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Item 9 of the provisional agenda Capacity-building under the Kyoto Protocol

Synthesis report on the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in developing countries

Note by the secretariat**

Summary

This report has been prepared to support annual monitoring and evaluation by the Subsidiary Body for Implementation of the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in developing countries annexed to decision 2/CP.7. The report draws on information synthesized from national communications, other national reports, annual submissions from Parties and relevant organizations received between September 2008 and August 2009. Information is presented according to the elements of the capacity-building framework. Parties may wish to consider this note to assist in the annual monitoring of the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in developing countries.

^{*} Exact dates within the sessional period are subject to confirmation.

^{**} This document was submitted after the due date owing to the need for consultations with relevant organizations.

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I. Introduction

A. Mandate

- 1. The Conference of the Parties (COP), by its decisions 2/CP.7 and 4/CP.12, requested the secretariat to produce an annual synthesis report on activities to implement the framework for capacity-building in developing countries (hereinafter referred to as the capacity-building framework), drawing upon information contained in submissions by Parties, national communications, national adaptation programmes of action (NAPAs), technology needs assessments (TNAs) and national capacity self-assessments (NCSAs).
- 2. The Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol (CMP), by its decisions 29/CMP.1 and 6/CMP.2, requested the secretariat to take into account in its synthesis report efforts made in capacity-building relating to the implementation of the Kyoto Protocol in developing countries, drawing upon information contained in submissions by Parties, reports of relevant multilateral and bilateral agencies and the private sector, and information on activities of the Executive Board of the clean development mechanism (CDM) relating to regional distribution of CDM project activities and related capacity-building.
- 3. The Subsidiary Body for Implementation (SBI), at its twenty-ninth session, took note of the second synthesis report on the implementation of the capacity-building framework, and noted the concern expressed by some Parties regarding lack of progress in the implementation of the framework. The SBI also reiterated its invitation to Parties to make annual submissions to enable more comprehensive monitoring of the implementation of the capacity-building framework and the sharing of experiences on capacity-building activities.

B. Scope of the note

- 4. This third annual synthesis report summarizes information on capacity-building activities undertaken in developing countries, including identified capacity needs and gaps, experiences and lessons learned. It focuses on activities undertaken and reported between September 2008 and August 2009.
- 5. The information is drawn from submissions by Parties and reports of activities provided by Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention in their national communications, NAPAs, TNAs and NCSAs. Submissions by Parties included in Annex I to the Convention (Annex I Parties) in their national communications under the Kyoto Protocol and reports from relevant United Nations agencies and the CDM Executive Board were also taken into account.
- 6. Information is presented according to the elements of the capacity-building framework. The synthesis tables included in the annex may contain certain gaps in areas where no information on activities was available.

C. Possible action by the Subsidiary Body for Implementation

7. The SBI may wish to consider the information contained in this document as part of the annual monitoring of the implementation of the capacity-building framework.

¹ FCCC/SBI/2008/19, paragraph 80 and 82.

² FCCC/SBI/2008/11.

II. Overview of capacity-building activities

A. Capacity-building activities by Parties

- 8. Capacity-building activities reported by Parties in documentation submitted between September 2008 and August 2009 cover all 15 priority areas of needs identified in the capacity-building framework, with a number of Parties reporting significant qualitative and quantitative advances in capacity-building related activities. As further activities may have been undertaken since the submission of the source documents, the compilation in this report may not convey the complete picture of progress made, and should therefore be treated as indicative. Examples of capacity-building activities being carried out by Parties include:
 - (a) As regards institutional capacity-building, national coordinating bodies and entities have been established in some countries to enable the implementation of relevant national action plans;
 - (b) As part of the enhancement and/or creation of an enabling environment, efforts to develop or upgrade legislation on climate change issues have been made;
 - (c) The preparation of national communications has contributed within some countries to enhancing capacity-building at the institutional, legal and technical levels;
 - (d) In technical capacity-building, steps have been taken to put in place mechanisms for preparing greenhouse gas (GHG) inventories and to strengthen the technical capacity of inventory experts;
 - (e) Action plans for vulnerability assessment and adaptation measures are being developed, involving institutional and legal measures, identification and assessment of impacts, and training programmes for experts and local communities;
 - (f) Mitigation action plans have been launched, with a focus on promoting renewables and raising energy efficiency;
 - (g) Activities in the area of research and systematic observation include creation of institutions to record information on the climate and natural resources, adoption of programmes to strengthen research capabilities and development of early warning system structures;
 - (h) Steps have been undertaken to replace obsolete technologies, especially in the energy sector, as an example of technology transfer;
 - (i) Efforts have been made to increase knowledge and awareness of climate change among policymakers involved in the implementation of sustainable development programmes, so as to enable them to take informed decisions;
 - (j) As regards the CDM, legislative measures have been taken at the national level to promote investment in CDM projects, and workshops have been organized for national institutions, the private sector and civil society organizations to share information on the CDM process;
 - (k) As for education, training and raising awareness, educational programmes on environmental issues and climate change are being introduced at all levels, from primary schools to universities, while educational initiatives are being implemented in and by civil society and within targeted community groups to increase awareness of the causes

and effects of climate change and possible responses. The internet is increasingly used as a means to exchange and disseminate information on climate change issues. Training in all sectoral themes of climate change is being offered to target groups.

- 9. Initiatives to foster cooperation in climate change efforts at the regional and subregional levels have led to capacity-building in various areas, such as: participation in the UNFCCC negotiation process; GHG inventories; organizational, legal and technical capacities related to the implementation of the Convention; and national capacities to plan and undertake mitigation and adaptation actions. Training courses open to participants from developing countries also provided useful forums for a South–South exchange of experiences and for building networks.
- 10. Capacity-building activities relating to the Kyoto Protocol that enabled developing countries to engage in CDM projects included establishing, strengthening and training designated national authorities (DNAs); producing national guidelines on preparation and implementation of CDM projects; providing training in designing CDM projects, securing finance and project implementation and monitoring; assessing the potential for the CDM in the country with a view to obtaining advanced technologies and attracting investment; identifying possible funding sources for potential CDM projects; and providing training in effective participation in the international carbon market.
- 11. Annex I Parties provided support to capacity-building activities in developing countries at three levels: individual, institutional and systemic. Taking into consideration the cross-cutting nature of climate change in general, and capacity-building in particular, the support was directed towards strengthening the capacity of stakeholders (governmental institutions, non-governmental organizations and community-based organizations) to address climate change issues. It was noted in submissions and reports by Annex II Parties that, in order to increase sustainability, the best approach is to mainstream climate-related capacity-building into national development planning processes rather than support standalone activities.
- 12. The support provided by Annex I Parties includes: building the capacity of planning and environmental institutions and strengthening relevant coordination mechanisms; providing financial support for developing national adaptation plans; promoting training and knowledge sharing on tools and methods to respond to the causes and impacts of climate change; promoting cooperation among scientists and policymakers to improve awareness of climate risks; and increasing access to climate information and tools.

B. Summary of issues raised in submissions from Parties

- 13. The submissions by Parties indicate that capacity-building remains crucial for the implementation of the Convention by developing countries. Limited or insufficient institutional, scientific, technological and human capacity, together with the lack of adequate financial resources, make it difficult for developing countries, and in particular for least developed countries, to progress in implementing the capacity-building framework.
- 14. All submitted documentation reaffirms the importance of seeing capacity-building as a country-driven process that needs to be compatible with national priorities. In this context, the preparation of NAPAs and national communications is a useful tool for developing countries to identify capacity-building needs and define priorities in the implementation of related activities.
- 15. Parties suggest in their documentation that, as the levels of knowledge and information about climate change have increased, it has become possible to be much more specific about gaps and needs in various areas, which could be addressed through more targeted actions at the institutional, systemic and individual levels.

- 16. In particular, Parties have highlighted the need to build human resource capacity in all the priority areas of the capacity-building framework. Qualified personnel are needed in the education system and in international negotiations, for fund-raising, for mitigation projects, to prepare GHG inventories and to carry out social and economic assessments of vulnerability and adaptation options and related sub-sectors (i.e. agriculture, water resources, forestry, health).
- 17. For small countries, the need for support at the institutional and systemic levels was highlighted, together with the need to mainstream climate change and capacity-building issues into sustainable development strategies and planning. Inadequate institutional structures and legislation, poor coordination and cooperation among stakeholders involved and lack of ownership for initiatives that have been undertaken were commonly identified as challenges.
- 18. The need to increase capacity-building in the area of technology transfer was stressed in several documents. Fostering technology deployment and development in key sectors is considered a priority and a crucial strategy for successful mitigation.
- 19. Raising awareness of the CDM among institutions and private operators and the provision of training in designing and implementing CDM projects were indicated by many Parties as important activities requiring adequate attention in the context of sustainable development.
- 20. Annex I Parties are keen to receive more information from developing countries on success criteria as well as on what type of support has been most effective in building capacity. This would enable donor countries to identify best practices in capacity-building and target their support. In this context, it would be important to monitor and evaluate capacity-building activities by the recipient country through established national systems and procedures.

