13 June 2014

English only

#### UNITED NATIONS FRAMEWORK CONVENTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE

Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice Fortieth session Bonn, 4–15 June 2014

Agenda item 5

Methodological guidance for activities relating to reducing emissions from deforestation and forest degradation and the role of conservation, sustainable management of forests and enhancement of forest carbon stocks in developing countries

# Views on methodological guidance for non-market-based approaches related to the implementation of the activities referred to in decision 1/CP.16, paragraph 70

## Submissions from Parties and admitted observer organizations

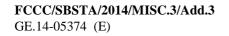
## Addendum

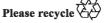
1. In addition to the six submissions from Parties contained in document FCCC/SBSTA/2014/MISC.3, the one submission contained in document FCCC/SBSTA/2014/MISC.3/Add.1 and the one submission contained in document FCCC/SBSTA/2014/MISC.3/Add.2, one further submission was received on 12 June 2014.

2. In accordance with the procedure for miscellaneous documents, this submission is attached and reproduced\* in the language in which it was received and without formal editing.<sup>1</sup>

\* This submission has been electronically imported in order to make it available on electronic systems, including the World Wide Web. The secretariat has made every effort to ensure the correct reproduction of the text as submitted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Also available at <http://unfccc.int/5900.php>.







#### Submission from Mozambique

## VIEWS ON METHODOLOGICAL GUIDANCE FOR NON-MARKET BASED APPROACHES AND NON-CARBON BENEFITS RELATED TO THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ACTIVITIES REFERRED TO IN DECISION 1/CP.16, PARAGRAPH 70.

In response to the paragraph 40 of FCCC/SBSTA/2013/3, herewith Republic of Mozambique welcomes the opportunity to express views on methodological guidance for Non-Market Based Approaches to promote REDD+.

As stated in national submission 2012 by Mozambique, various funding mechanisms of both Market Based and Non-Market Based should be developed to promote REDD+. Mozambique considers that the financing mechanisms of REDD+ through Non-Market Based Approaches should have a greater potential for more countries in needs hence a priority should be placed. Our idea is in line with the 2014 submission on Non Market Based Approaches of LDCs, including the activities and suggested methodological guidances. Herewith some additional points would like to be shared:

1. Non-Market Based Approaches and Market Based Approaches should be complement each other. However, those developing countries which are not ready yet to start preparation of Market Based Approaches should be allowed to start with Non-Market Based Approaches. Three (3) phases stated in para 73 of 1/CP.16 should also be able to be applied and necessary preparation steps to be taken in accordance with requirement to be applied for Non-Market Based Approaches. Throughout of the phases, sufficient, predictable, stable and sustainable funding are necessary to be made available for the developing countries through Non-Market Based Approaches to incentivize and accerelate REDD+ and associated activities.

2. Mozambique considers cautious, transparent, equitable and prudent setting is required for methodological guidances and application of Non-Market Based Approach activities. The nature of REDD+ is a dealer of not only forest, but of land use, the environment, poverty alleviation, rural livelihood, and food security which are foundation of REDD+ countries. Therefore it is essential to ensure the full respect of the REDD+ countries' national soverignity and ownership in decision making process and implementation based on their existing legislation, policy priority and national circumstances.

If Non-Market Based Approaches is promoted, more developing country parties will be able to participated in and benefitted from REDD+ mechanism. Hence Objective stated in Article 2 of the Convention is more profoundly achievable. Market Based Approaches alone it is difficult to turn over the situation of disadvantagous countries such as having less precipitation and less soil fertility to grow plants, and less developped areas, because to invest in such areas and countries are more costly and risky while increment rate of biomass is slower hence less profitable and low return for carbon investment. Introduction of relevant Non-Market Based Approaches which can provide more supports to people and countries in needs can facilitate further the Principle set in Article 3 of the Convention.