implementation under the Convention and the Paris Agreement, such as technology transfer and capacity-building	ACE	Linkages, technology transfer	
SBSTA	Conclusion	Nairobi work programme on impacts, vulnerability and adaptation to climate change	7a-c	The SBSTA also requested the secretariat, with a view to strengthening the support provided under the NWP to constituted bodies , including in relation to supporting them in addressing knowledge gaps in the context of capacity-building, finance and technology, and enhancing the responsiveness of the NWP to Parties' needs, to: (a) Consider complementary areas of work to inform work under the NWP; (b) Strengthen long-term strategic engagement with constituted bodies with a view to enhancing sustainable adaptation action under the NWP; (c) Facilitate regular communication between constituted bodies and partners, including on the needs and mandates of the constituted bodies , in order to help NWP partners to better understand how they can support the work of constituted bodies , showcase joint actions and inform future collaborative actions	NWP	Technology, collaboration, communication	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/SBSTA2021_L10_E.pdf
SBSTA	Conclusion	Koronivia joint work on agriculture	11	The SBSTA and the SBI encouraged the continued involvement of constituted bodies and financing entities in the Koronivia joint work on agriculture, highlighting the potential of creating interlinkages that lead to enhanced action and improvements in implementation	Agriculture	Koronivia, interlinkages	https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/sb2021_L01_E.pdf