C. Capacity-building activities by United Nations agencies

- 21. Areas and needs listed in the capacity-building framework are being addressed by several United Nations agencies. Information on the activities undertaken is summarized in tables 1 to 15 in the annex, each table covering a corresponding priority area in the capacity-building framework.
- 22. In planning and providing capacity-building support, United Nations agencies generally take a country-driven approach. Activities at regional and subregional levels are undertaken on an ad hoc basis. In particular, United Nations agencies are fostering South—South cooperation initiatives that have contributed to building and strengthening broad-based partnerships between Parties and to the design, formulation and implementation of capacity-building projects.
- 23. Experiences of intergovernmental organizations and other bodies in monitoring and evaluating capacity-building were discussed during an expert meeting organized in November 2008 by the secretariat in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.³

D. Capacity-building activities under the Kyoto Protocol

- 24. The Executive Board, in its role as the regulatory body of the CDM, continued to undertake measures to enhance the geographical distribution of CDM project activities and widen stakeholder participation. Regular activities since September 2008 include a CDM Executive Board question-and-answer session open to all interested participants at each session of the subsidiary bodies and an informal meeting of the CDM Executive Board and stakeholders during each Board meeting.
- 25. The Designated National Authorities forum (DNA Forum), which was set up to help broaden participation in the CDM and enable DNA to share views and experiences, met twice during the

³ FCCC/SBI/2008/15.

reporting period. A regional CDM workshop and a subregional meeting of the DNA Forum, with a focus on interaction between DNAs and the private sector, also took place.

- 26. A joint coordination workshop for stakeholders was organized in April 2009 in Bonn, Germany, to share experiences relating to different aspects of the CDM process and to discuss CDM programmes of activities, in which several GHG-reducing activities carried out over time as a result of a government measure or private-sector initiative can be included in a single programme under the CDM. The workshop also included a session dedicated to CDM challenges in Africa, during which several recommendations emerged with the aim of improving the involvement of African countries in the mechanism.
- 27. The United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP), in cooperation with the secretariat, continues to operate the CDM Bazaar a web portal designed to facilitate the exchange of information among buyers, sellers and service providers engaged in the CDM.
- 28. Another major capacity-building effort is the Nairobi Framework, jointly implemented by the secretariat, the African Development Bank, the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, the United Nations Development Programme, UNEP, the United Nations Institute for Training and Research and the World Bank. Activities under this framework continued to build capacity in the CDM process within African countries, focusing primarily on assisting countries in sub-Saharan Africa. In particular, the Nairobi Framework enhanced its efforts in increasing interest in developing and implementing CDM projects, strengthening the capacity of DNAs to become fully operational, promoting investment opportunities, improving outreach activities and fostering inter-agency cooperation.

Annex

[ENGLISH ONLY]

Capacity-building activities undertaken between September 2008 and August 2009¹

Table 1. Activities in support of institutional capacity-building

			Agencies and	
A -42-24	D	D-4	Institutions	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Green Economy Initiative	Support governments to reshape and refocus	September 2008–	UNEP	http://www.unep.org/greeneco
	policies, investments and spending on a range of	August 2009		nomy>
	green economic sectors that contribute to climate			
	change mitigation and adaptation, (including	Global		
	renewable energies, efficient transportation,	Regional		
	efficient buildings, and sustainable agriculture and	National		
	forests) and improve decision making so that it			
	takes account of environmental considerations			
Global and national climate change	Build capacity of national climate change		UNEP	
assessment package	scientists and practitioners (public and private			
	sector), develop capacity support systems for			
	decision-makers to mainstream climate change			
	issues into their national strategies and their			
	decisions for action, strengthen existing process			
	and developing new institutions to access			
	customized locally-relevant climate impact			
	research and information into national planning			
Capacity-building Activities by Provincial	Support the Government of China in translating its	Ongoing	UNDP	
Programmes for Climate Change Mitigation	National Climate Change Programme (NCCP)			
& Adaptation in China (PCCP)	launched in June 2007 into on-the-ground action			
	by developing local policies, institutional			
	frameworks, partnerships and implementation			
	capacities, and to share China's experience with			
	other key Asian countries in the global fight			
	against climate change			

¹ The content of these tables is not complete, and is based on information available at the time of preparation of the report.

 Table 1 (continued)

			Agencies and	
			Institutions	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Supporting the Government to Coordinate	Support National Council on Climate Change to	July 2009	UNDP	
Climate Change Issues in Indonesia	coordinate all national stakeholders in combating			
	climate change, including policy and program			
	formulation, implementation of mitigation and			
	adaptation action, carbon market formulation and			
	evaluation of ongoing programs on climate change			
Providing technical support to the creation		2008/2009, El	UNDP	http://www.marn.gob.sv/?fath
of a high level national advisory group on		Salvador		=124&categoria=560&subcat=
climate change in El Salvador				Y>

Table 2. Capacity-building activities in support of enhancement and/or creation of an enabling environment

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Workshop on Investment and Financial		Bonn, 10–11	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/cooperation
Flows to address Climate Change - An		November 2008		_and_support/financial_mech
Update				anism/financial_mechanism_g
				ef/items/4112.php>
Development of the Arab Framework of	Assist the League of Arab States (LAS) and Arab	2008–2009	UNESCO	Plan not final yet but a draft
Action On Climate Change	countries to enhance responses to climate change			can be shared upon request
	challenges and determine priority areas of		Other: LAS,	
	climate actions on mitigation, adaptation and		ESCWA	
	finance			
Mainstreaming climate change through	Adjustment of the Development Strategy and	2008–2009, Uganda	UNEP-UNDP	<www.ccdare.com></www.ccdare.com>
revision of MAAIF's Development	Investment Plan of Ministry of Agriculture		CC DARE	
Strategy and Investment Plan (DSIP) as a	Revision of the National Development Plan		Initiative	
component of the 2009 revised National	based on the adjusted DSIP of the Ministry of			
Development Plan (NDP).	Agriculture			

Table 2 (continued)

	B (6 1 0 0 0 0	D ()	Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
			Other: Ministry	
			of Agriculture of Malawi;	
			,	
			ICPAC, Nairobi PEM Consult,	
			Denmark	
National Capacity Self Assessment	Identify country level priorities and needs for	Ongoing	UNEP	http://gefonline.org/projectD
National Capacity Self Assessment	capacity-building to address global	Oligollig	UNEF	etailsSQL.cfm?projID=3808>
	environmental issues, (in particular biological	Trinidad and		etansSQL.cmi/projiD=3808>
	diversity, climate change, and land degradation),	Argentina		http://gefonline.org/projectD
	the synergies between them, and help catalize	Barbados		etailsSQL.cfm?projID=1967>
	domestic and/or externally assisted action to	Bosnia-Herzegovina		ctanssQL.cim.projib=17072
	meet those needs in a coordinated manner	Colombia		http://gefonline.org/projectD
	meet those needs in a coordinated mainter	Croatia		etailsSQL.cfm?projID=2585>
		Cuba		cumss QL.cim.projib=23037
		Gambia		http://gefonline.org/projectD
		Haiti		etailsSQL.cfm?projID=1772>
		Kenya		
		Russian Federation		http://gefonline.org/projectD
		Tobago		etailsSQL.cfm?projID=2851>
		Turkey		
				http://gefonline.org/projectD
				etailsSQL.cfm?projID=986>
				http://gefonline.org/projectD
				etailsSQL.cfm?projID=989>
				http://gefonline.org/projectD
				etailsSQL.cfm?projID=1962>
Indonesia Climate Change Trust Fund	UNDP to manage the trust fund for the next one		UNDP	http://www.undp.or.id/press/
(ICCTF)	to two years before a national trustee is			view.asp?FileID=20090914-
	appointed, which involves capacity-building			1⟨=en>
	activities			

 Table 2 (continued)

			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Supporting civil society dialogue about	Support the constitution and strategic planning of		UNDP	
climate change in Guatemala	a civil society incidence group for climate			
	change, integrated by renowned			
	environmentalists, national and international			
	NGOs, academic sector, and indigenous groups			

Table 3. Capacity-building activities in support of national communications

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Non-Annex I Parties (NAI) newsletter	The NAI newsletter is designed to focus on	May 2009	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/files/nationa
Edition 5	national, regional and international efforts to			l_reports/non-
	support non-Annex I Parties in the			annex_i_natcom/nai_newslett
	implementation of the Convention. It includes			er/application/pdf/nai_newsle
	information on workshops and on publications, as			tter_5_may_2009.pdf>
	well as other informative materials			
NAI newsletter Edition 4	The NAI newsletter is designed to focus on	November 2008	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/files/nationa
	national, regional and international efforts to			l_reports/non-
	support non-Annex I Parties in the			annex_i_natcom/nai_newslett
	implementation of the Convention. It includes			er/application/pdf/nai_newsle
	information on workshops and on publications, as			tter_no4_november_2008.p
	well as other informative materials			df>
NAI update 9	The NAI update contains a summary of the	August 2009	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/files/nationa
_	outcomes of negotiations and decisions on			l_reports/non-
	matters relating to the preparation of national			annex_i_natcom/nai_update/a
	communications by non-Annex I Parties			pplication/pdf/final_nai_upda
				te_in.pdf>

 Table 3 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
NAI update 8	The NAI update contains a summary of the outcomes of negotiations and decisions on matters relating to the preparation of national communications by non-Annex I Parties	February 2009	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/files/nationa l_reports/non- annex_i_natcom/nai_newslett er/application/pdf/pdf_update _feb_2009_version_20feb09. pdf>
Publication: Resource guide for preparing the national communications from non- Annex I Parties – Module 1: the process of national communications from non-Annex I Parties	This module was developed as a guide to assist non-Annex I Parties in the preparation of their national communications. It is the first in a series of modules developed on the various elements of a national communication (e.g. vulnerability and adaptation, national greenhouse gas inventories, and measures to mitigate climate change) to act as a guide for non-Annex I Parties in preparation of their national communications	2009	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/resource/docs/publications/09_resource_guide1.pdf
Publication: Resource guide for preparing the national communications from non- Annex I Parties – Module 2: Vulnerability and Adaptation to climate change	This module was developed as a prototype guide to assist non-Annex I Parties to prepare the vulnerability and adaptation section of their national communications	2009	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/resource/docs/publications/08_resource_guide2.pdf
Publication: Resource guide for preparing the national communications from non- Annex I Parties – Module 3: National Greenhouse Gas Inventories	This module was developed as a guide to assist non-Annex I Parties in the preparation of the GHG inventories for their national communications. It aims to provide a brief overview of some of the main methods, tools and data being used by non-Annex I Parties to prepare their national GHG inventory	2009	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/resource/docs/publications/09_resource_guide3.pdf
Publication: Resource guide for preparing the national communications from non- Annex I Parties – Module 4: Measures to mitigate climate change	This module has been developed to assist non- Annex I Parties in preparing the mitigation section of their national communications	2009	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/resource/docs/publications/08_resource_guide4.pdf

