GEF Support to Climate Technology Development and Transfer

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GEF overview

- Established on the eve of the 1992 Rio Earth Summit to help tackle our planet's most pressing environmental problems.
- The GEF's role is to support developing countries to prioritize environmental action that delivers global environmental benefits.
- The GEF is the largest and most experienced multilateral fund dedicated to addressing environmental threats to the planet.



Support to Climate Technologies

- Cross-cutting priority to the GEF since its establishment
- More than US\$ 4,000 million resources channeled to climate technologies since GEF's inception



Funding

GEF Replenishment cycles

(in billion of USD)



- The financial contributions are replenished every four years by contributing participants (including developed and developing countries).
- GEF funds are available to developing countries and countries with economies in transition to meet the objectives of the international environmental conventions and agreements.



Support to Climate Technologies under GEF-8

- Technology transfer continue to be at the core of the programming directions
- Dedicated programming objectives under both climate change mitigation and adaptation
- Projects continue to be country driven and required to demonstrate alignment to national priorities, including in national climate strategies and plans



Climate Change Mitigation

Objective:

Support developing countries to make transformational shifts towards net-zero GHG emissions and climate-resilient development pathways.

Pillars:

- 1. Promote innovation, <u>technology development and</u> <u>transfer</u>, and enabling policies for mitigation options with systemic impacts
- 2. Foster enabling conditions to mainstream mitigation concerns into sustainable development strategies



The GEF-8 Climate Change Mitigation Strategy

Objective 1:

Promote innovation, <u>technology development and transfer</u>, and enabling policies for mitigation options with systemic impacts





GEF-8 Support to CCM Technologies

Two programs and ten projects with technology transfer objectives or elements were approved in the first year of GEF-8 implementation, with **\$97.8 million in GEF funding, and \$1.6 billion in co-financing:**

- Phase V Global TNA Project –17 participating countries, 12 of them use STAR resources ~ US\$ 5.6 million.
- > Net Zero Nature Positive Accelerator Integrated Program
- > eMobility Program

More info available in the **<u>GEF Report to COP28</u>**

Pipeline programs: Green Hydrogen, Green Buildings



Climate Change Adaptation

- Support to technology transfer is a priority of both the LDCF and SCCF
- Climate adaptation strategy integrates technology into strategy and recognizes technology transfer and innovation are key enablers of sustainable development for LDCs.



LDCF & SCCF Support to CCA Technologies

Since the approval of the new LCDF and SCCF strategy, three CCA projects were approved totaling \$1.39 million, and leveraging \$1.63 million in co-financing.

Project example: Vulnerable Twenty Group (V20) Funding Program to Leverage Adaptation by Averting and Minimizing Impacts of Climate Change: the project aims to support deployment of innovative CCA solutions by providing catalytic finance to CSOs and MSMEs to implement highimpact and innovative locally-led CCA solutions across agriculture, water, climate information services and disaster risk reduction.

More info available in the **GEF Report to COP28**



Other Support

The GEF continues to explore opportunities for further collaboration in support of technology development and transfer with the TEC and CTCN, as consistent with national priorities and based on country demand.

For instance, in the reporting period the NDEs of Benin, Malaysia, Nicaragua, Togo and United Republic of Tanzania participated in the GEF National Dialogues in their respective countries.

More information on the support provided by the GEF to technology development and transfer can be found in the GEF Report to COP28



Thank you!

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Energy & Materials Efficiency

Energy Efficiency	 New EE policies and green/net-zero buildings codes, aligned with NDCs and LTSs Support financial and fiscal instruments, business models (e.g. energy as a service/ESCOs) to aggregate demand for EE products and services Capacity building for monitoring and enforcement of EE policies and green building codes
Cooling and Heating	 Support electrification of heat uses including development of Sectoral Roadmaps to improve industrial energy supply Demonstration of Net-Zero industrial Parks and/or Clusters and circular approaches District Heating/Cooling, super efficient appliances, digitalization/Smart EMS
Materials Efficiency	 Support roadmaps to promote "integrated approaches" in buildings, with New Standards and Green Building Codes covering sourcing of materials Materials/Energy Performance Standards for Social Housing Certification schemes for green materials (incl. <i>hard to abate</i>: Cement, Steel, etc) Approaches to leverage land use jurisdiction/permitting to incentivize NbS





Decarbonized power systems

- Support the increase of RE penetration into Grid via VRE integration solutions across:
 - Grid modernization
 - Energy Storage
 - Demand side management
 - Smart Metering

RE Integration Scale up

- Support long-term planning and scenario-analysis from a system perspective
- Integrated resource planning
- Capacity building across Gov't agencies, including for bidding/tendering processes
- Support energy access with renewable energy, especially through Mini-grids
- (→ Expansion of GEF-7 Africa Minigrid Program)
- Support policy and market development for Green Hydrogen production, storage, distribution and usage





Zero-emission Mobility Scale-up

- Support integrated approaches to scale up zero emission transport, via:
 - Long term, integrated zero emissions sectoral master plans, at local or national level
 - A-S-I approaches: Avoid/Reduce, Shift, Improve including urban planning
 - Support for policy environments. laws and incentives towards electrification, starting with mass transit, two wheelers, and then light and heavy-duty vehicles

Zeroemission mobility

- Support coupling of Renewable Energy with e-Mobility charging stations to leapfrog green decarbonization where possible
- Support innovation and EV-enabled technologies such as Vehicle-to Grid (V2G)
- Explore options to support shipping and aviation
- Proactive approach to recycling and reuse of critical battery minerals/circularity





Nature-based Solutions

- Naturebased Solutions
- Support investments in landscapes or seascapes that have potential to generate significant GHG mitigation outcomes, focusing on the Agriculture and Forest sectors
- Key ecosystems being targeted are agroforestry systems and regenerative agriculture, high carbon forests, wetlands, including mangroves, seagrass and marshlands, peatlands.