 Table 3 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Training workshop on the agriculture and land use software developed for the regional project	Assistance on the preparation of national GHG inventories	Cambodia from 6–8 May 2009	UNFCCC in collaboration with the Ministry of Environment of Cambodia	TOT TUTVILLE MISOTIMUSON
National Adaptation Plan of Action	To enable countries to formulate and communicate the immediate, urgent and priority needs for adaptation	2008 Ongoing Angola Myanmar	UNEP	<a hre<="" td="">
Support Bahrain in preparing its second national communication report to UNFCCC	To assist national teams to prepare GHG inventory, mitigation options, vulnerability and adaptation assessments and capacity-building needs	2007 Ongoing Bahrain	UNEP	http://www.pmew-bcc.com/>
Advisory Support to develop Institutional Framework for Climate Change in Kuwait	To assist in re-constituting the national climate change committee, advise to complete the initial national communication for Kuwait and to design a process for preparing the second national communication	2009	UNEP	Mission report available
The National Communications Support Programme (NCSP) (Global)	To provide technical and policy support to Parties not included in Annex I to the UNFCCC for preparing their National Communications		UNDP	
Follow-up Workshop on Second National Communications, Pacific Islands	 Guidance on managing the SNC process, including relevant technical and policy issues, particularly on how SNCs can provide inputs to relevant decision-making processes, and to the integration of climate change concerns into national development planning Discussions on key technical issues to consider in the preparation of the 3 man components of the SNC, i.e. GHG 	Nandi, Fiji, 17–21 August 2009	UNDP, UNEP, UNFCCC	

 Table 3 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
	 inventory, mitigation analysis, and V&A assessment Focused discussions on integrated framework for V&A assessments and scenario development Gaining insights into how the SNC may shape the adaptation agenda at the national level, through learning from practical adaptation experiences (site visit) 			
Workshop on Second National Communications, Arab States		Amman, Jordan, 24–26 February 2009	UNDP UNEP, UNFCCC	http://ncsp.undp.org/report_detail.cfm?Projectid=191
Workshop on Second National Communications, Asian Region		Bangkok, Thailand, 8–12 September 2008	UNDP, UNEP, UNFCCC	http://ncsp.undp.org/report_detail.cfm ?Projectid=188>

Table 4. Capacity-building activities in support of national climate change programmes

			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
National Priority Setting Workshop on	Develop national priorities and action plan to	2–3 September	Government of	http://www.unitar.org/egp>
Participatory Environmental Governance	strengthen effective stakeholder engagement in	2008, San Jose,	Costa Rica,	
and Principle 10 Implementation	environmental governance, including climate	Costa Rica	UNITAR,	
(including climate change)	change governance		CCAD, ECLAC	
Workshop on Sustainable Urban	Encourage knowledge sharing between	2–4 September	UNITAR	http://www.cifalplock.ump.p
Transportation (including climate change)	municipal and regional practitioners in the	2008	CIFAL Plock,	l>
	field of sustainable urban transport	Plock, Poland	UNITAR, City	
	Support each participant in developing a		of Plock,	
	concrete action plan		UNDP, Veolia	

Table 4 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Workshop on Sustainable Urban Transportation (including climate change)	 Transmit technical expertise in the fields of: financing public transport, fleet modernization, integrated transport management, private sector participation, awareness raising and multi-stakeholder consultations, sustainable modes of transport, climate change Encourage knowledge sharing between municipal and regional practitioners in the field of sustainable urban transport Support each participant in developing a concrete action plan Transmit technical expertise in the fields of: financing public transport, fleet modernization, integrated transport management, private sector participation, awareness raising and multi-stakeholder consultations, sustainable modes of transport, climate change 	8–11 September 2008 Seoul, Republic of Korea	Environnement, Alcatel, PKN Orlen UNITAR CIFAL Kuala Lumpur,, CITYNET, Seoul Metropolitan Government, Seoul Development Institute and Seoul Human Resource Development	<www.citynet- ap.org/images/uploads/cityvoi ce/Issue_Final_December_20 08color.pdf>></www.citynet-
National Priority Setting Workshop on Participatory Environmental Governance and Principle 10 Implementation (including climate change)	Develop national priorities and action plan to strengthen effective stakeholder engagement in environmental governance, including climate change governance	1–2 December 2008, Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic	Government of Dominican Republic, UNITAR, CCAD, ECLAC	<www.unitar.org egp=""></www.unitar.org>
National Priority Setting Workshop on Participatory Environmental Governance and Principle 10 Implementation (including climate change)	Develop national priorities and action plan to strengthen effective stakeholder engagement in environmental governance, including climate change governance	4–5 December 2008,Tegucigalpa, Honduras	Government of Honduras, UNITAR, CCAD, ECLAC	<www.unitar.org egp=""></www.unitar.org>

Table 4 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Finalization of the National Climate	Update and finalize the zero-order draft of the	2009–2010	UNEP-UNDP	<www.epa.gov.gh></www.epa.gov.gh>
Change Adaptation Strategy of Ghana	National Climate Change Adaptation Strategy		UN Country	
	(NCCAS) of Ghana, validate and adopt the	Ghana	Office	
	NCCAS		0.1	
			Other:	
			Ghana EPA,	
			EU	
Strengthening of The Gambia's Climate	Implement The Gambia's second top priority as	2008	UNEP, UNDP	
Change Early Warning Systems	identified in its national adaptation programme of	Ongoing		
	action (NAPA) and reduce vulnerability to			
	climate changes through enhanced capacity for	Gambia		
	science-based decision making and planning for			
	affected populations to respond to climate change			
	through a strengthened early warning and			
	informational mechanisms			
Advisory Support to Sultanate of Oman in	To advise the Ministry of Environment and	2008	UNEP, UNDP	Mission report available
preparing National Climate Change	Climate Affairs on institutional arrangements and			_
Adaptation Strategy	a road map for the preparation of the Adaptation	Oman		
	Strategy			

Table 5. Capacity-building activities in support of greenhouse gas inventories

			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Online training courses for estimation of	Training activities for expert review team (ERT)	2009	UNFCCC	
GHG emissions of Annex I Parties under	members to ensure the quality of inventory			
the Convention, comprising both technical	review activities under the Convention			
and skill-building courses				

 Table 5 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Online training courses on national	Training activities for expert review team (ERT) members to ensure the quality of inventory	2008/2009	UNFCCC	
systems for estimation of GHG emissions of Annex I Parties, covering activities	review activities under the Kyoto Protocol			
under Article 3, paragraphs 3 and 4, of the	10/10/1/ 4012/14/20/ 44/40/ 44/20/ 44/20/ 44/20/			
Kyoto Protocol, on adjustments under				
Article 5, paragraph 2, of the Kyoto				
Protocol, and on modalities for accounting				
of assigned amounts under Article 7,				
paragraph 4, of the Kyoto Protocol.				
Carbon Benefits Project: Modelling,	Strengthen capacity of national partners in carbon	2009	UNEP, UNDP	
Measurement and Monitoring	modelling, measurement and monitoring	Ongoing		
		Global (with field		
		sites in Brazil,		
		China, Kenya,		
		Nigeria, Niger)		

Table 6. Capacity-building activities in support of vulnerability and adaptation assessment

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Risk management approaches to address adverse effects of climate change	This is an information note to review experiences, best practices and lessons learned on risk management approaches and other appropriate responses to the adverse effects of climate change, in accordance with Article 4, paragraphs 8 and 9, of the Convention	Ongoing	UNFCCC	
Maintenance and revision of database on local coping strategies	This database is intended to facilitate the transfer of long-standing coping strategies/mechanisms, knowledge and experience from communities that have had to adapt to specific hazards or climatic conditions to communities that may just be starting to experience such conditions, as a result of climate change	Ongoing	UNFCCC	<maindb.unfccc.int ad<br="" public="">aptation/></maindb.unfccc.int>

Table 6 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Development and maintenance of UNFCCC adaptation funding interface	The interface provides a platform to access and screen information on funding options available for adaptation worldwide. It provides a summary of adaptation funding options available from various sources, each with an information factsheet. The fact sheet contains a description of the funding mechanism, sample projects, contact information and relevant weblinks for further information.	Ongoing	UNFCCC	<unfccc.int adaptation="" imple<br="">menting_adaptation/adaptatio n_funding_interface/items/46 38.php></unfccc.int>
Maintenance and revision of the adaptation practices interface	The adaptation practices interface is a gateway to information on adaptation practices worldwide. It provides a summary of adaptation practices by a large range of organizations, agencies and businesses, along with descriptions and relevant links and publications.	Ongoing	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/adaptation/n airobi_workprogramme/adapt ation_practices_interface/item s/4555.php>
Nairobi work programme expert meeting on socio-economic information under the Nairobi work programme on impacts, vulnerability and adaptation to climate change	An expert meeting on ways and means to improve the integration of socio-economic information into impact and vulnerability assessments, including as they relate to adaptation planning	Port of Spain, Trinidad and Tobago 10–12 March 2008	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/documentati on/documents/advanced_sear ch/items/3594.php?rec=j&pri ref=600004634#beg>
Publication of booklet "Nairobi work programme: the second phase"	This brochure is the third in a series, produced so as to inform Parties, organizations, and those interested in adaptation about the key activities under the Nairobi work programme on impacts, vulnerability and adaptation to climate change during its second phase of implementation as mandated by SBSTA 28	November 2008	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/files/adaptation/application/pdf/nwpbrochurenov2008.pdf
Publication of leaflet series "The Nairobi work programme: an overview" (available in English, French, Spanish, Arabic,	This leaflet series is to inform Parties, organizations and those interested in adaptation about the Nairobi work programme on impacts,	2009	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/files/adaptat ion/application/pdf/nwpleaflet _overview.pdf>

Table 6 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Chinese and Russian) and its work areas (with Spanish version also available for work areas of Climate Related Risk and Extreme Events, and Adaptation Planning and Practices)	vulnerability and adaptation to climate change			http://unfccc.int/adaptation/s bsta_agenda_item_adaptation /items/4628.php>
Nairobi work programme technical workshop on integrating practices, tools and systems for climate risk assessment and management and disaster risk reduction strategies into national policies and programmes	This workshop was intended to facilitate the identification of successful examples of using tools and integrating practices for climate risk assessment and management and disaster risk reduction strategies into national policies and programmes. Over 80 participants representing Parties, relevant organizations and experts attended the workshop.	Havana, Cuba, 10–12 March 2009	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/resource/docs/2009/sbsta/eng/05.pdf
Nairobi work programme technical workshop on increasing economic resilience to climate change and reducing reliance on vulnerable economic sectors, including through economic diversification	This work was held to promote understanding and the development and dissemination of measures, methodologies and tools for increasing economic resilience, including the understanding of social aspects	Cairo, Egypt, 28–30 April 2009	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/adaptation/adverse_effects/items/4781.ph
UNFCCC Resource Guide for preparing the National Communications of non- Annex I Parties. Module 2 – Vulnerability and Adaptation to Climate Change (available in English only)	This guide is intended to assist non-Annex I Parties to prepare the vulnerability and adaptation section of their national communications	2008	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/resource/do cs/publications/08_resource_ guide2.pdf>

Table 6 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Series on Sea and Human Security: Towards a Comprehensive Security for Seas and Oceans: The Hiroshima Initiative (including climate change)	Develop a comprehensive approach to ocean security including adaptation to and mitigation of climate change	28 September to 3 October 2008 Hiroshima, Japan	UNITAR Hiroshima Office, GEF- IW:LEARN, Hiroshima University, Ocean Policy Research Foundation (OPRF), Partnerships in Environmental Management for the Seas of East Asia (PEMSEA), Red Cross / Red Crescent Climate Centre, University of Tokyo	http://www.unitar.org/hirosh ima/unitar-activities/sea-and-human-security>
Workshop on Climate Change Adaptation and Rural Development	Training programme for IFAD's Programme Management Department, on how to integrate adaptation in rural development planning focusing in particular on the potential role of NAPAs	20 November 2008, Rome, Italy	IFAD, UNITAR	<pre><http: climate="" climtrain="" index.ht="" m="" workshops="" www.ifad.org=""></http:></pre>
Capacity Development for Adaptation to Climate Change & GHG Mitigation on Non Annex I countries (C3D+): Inception Workshop	Develop a set of training modules and tools, including surveys, case studies on adaptation to climate change, GHG mitigation and poverty reduction, to improve the ability of developing countries to address climate change Plan the annual work plan for 2009	4 December 2008, Poznan, Poland	UNITAR, SEI, CCCCC, ENDA-TM UCT-ERC UCT-CSAG MIND, CIFOR IISD, SPREPP	

Table 6 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Series on World Heritage Management: Conservation for Peace: World Heritage Impact Assessment (including climate change)	Focus on the effective management of UNESCO World Heritage Sites including exchange of know-how on best practices and case studies, including the incorporation of adaptation to and mitigation of climate change in management and nomination plans	19–24 April 2009, Hiroshima, Japan	UNITAR Hiroshima Office, Australian Department of Environment and Heritage, Getty Conservation Institute, Hiroshima University, Hyogo University, ICOMOS, Japan Wildlife Research Institute, New Zealand Department of Conservation, UNESCO, Wildlife Institute of India	<http: hirosh<br="" www.unitar.org="">ima/unitar-activities/world- heritage-sites></http:>
Advancing Capacity for Climate Change Adaptation Project (ACCCA): Closing Workshop	Present the results of the ACCCA project, and allow pilot action teams and partners to share lessons and identify post ACCCA activities	10–11 June 2009, Bonn, Germany	UNITAR,SEI, ENDA-TM UCT-CSAG MIND, START sec, EU AIDCO, UNFCCC, FOEN, NTC NCAP, DEFRA UK	http://www.acccaproject.org

 Table 6 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Fourth Annual International Water Forum on Securing a Sustainable Water Supply: The Perspective of Relief Organizations (including climate change)	Foster peer-to-peer international cooperation by facilitating the exchange of best practices among participants to help formulate a sustainable action plan for water resource management in large and growing urban areas, including adaptation to climate change	9–10 July 2009 Atlanta, United States	City of Atlanta Department of Watershed Management, UNEP, Veolia Environment and UNITAR CIFAL Atlanta	http://www.cifalatlanta.org/ workshops/sustainability/wf0 9/water09_index.html>
Pacific Adaptation to Climate Change Inception Workshop	Bring together regional and national stakeholders of the Pacific, to discuss the implementation arrangements, deliberate on existing and new partnerships, including a hands on training on project administration and technical requirements	29 June –3 July 2009 Apia, Samoa	GEF, PACC SPREP, UNDP, UNITAR	http://202.4.49.29/att/public ation/000660_PACCInceptio nWorkshopAgenda_draft23_ 06_09.pdf>
Using Climate Information for Adaptation and Policy Development (Winter School, Cape Town 2009)	Training for practitioners engaged in decision making, vulnerability assessment, impacts, adaptation, and policy development in Africa, by leading climate scientists and adaptation experts to provide an overview of the latest, relevant climate science as well as sector specific case studies and experiences	13–24 July 2009 Cape Town, South Africa	UCT-CSAG, UNITAR	http://www.csag.uct.ac.za/wi nterschool2009>
Climate Change Conference at Trincity	To recognize vulnerability associated with climate change in the region and build capacity by using modern tools	9 August 2009, TrinCity, Trinidad and Tobago	CCCCC, UNITAR	http://www.trinidadexpress.c om/index.pl/article_news?id= 161521652>
Assessment of the Vulnerability of the major sectors of the national economies of Liberia, Rwanda and Gambia	Provide backstopping on the execution of tools for the development of climate and socio-economic scenarios and biophysical models for crop production, water resources, fisheries, forests, biodiversity, rangelands and livestock	Gambia, Liberia and Rwanda	UNEP Other: The Climate Committees of Rwanda and Gambia	<www.ccdare.com></www.ccdare.com>

Table 6 (continued)

Table 6 (continued)			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Mau Forest Initiative	To build the scientific and economy capacity of the government of Kenya to save and restore the Mau forest and implement a major ecological renovation that will serve as a blueprint for climate adaptation by enhancing natural systems	September 2008– August 2009 Kenya	UNEP Other: The Government of Kenya and Kenya Wildlife Service	http://www.unep.org/dewa/assessments/EcoSystems/land/mountain/MauCrisis/index.as
REDD and AFOLU (Terrestrial Carbon) readiness and implementation support package	Capacity for REDD readiness, including reference level, modelling, assessment, measurement, reporting, verification, reduction strategy	2008 Ongoing	UN-REDD Other: The Terrestrial Carbon Group	<www.un-redd.net></www.un-redd.net>
Ecosystem Management Assessment of Vulnerability of critical Water Ecosystems due to climate change and development of methodologies and tools for assessment.	Enhanced capacity to develop scenarios and plans for adaptation strategies and measures for managing or lessening the impacts of human activities and climate change on water resources at various scales and levels, including country and community level			
Assessment of Water Vulnerability to Climate Change	To assess transboundary water resources vulnerability to climate change and to conduct an expert group meeting to assessment methodologies in the Arab region	2009 (June–December)	UNEP, ESCWA, ISESCO, ACSAD	
Training on Regional Climate Modelling	 To assess regional climate modelling in use in the region, to train young professionals from the region on various RCM techniques and to assess long-term capacity-building needs A framework for assessing the interface between scientific, economic and policy aspects of V&A assessments 	2009 (18–22 October) West Asia	UNEP, UNDP Other: ACSAD, GTZ, University of Trieste, Italy	

Table 6 (continued)

			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Workshop on Vulnerability and Adaptation Assessments, Asian Region	 The workshop aims to provide: Discussions on critical reporting issues to ensure a solid chapter on V&A assessments Sharing experiences on how V&A assessments can be designed to provide relevant technical and policy inputs; Discussions on key issues to consider for climate scenarios A framework for assessing the interface between scientific, economic and policy aspects of V&A assessments 	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, 21–23 July 2009	UNDP UNEP, UNFCCC	http://ncsp.undp.org/report_detail.cfm?Projectid=198
Training Course on Vulnerability and Adaptation Assessments, Caribbean Region	 Conduct assessments of the current state of knowledge regarding vulnerability and adaptation for purposes of SNC Organise, direct and evaluate impact and adaptation analyses that are carried out for their own countries Participate in impact and adaptation analyses at basic level Help participants design their V&A studies, and identify needs for further training, as required 	Port of Prince, Trinidad and Tobago, 19–25 September 2008	UNDP UNEP, UNFCCC	http://ncsp.undp.org/reports.cfm>
Third edition of the World Water Development Report	 Capacity-building for implementation of adaptation measures Assessment for implementation of mitigation options Improved decision making, including assistance for participation in international negotiations Education, training and public awareness 	16 March 2009 (Istanbul, World Water Forum 5)	UN-Water (26 specialized UN agencies)	http://www.unesco.org/water/wwap/wwdr/wwdr3/>

Table 7. Capacity-building activities in support of implementation of adaptation measures

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Training and Capacity-building to Develop an Environmental Profile in the Niger Delta Region (including climate change)	 Review the concept and methodologies of environmental profile (EP), including climate change Monitor the plans executed by the Action Groups at state level Redefine line of action where necessary. To offer e guidelines to enable Action Groups produce Environmental Profile of their States 	3 December 2008, Asaba, Delta State	UNIAR PHPO	http://www.unitar.org
Training and Capacity-building to Develop an Environmental Profile in the Niger Delta Region (including climate change)	 Review the concept and methodologies of environmental profile (EP), including climate change Monitor the plans executed by the Action Groups at state level Redefine line of action where necessary Offer guidelines to enable Action Groups produce Environmental Profile of their States 	27–29 January 2009, Umuahia Abia State	UNIRA PHPO	<http: www.unitar.org=""></http:>
Training and Action Workshop on Climate and Disaster Resilience in Asian Coastal Cities	 Strengthen the capacity of local authorities to reduce urban risks and to adapt to climate change Understanding the linkages between environmental disasters, climate change and resilience Conducting risk assessments and listing urban risk reduction strategies Identify actions to enhance climate disaster resilience in cities 	18–20 February 2009, Da Nang, Viet Nam	CIFAL Kuala Lumpur, CityNet, Kyoto University, Veolia Environment and UNISDR	<http: www.citynet-<br="">ap.org/images/uploads/cityvoi ce/1922.pdf></http:>

 Table 7 (continued)

			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Reinforcement of the technical capacities	Training of Civil Society Organization of Togo	2009,	UNEP-UNDP	<www.ccdare.com></www.ccdare.com>
of civil society organizations and private	on climate change adaptation; development of	Togo	CC DARE	
actors of Togo to face climate change	media materials on climate change and climate		Initiative	
challenges	change adaptation; sensitization of local		UN Country	
	communities on climate change adaptation using		Office	
	materials developed; complementing national			
	and the UN Country Office efforts in capacitating		Other: ONG	
	civil society organizations to effective facilitate		Les Amis de la	
	the sensitization of the population on climate		Terre-Togo	
	change adaptation.			
Building capacity of institutions and	Conduct meetings, trainings, organization of	2009	UNEP-UNDP	<www.ccdare.com></www.ccdare.com>
communities at risk	climate risk management committees and the		CC DARE	
	transmission of Radio programmes on climate	Benin	Initiative	
	change so the community can better cope and/or			
	adapt to climate variability		Other:	
			Initiatives pour	
			un	
			Développement	
			Intégré Durable	
			(IDID) NGO	
Integration of climate change into United	To support UNDP country offices, United		UNDP, UNEP-	http://www.undp.org/climate
Nations and UNDP development	Nations Country Teams, and partner countries		Risoe	change/adapt/mainstream.htm
assistance at the global, regional and	themselves in integrating climate change risk			l>
national levels	considerations in national development plans and			
	long-term planning. United Nations programming			
	documents and national development plans			
Capacity development workshop, Cape	Provide background information on climate	Praia, 3 October	FAO, UNCEF,	http://www.undp.org/climate
Verde	change in general and in Cape Verde in particular	2008	UNFPA,	change/adapt/mainstream.htm
	and on disaster risk reduction. Screening results		UNODC, WFP	1>
	of the One United Nations programme were also		and WHO	
	presented.			

 Table 7 (continued)

			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Capacity development workshop on climate change and mainstreaming,	Build capacity on climate change and mainstreaming	Bogotá, 29–30 July 2009	UNEP-Risoe, FAO, WFP,	http://www.undp.org/climate change/adapt/mainstream.htm
Colombia	mamsucanning	2) 30 vary 200)	UNV, UNODC,	l>
			UN-Habitat,	
			WHO, IOM,	
			UNFPA, and	
			the Resident	
			Coordinator's	
			Office.	
UNDAF screening workshop, Colombia	Present the results of the United Nations	31 July 2009	UNEP-Risoe,	http://www.undp.org/climate
	Development Assistance Framework (UNDAF)		FAO, WFP,	change/adapt/mainstream.htm
	risk screening analysis to representatives of the		UNV, UNODC,	1>
	United Nations agencies and receive their input		UN-Habitat,	
	on the content and the proposed adaptation		WHO, IOM,	
	measures		UNFPA, and	
			the Resident	
			Coordinator's	
Dialagraphy Dadagtian and	Durant the months of siele committee of siele	Danatá	Office. National	-1-44//
Dialogue on Poverty Reduction and Climate Change, Colombia	Present the results of risk screening analysis for 12 additional development programmes, projects	Bogotá, 3 August 2009	Government.	http://www.undp.org/climate change/adapt/mainstream.htm
Chinate Change, Colombia	and national policies and discuss climate change	3 August 2009	UNEP-Risoe,	l>
	impact on sectors in working groups		FAO, WFP,	
	impact on sectors in working groups		UNV, UNODC,	
			UN-Habitat,	
			WHO, IOM,	
			UNFPA, and	
			the Resident	
			Coordinator's	
			Office.	
Capacity development workshop on	Present UNDP methodology to participants and	San Salvador,	Various United	http://www.undp.org/climate
climate risk screening, El Salvador	practice risk screening of the UNDAF in group	17 September 2009	Nations	change/adapt/mainstream.htm
	exercises		agencies	1>

 Table 7 (continued)

Author	Description A. C. divide	Data and Landian	Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Capacity development workshop on	Build capacity of national stakeholders on	San Salvador,	Various United	http://www.undp.org/climate
climate change and mainstreaming,	climate change and mainstreaming and obtain	18 September 2009	Nations .	change/adapt/mainstream.htm
El Salvador	proposals on potential national development		agencies	1>
D. I. I. I. I. I.	plans and projects to screen	D 1	IDEGGO	1 //
Regional training on climate change in	Strengthen capacities of project teams in	Dakar,	UNESCO,	http://www.gm.undp.org/Pro
coastal areas	management of coastal climate change – for	23–25 April 2009	UNDP	jects/project_environ_accc.pd
	national project teams of Mauritania, Senegal,			f>
	Gambia, Guinea Bissau, and Cape Verde, in the			
	context of a GEF-funded regional project			
	Adaptation to Climate Change- Responding to			
	Coastline Change in its human dimensions in			
	West Africa through Integrated Coastal Area			
D : 15 :: W ! !	Management	X 1.1	TD TEGGO	1 //
Regional Training Workshop on Dunes	Train national Project teams in dunes	Nouakchott,	UNESCO,	http://www.gm.undp.org/Pro
Reforestation	reforestation techniques – for national project	Mauritania,	UNDP	jects/project_environ_accc.pd
	teams of Mauritania, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea	13–16 June 2009		f>
	Bissau, and Cape Verde, in the context of GEF-			
	funded regional project Adaptation to Climate			
	Change- Responding to Coastline Change in its			
	human dimensions in West Africa through			
m ' ' D' ' D' 1 M	Integrated Coastal Area Management	2.401	INIDD	
Training on Disaster Risk Management for	Familiarize participants with concepts and	2–4 September	UNDP	
Selected Senior Officials and Staff of the	principles of disaster risk management; help them	2009		
Government of Lao PDR	in understanding their roles in policy formulation			
	and implementation of disaster risk reduction in			
	relation to poverty reduction and climate change			
	adaptation. The training was primarily targeted			
	at the National Disaster Management Office and			
	the GEF-funded Second National			
	Communication working groups (comprised of			
	representatives from multiple sectors).			

 Table 7 (continued)

			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Regional Workshop on GLOF Risk	Providing a platform for discussion on the	January – December	UNDP	http://www.undp.org.bt/info/
Reduction in the Himalayas (India,	subject and policy inputs to the countries in the	2009 in Paro,		pr08/glof_rr.pdf>;
Pakistan, Nepal and Bhutan)	region as to how GLOF risk reduction can be	Bhutan.		<www.managingclimaterisk.o< td=""></www.managingclimaterisk.o<>
	factored in development projects and community			rg/glofs.htm>
	level contingency planning. In the context of			
	regional project Regional Glacial Lake Outburst			
	Floods (GLOF) Risk Mitigation Project, with			
	support from the European Community			
	DIPECHO program and BCPR.			
Developing capacities in coastal adaptation	Self-driven efforts to strengthen the existing	Focussed on West	UNESCO,	http://www.accc-afr.net/>
in developing countries	science-base for coastal adaption and more	Africa	UNDP-GEF	
	climate-resilient coastal planning		UNDP local	
			offices	

Table 8. Capacity-building activities in support of assessment for implementation of mitigation options

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
CASCADE - Carbon Finance for	Enhance expertise to generate carbon credits in	2007-2010	UNEP	http://cascade-africa.org/
Agriculture, Silviculture, Conservation and	land use, land use change and forestry		UNEP Risoe	
Action against Deforestation	(LULUCF) as well as bioenergy activities in	Benin, Cameroon,	Centre	
	Sub-Saharan African countries	Democratic		
		Republic of the	Other: CIRAD	
		Congo, Gabon,	ONF- the	
		Madagascar, Mali,	French National	
		and Senegal	Forestry Office	
Consultation of CSOs and Indigenous	Presentation of the REDD programme in order to	Jakarta,	UNEP, FAO	<http: td="" www.un-<=""></http:>
Peoples' Representatives about REDD	obtain recommendations and inputs from civil	20 May 2009		redd.org/UNREDDProgramm
mechanism, Indonesia	society and indigenous peoples			e/CountryActions/Indonesia/t
				abid/987/language/en-
				US/Default.aspx>

 Table 8 (continued)

Table 8 (continued)			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Workshop on Monitoring, Assessment and Verification, convened by the UN-REDD Programme	To develop a roadmap with activities regarding monitoring and verification based on identified information and methodological gaps and needs and to initiate a process that ensures that the wide body of knowledge and initiatives related to REDD contribute to a coordinated framework or guidelines for REDD monitoring, assessment and verification systems that are able to support any agreed international REDD approach. and to initiate a process that ensures that the wide body of knowledge and initiatives related to REDD contribute to a coordinated framework or guidelines for REDD monitoring, assessment and verification systems that are able to support any agreed international REDD approach.	Washington DC, 16–17 September 2008	UNDP, UNEP, FAO	http://www.un-redd.org/portals/15/documents/20080917washington/workshopReport_Washington20080917.pdf
Capacity development for expanding energy access through decentralized offgrid energy options	To help countries take full advantage of decentralization opportunities to integrate energy issues into local development planning	2009	UNDP	<www.undp.org energy=""></www.undp.org>
UNESCO/IHA Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Status of Freshwater Reservoirs Research Project	This project intends to strengthen knowledge of the status of GHG emissions of freshwater reservoirs and to enhance mitigation of vulnerable sites via the following outputs: • A measurement specification guidance to be applied to a representative set of reservoirs • A results database from representative reservoirs • Predictable modelling tools to assess the GHG status of unmonitored reservoirs and potential new reservoir sites • An empirical prediction modelling tool • A process-based prediction model • Guidance and assessment tools for GHG mitigation for vulnerable sites	2006–2012; Global	UNESCO	<pre><http: 0018="" 001836="" 183666e.p="" ages="" df="" im="" unesdoc.unesco.org=""> <http: 0018="" 001831="" 183167e.p="" ages="" df="" im="" unesdoc.unesco.org=""> <http: 0018="" 001825="" 182588e.p="" ages="" df="" im="" unesdoc.unesco.org=""> <http: 0018="" 001817="" 181713e.p="" ages="" df="" im="" unesdoc.unesco.org=""> <http: 0018="" 001817="" 181713e.p="" ages="" df="" im="" unesdoc.unesco.org=""> <http: climate_initiatives="" ghg-="" reference_documents_and_p="" roject_deliverables.html="" www.hydropower.org=""></http:></http:></http:></http:></http:></http:></pre>

Table 9. Capacity-building activities in support of research and systematic observation

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
WMO Global Atmosphere Watch (GAW)	Lead the coordination of a unique internationally	1975 to present,	WMO,	http://www.wmo.int/gaw>
Global Greenhouse Gas Monitoring	accepted framework for calibrating, measuring,	Global Partnership,	National and	
Network: A Comprehensive Network of	archiving, analyzing and assessing greenhouse	Secretariat Geneva	Regional	
GCOS	gases in the atmosphere as part of the Integrated	Switzerland	Research	
	Global Carbon Observations System of GEO		Agencies	
	To build a Integrated Global Carbon Tracking		8	
	System that combines WMO-GAW observations			
	from surface-based (in situ and remote sensing),			
	aircraft and satellites with data assimilation by			
	global or regional atmospheric carbon cycle			
	models to deduce net atmosphere/earth exchange			
	of carbon dioxide and methane on a routine			
	basis. These products are essential in verifying			
	effectiveness of future carbon mitigation			
	activities.			
Climate Observations and Regional	To help ensure that attention is given by	Commenced June	ICPAC,	
Modelling in Support of Climate Risk	countries in the Greater Horn of Africa (GHA)	2009 with	GCOS,	
Management and Sustainable Development	region to observation and data needs, to	preparatory meeting	WCRP,	
ivianagement and Sustamable Development	demonstrate the use and value of regional	in Geneva. To be	WMO	
A three-workshop project supported by the	models, to provide advice on model limitations,	followed by three	WWIO	
World Bank	and to improve capabilities across the GHA for	workshops to be		
World Balik	using data records and model projections for	held in Nairobi,		
	adaptation planning	Kenya at		
	adaptation planning	approximately 6-		
		month intervals		
		beginning with first		
		in February 2010.		
Latter signed by Evacutive Heads of the	To anagyman both daysland and dayslaning	Global activity.	Changers of	
Letter signed by Executive Heads of the	To encourage both developed and developing	Letter mailed June	Sponsors of GCOS:	
Sponsors of GCOS (WMO, UNEP, IOC,	countries to establish appropriate national	2009. Countries are	GCOS:	
ICSU)	coordination mechanisms for the implementation		ICCLI	
	of the Global Climate Observing System (GCOS)	beginning to	ICSU,	
	on a national level given that the ultimate success	designate national	IOC,	
	of GCOS will depend on effective coordination	coordinators. We	UNEP,	
	at the national level. This assumed even greater	now have about 25.	WMO	

 Table 9 (continued)

Table 9 (continued)			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
	importance with the adoption of the UNFCCC Nairobi Work Programme on adaptation to			
	climate change.			
Progress Report on the Implementation of	To assess the status of required climate	Published in August	GCOS	Progress Report available on
a Global Observing System for Climate in	observations on a global scale and to report on	2009. Update of the		Web:
Support of the UNFCCC 2004-2008	the progress made in fulfilling the targets since	Implementation		http://www.wmo.int/pages/p
	the first report in 2004	Plan is underway,		rog/gcos/Publications/gcos-
		incl. a cost estimate		129.pdf>
		which will be		
		reported to COP 15.		Up-date of the Report not yet
Danisard Climate Outlands Formus	These Designal Climate Orderla Language	DCOEs serveriles	WMO and the	available.
Regional Climate Outlook Forums (RCOFs): Coordinated and promoted	These Regional Climate Outlook Forums enhance capabilities of WMO's National	RCOFs generally take place at times	NMHSs;	http://www.wmo.int/pages/p rog/wcp/wcasp/wcasp_home_
around the world; and initiated where	Meteorological and Hydrological Services to	of significant	regional	en.html>
needed in vulnerable regions (e.g. South	carry out skilful and reliable long-range	change of season for	centres on	CH.Html
Asia – SASCOF, launched in 2009)	forecasting (monthly, seasonal to interannual	a sub-region. One or	most	http://www.wmo.int/pages/th
	prediction) and climate prediction and	two RCOFs per year	continents	emes/climate/consensus drive
	projections; provide user-relevant, consensus-	are common in most		n_predictions.php>
	driven seasonal prediction and products and	regions, with		
	services for coping with climate variability and	frequent updates		
	change; and provide a forum for interaction and	throughout the year.		
	dialogue between providers of climate	Regular RCOFS		
	information, and users of that information	occur in the Greater		
		Horn of Africa		
		(GHACOF), Southern Africa		
		(SARCOF);		
		Western Africa		
		(PRESAO);		
		Western Coast of		
		South America		
		(WCSACOF), Asia		
		(FOCRAII),		
		southeastern Europe		
		(SEECOF)		

 Table 9 (continued)

			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
International Expert review meeting on Regional Climate Outlook Forums	This meeting recognized the progress made in implementation and operation of RCOFs over a decade, and aimed to undertake a comprehensive global review of the RCOF process, share experiences, highlight successes, address the challenges and pave the way forward for the future of RCOFs. The meeting recognized that RCOFs have sustained climate activities in many sub-regions focusing on seasonal outlooks and updates, capacity-building through training, networking and infrastructure development. It welcomed the recognition by the SBSTA of RCOFs as an adaptation tool and called for further expansion of RCOFs products by developing and providing consensus based regional climate scenarios for impact assessments and adaptation. Development of related future training courses was discussed.	Arusha, Tanzania, 3–7 November 2008	WMO; Tanzanian Meteorologica 1 Agency, ICPAC, UNFCCC, ADPC, ACMAD, IRI, Meteo-France, UKMetOffice, CMA, NOAA/NCEP, BoM, CRRH, CIIFEN, FEWSNET	Report in preparation.
El Niño/La Niña Update	These consensus-based products rely on partners in research and operational communities around the world, and serve to inform the public and users of the current status and the most likely evolution of ENSO-related conditions. The process builds an effective link between research and operations and the public, and increasingly reduces uncertainty in ENSO-related information.	The updates are coordinated and published, as needed, based on significant changes in the ENSO cycle (19 August 2009; 18 June 2009; 17 February 2009; 21 November 2008; 24 June 2008)	WMO and its NMHSs and GPCs; IRI; WCRP CLIVAR experts and regional panels;	http://www.wmo.int/pages/p rog/wcp/wcasp/wcasp_home_ en.html>

 Table 9 (continued)

Table 9 (continued)			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Activity	Turpose/target of activity	Date and rocation	Individual ENSO specialists; Communicatio ns specialists; RCOF coordinators, etc.	Tor further miormation
WMO Regional Climate Centres (RCCs): In June 2009 at the 61 st session of its Executive Council, WMO established the mechanism for formal designation of Regional Climate Centres within the WMO technical regulations. At the same time, WMO designated the first RCCs, in Beijing and Tokyo. On 19 September 2009, a pilot RCC-network was launched for Europe.	Regional climate Centres (RCCs) are centres of excellence that assist WMO members in a given region to deliver better climate services and products including long-range forecasts. RCCs also strengthen members' capacity to meet national needs for climate information for climate risk management, disaster risk reduction, and adaptation over the longer term to climate change	EC-LXI, June 2009, Geneva, Switzerland	NMHSs and WMO	
Training workshop for climate experts, research community and user groups: the WMO "CLIPS" workshop for polar regions	The Climate Information and Prediction Services (CLIPs) Project has fostered development of technical and professional capacity for climate information, products and services for more than a decade. WMO seeks to expand the CLIPS approach to all parts of the world, including polar regions that are highly vulnerable to climate change and have proposed the concept of a Polar Climate Outlook Forum (PCOF)	8–11 September 2008, St Petersburg, Russian Federation	WMO, WCRP, IPY, NMHSs	Report of this session is available.
New WMO project, funded by the Korea International Funding Agency (KOICA) on 'Regional Climate Framework in eastern Africa, to support adaptation to climate change'.	The intent is to establish a regional climate information network in eastern Africa, with a reinforced ICPAC as a key element; to facilitate RCOFs in the GHA; and to strengthen relationships between regional institutions	New activity, in development of workplan.	WMO, Korea KOICA, ICPAC, Countries in the Greater Horn of Africa	New activity in summer 2009.

 Table 9 (continued)

, , ,			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
IRI-WMO Workshop on tailoring seasonal forecasts: training experts in the Climate Predictability Tool	The International Research Institute for Climate and Society (IRI), WMO and the host, Beijing Climate Centre, China, are holding a two week training workshop for seasonal climate forecasters. The aim is to enhance the capability of NMHSs to provide high quality, tailored seasonal forecast information to application sectors. In turn, this will contribute to more effective climate-related risk management practices.	Beijing Climate Centre, Beijing, China, 19–30 October 2009	IRI, WMO, BCC, China	New activity
WCRP Working Group on Coupled Modelling	Climate modelling experiments and projections on decadal and centennial timescales; input to IPCC Fifth Assessment Report	Ongoing	NMHSs, and research institutes globally	http://www.clivar.org/organization/wgcm/wgcm.php
Coordinated Regional climate Downscaling Experiment (CORDEX)	Evaluate regional climate downscaling techniques for use for climate change adaptation and other applications; initial focus on Africa	Ongoing	NMHSs, and research institutes globally	<http: rc<br="" wcrp.ipsl.jussieu.fr="">D_Projects/CORDEX/CORD EX.html></http:>
Enhancing Climsoft capabilities for Climate Data and Metadata Exchange – Training of Trainers	Develop a strategy for Developing Countries Climate Data Management System based on sustained infrastructure and regional well trained experts as trainers. The Software CLIMSOFT has been upgraded to allow improved Metadata for functionalities	Lusaka, Zambia, April 2009	WMO, Met Office UK, Bureau of Meteorology Australia, ACMAD, FEWS-net, NMHS from Africa, Caribbean, and South East Asia	http://www.wmo.int/pages/p rog/wcp/wcdmp/documents/A gendaClimsoftZambia.pdf>

 Table 9 (continued)

Table 9 (continued)			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
CCl Expert Team meeting on the WCP requirements for Metadata	The meeting addressed the Metadata Requirements for the World Climate Programme with particular emphasis in Climate Catalogues and Metadata for search, discovery and retrieval	Toulouse, France, March 2009	WMO, Commission for Climatology, WMO Commission for Instruments and Method of Observations and the WMO Information System	Report to be published in late 2009
CCl Expert meeting on Rescue, Preservation and Digitization of climate records	The Expert Reviewed Data Rescue Projects worldwide and provided list of recommendations including setting up a global data rescue portal to streamline up-to-date information on data rescue and help identifying urgent actions to carry our these important activities for climate assessment and monitoring	Bamako, Mali, 13–15 May 2008	WMO, AEMET Spain, NOAA- NCDC, ACMAD, commission for Climatology	http://www.wmo.int/pages/p rog/wcp/wcdmp/wcdmp_serie s/documents/ET13reportFinal .pdf>
Workshop on climate monitoring including the implementation of Climate Watch System in Southern America (RA-III)	Achieve a sustained, operational and coordinated climate watch system in South American Region in accordance with the National Meteorological and Hydrological Services' mission in contributing to the protection of lives and properties	Guyaquil, Ecuador, December 2008	WMO, NOAA- CPC,CIIFEN, CPPS, University of ESPOL in ECUADOR NMHSs in South America	Brochure describing Climate Watch Systems: In English: http://www.wmo.int/pages/p ublications/showcase/docume nts/CWS_EN_v1.pdf> In Spanish http://www.wmo.int/pages/p ublications/showcase/docume nts/Sistema_vigilancial_clima _S.pdf>

 Table 9 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Activity	Recommendations Regional Level: Sustained	Date and location	mvorveu	Tot further information
	mechanism for implementation			
	1- Establishment of working groups and centers			
	of Excellencies. The Working Groups need to			
	liaise with the WMO-RA-III working group on			
	climate matters.			
	2- Establishment of sustainable interaction			
	mechanism amongst participating countries and			
	institutions,			
	3- Organize regular meetings for exchange of			
	information,			
	4- Accelerate the establishment of WMO			
	designated Regional Climate Centers in the			
	region. The President of CCl will provide the			
	WMO guidance document (action already done			
	immediately after the workshop)			
	minodiately after the workshop)			
	Recommendations National Level: Sustained			
	mechanism for implementation			
	1- National Climate Watch Mechanisms to be			
	established to start issuing climate watch			
	advisories within NMHSs based on existing			
	knowledge and expertise and benefiting from the			
	long experience in issuing weather warnings.			
	2- It was left for consideration by each country			
	how to organize climate watch unit at NMHSs			
	level, to meet the specific national requirements			
	and organizational aspects. This unit could be			
	the forecasting unit, the climate unit, a joint			
	weather-climate unit, etc.			

 Table 9 (continued)

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A -4::4	Drum and the most of a stimitu	Data and lasetion	Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
	3- Establish a coordination mechanism with users			
	at national level, such as for example setting up			
	National Climate Watch Forums (NCWFs), but			
	this is left open for consideration by each			
	country. (NCWFs) were proposed as a			
	mechanism inspiring from the successful			
	RCOFmechanism already established at regional			
	level and will deal primarily with progress review			
	in the climate watch implementation, the			
	interaction with users and the development of			
	Code of Conduct (C.o.C) of NMHSs in the			
	region during climate related crisis, with respect			
	to communication with various kind of users and			
	media.			
Regional training workshop on Climsoft	Participants to this event included International	Brazzaville, Congo,	WMO, Met	http://cccma.seos.uvic.ca/ET
and a seminar on climate change indices	Experts and climate experts from NMHSs in	April 2007	Office UK,	CCDI/congo/Congo_groupph
for Central Africa	Central Africa. Four weeks of capacity-building		University of	oto.jpg>
	including training, provision of laptops and		Rovira I	
	software for climate data management and		Virgilie	Summary
	analysis of historical data including data		Tarragona,	http://www.wmo.int/pages/p
	homogenization and analysis of climate extremes		Spain, and	ublications/meteoworld/archiv
	based on internationally agreed methodology		NMHSs from	e/feb09/etccdi_en.html>
	developed by the Joint CCl/WCRP-		the Central	
	Clivar/JCOMM Expert Team on climate change		African sub-	Proceedings of the Workshop:
	detection and indices (ETCCDI).		Region	
	The Methodology is described in a recently			http://www.omm.urv.cat/ME
	published WMO guidelines document.			DARE/docs/Proceedings_ME
				DARE.pdf>
				http://www.wmo.int/pages/pro
				g/wcp/wcdmp/wcdmp_series/
				documents/WCDMP_72_TD
				_1500_en_1.pdf

 Table 9 (continued)

	D // / C // //	D. 11 (*)	Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Regional training workshop on Climsoft	Participants to this event included International	Hanoi, Viet Nam,	WMO, Met	http://www.clivar.org/organi
and a seminar on climate change indices	Experts and climate experts from NMHSs in	December 2007	Office UK,	zation/etccdi/docs/ETCCDI_
for South East Asia	South East Asia. Four weeks of capacity-		Bureau of	Vietnam_workshop_report_fi
	building including training, provision of laptops		Meteorology	nal.pdf>
	and software for climate data management and		Australia, and	
	analysis of historical data including data		NMHSs from	http://www.wmo.int/pages/p
	homogenization and analysis of climate extremes		the Central	rog/wcp/wcdmp/wcdmp_serie
	based on internationally agreed methodology		African sub-	s/documents/WCDMP_72_T
	developed by the Joint CCI/WCRP-		Region	D_1500_en_1.pdf>
	Clivar/JCOMM Expert Team on climate change			
	detection and indices (ETCCDI).			
	The Methodology is described in a recently			
	published WMO guidelines document.			
International Workshop on Data Rescue	Participants from International climate	Tarragona, Spain,	WMO,	Summary Report:
preservation and Digitization of climate	institutions, universities and projects side by side	November 2007	AEMET	http://www.omm.urv.cat/ME
Records in the Mediterranean Basin	with climate experts from the Mediterranean		Spain,	DARE/docs/medare_summar
	National Meteorlogical and Hydrological		University of	y_report.pdf>
	services discussed the issue of climate data,		Rovira I	Proceedings the Workshop:
	metadata with focus on data rescue. A major		virgilie,	http://www.omm.urv.cat/ME
	outcome was the set –up of the WMO		Tarragona-	DARE/docs/Proceedings_ME
	Mediterranean Data Rescue Initiative Called		Spain, NOAA-	DARE.pdf>
	MEDARE.		NCDC,	
			Climate	http://www.omm.urv.cat/ME
			Research Unit	DARE>
			UK, METEO	
			France, and	
			NMHSs in	
			Mediterranean	
			Region	
			IEDRO (non	
			profit	
			organization	
			on data rescue)	

 Table 9 (continued)

			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Climate System Monitoring	An end-to-end WMO programme from data to	Continuous	WMO,	http://www.wmo.int/pages/p
	provision of climate monitoring products and	Programme.	NMHSs and	rog/wcp/wcdmp/wcdmp_hom
	services to support worldwide climate activities.		several climate	e_en.html>
	It provides the framework for international	December: a WMO	monitoring	
	coordination for producing the world	press release on the	centres and	
	authoritative statements on the status of the	state of the climate	institutions -	Statement of 2008
	global climate systems. The statement provides	system	See list in	
	the state of the climate of the year in terms of	March: a complete	publication	http://www.wmo.int/pages/p
	global temperature trends, regional temperature	publication is		rog/wcp/wcdmp/documents/
	behaviour as well as the observed anomalies and	produced and sent	mo.int/pages/p	WMO1039_EN_web.pdf>
	extremes in the climate system. It supports	to all members as	rog/wcp/wcdm	
	WMO members, NMHSs monitoring activities	well as several	p/documents/	
	by providing global and regional variability	international	WMO1039_E	
	context of the climate system.	agencies, research	N_web.pdf>	
		centres and		
		academia.		
Monitoring changes in ecosystems using	Strengthen monitoring and research capacity at			
earth observations and GIS technologies	the regional, national and local levels; support to			
connecting local to global	national and regional institutions in data			
	collection, analysis and monitoring of			
D. H. H. L.	environmental trends	2000 2010	Thieb	1
Establishing and maintaining a	Determine gaps in the meteorological data	2009–2010	UNEP	<www.ccdare.com></www.ccdare.com>
representative climate monitoring system	collection and climate monitoring network of	0 1 11	0.1	
for effective monitoring of national,	Seychelles; procure automatic weather stations	Seychelles	Other:	
regional and global monitoring of climate	for filling the gaps; install automatic weather		National	
variability and change	stations to fill the gaps; training of both		Meteorologica	
	meteorological and non-meteorological		1 Services,	

 Table 9 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
	(volunteer observers) staff and user communities		Division of	
	to collect data and maintain the automatic		Climate and	
	stations		Environmental	
			Services,	
			Department of	
			Environment	
			Seychelles	
			Island	
			Foundation	
			(SIF)	
Establishment of Atmospheric Emission	To promote applied research on ODS alternatives	2009	UNEP, Ozone	http://www.unep.fr/ozonActi
Reduction Technology Centre, Qatar	which also has climate benefits to reduce GHG	ongoing	Secretariat	on/information/mmcfiles/624
	emissions			7-e-
				prelease_%20ozone_monitori
				ng.pdf>

Table 10. Capacity-building activities in support of development and transfer of technology

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Maintenance of the technology transfer information clearinghouse TT:CLEAR	The secretariat has developed a technology information system (TT: CLEAR), including an inventory of environmentally friendly technologies and projects, as well as its technology web page. The main objective of TT:CLEAR is to improve the flow of, access to and quality of information relating to the development and transfer of environmentally sound technologies under the Article 4.5 of the Convention and to contribute to more efficient use of available resources by achieving synergy with other ongoing efforts		UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/ttclear/jsp/index.jsp

Table 10 (continued)

Table 10 (continued)			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
UNFCCC African regional workshop on	The objective of the workshop is to enhance the	Gaborone,	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/ttclear/jsp/T
preparing technology transfer projects for	capacity of project developers in African countries	Botswana		rnDetails.jsp?EN=TrainingW
financing	in preparing project proposals that will meet the	2–4 September		orkshop>
	standards of international financial providers.	2009		
	More specifically, the workshop aims to support			
	efforts to implement the results of technology			
	needs assessments that have been or are being			
	carried out by developing countries within the UNFCCC process, with a view to scaling up the			
	level of investment for technology transfer to help			
	developing countries address their needs for			
	environmentally sound technologies for both			
	mitigation and adaptation to climate change.			
Expert Group on Technology Transfer	initigation and adaptation to enmate change.	13–14 May 2009	UNFCCC,	http://unfccc.int/ttclear/jsp/E
(EGTT) 3 rd Meeting		Bonn, Germany	EGTT	GTTDoc/Agenda-3.pdf>
(EGTT members only)		Boilin, Germany	2011	G11200/11genau 5.pais
EGTT Special Meeting		24–26 February	UNFCCC,	http://unfccc.int/ttclear/jsp/E
(EGTT members only)		2009, Bonn,	EGTT	GTTDoc/ProvisionalAgenda-
		Germany		SM3.pdf>
EGTT 2 nd Meeting		21–23 October	UNFCCC,	http://unfccc.int/ttclear/jsp/E
(EGTT members only)		2008, Dublin	EGTT	GTTDoc/Agenda-2.pdf>
Publication: Handbook for conducting	Advance document of the updated Technology	June 2009	UNFCCC,	http://unfccc.int/ttclear/pdf/T
technology needs assessment for climate	Needs Assessment Handbook (TNA Handbook)		UNDP, EGTT,	NA%20Handbook%20-
change			Climate	%20Advance%20Document%
			Technology	20June09.pdf>
W. I. I. Y. ICH C. T.		20.20.0.1	Initiative	
Workshop on Landfill Gas-to-Energy	Discuss best options for solid waste	29–30 October	UNITAR CIFAL	http://www.cifalatlanta.org/
Conversion	management	2008,	Atlanta, EPA.	workshops>
	Study key components for a successful	Buenos Aires,		
	Landfill project gas-to-energy, including	Argentina		
	requirements, funding, applications and			
	technology			

Table 10 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Workshop on Landfill Gas-to-Energy Conversion	 Discuss best options for solid waste management Study key components for a successful Landfill project gas-to-energy, including requirements, funding, applications and technology 	12–13 November 2008, Sao Paulo, Brazil	UNITAR CIFAL Atlanta, EPA.	http://www.cifalatlanta.org/ workshops>
Seminar on Retrofitting Your Home	 Explore the challenge of retrofitting existing homes Learn about the latest ideas and technologies and how to incorporate them into the existing housing stock Examine the basics of whole-house retrofit Benefit from one-to-one energy saving advice surgeries with experts from Energy Saving Scotland Advice Network 	10 June 2009, Findhorn Ecovillage, Forres, Morray, Scotland	UNITAR CIFAL Findhorn, Energy Saving Scotland Advice Network, Transition Town Forres and Natural Scotland Scottish Government.	<www.cifalfindhorn.org></www.cifalfindhorn.org>
Market transformation for the use of Solar Water Heating	Accelerate global commercialization and market transformation of solar water heating, thereby reducing the current use of electricity and fossil fuels for hot water preparation.	India, Algeria, Lebanon, Chile, Albania, Mexico	UNEP and UNDP	A website will be operational prior to COP 15
Technology Needs Assessment	Provide targeted financial and technical support that assists developing countries in carrying out improved TNA within the framework of Article 4.5 of the UNFCCC. Assisted countries will develop national technology action plans for prioritized technologies that reduce greenhouse gas emissions, support adaptation to climate change.	Under implementation in 35–45 countries	UNEP, UNDP	A preliminary activity report will be prepared for the end of 2009

Table 11. Capacity-building activities in support of improved decision-making

				Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	for further information
Preparatory Workshops for (Lead)	The goal of these workshops is to ensure that the	1. Regional Group:	UNFCCC and	
Negotiators from Developing Countries	negotiators from developing countries are: (a)	Asia. Colombo,	UNEP	
	fully abreast of the latest developments in	11-13 May 2009		
June 2009 Sessions (AWG-LCA, AWG-	advancing the Bali Road Map; and (b) prepared			
KP, SBSTA, SBI)	to effectively and efficiently participate in	2. Regional Group:		
	negotiations in all bodies of the Convention and	Least Developed		
	its Kyoto Protocol	Countries. Siem		
		Reap (Cambodia),		
	An overall goal of these workshops is therefore	18–20 May 2009		
	to assist the Parties articulate and/or refine their			
	national and wherever possible, regional policy	3. Regional Group:		
	positions in respect to the concrete agenda items	Latin America.		
	of the up-coming UNFCCC sessions	Panama City, 21–22		
		May 2009		
		4. Regional Group:		
		Africa. Nairobi,		
		23-24 May 2009		
		5. Regional Group:		
		Alliance of Small		
		Island States.		
		Granada, 22–25 July		
		2009		

Table 11 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Preparatory Workshops for (Lead) Negotiators from Developing Countries December 2008 Sessions (COP, CMP, AWG-LCA, AWG-KP, SBSTA, SBI)	The goal of these workshops is to ensure that the negotiators from developing countries are: (a) fully abreast of the latest developments in advancing the Bali Road Map; and (b) prepared to effectively and efficiently participate in negotiations in all bodies of the Convention and its Kyoto Protocol. An overall goal of these workshops is therefore to assist the Parties articulate and/or refine their national and wherever possible, regional policy positions in respect to the concrete agenda items of the upcoming UNFCCC sessions	1. Regional Group: Asia. Bangkok, 27–29 October 2009 2. Regional Group: Least Developed Countries. Maseru (Lesotho), 27–29 October 2008 3. Regional Group: Latin America. Poznan, 27–28 November 2008 4. Regional Group: Africa. Algiers, 16–18 November 2008 5. Regional Group: Alliance of Small Island States. Singapore, 3–6 November 2008	UNEP and UNFCCC	
Support the drafting and adoption of the Nairobi Declaration on the African Process for Combating Climate Change	Provision of technical support to the 3 rd Special Session of AMCEN (African Ministerial Conference on the Environment)	2009 (25–29 May)	UNEP	http://www.unep.org/roa/Amcen/Amcen_Events/3rd_ss/default.asp
Provision of technical support to the meetings of the Pan African Parliamentarians' Network on Climate Change	Support the discussions of the Pan African Parliamentarians' Network on Climate Change	Ongoing	UNEP	•
National Seminar on Road to Copenhagen	To raise awareness and prepare Bahrain negotiation team to Copenhagen	2009 (September)	UNDP, UNEP	

Table 11 (continued)

				Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	for further information
Provision of demand-driven, targeted and	Enhanced knowledge, skills and partnerships in	Ongoing	UNDP, UNEP	http://ccdare.org/>
flexible technical and financial support to	systematic mainstreaming of climate change			
sub-Saharan African countries for the	issues; stronger technical and institutional	sub-Saharan		
integration of climate change issues into	capacities for identifying, prioritizing and	African countries		
development planning and decision-	implementing cost-effective adaptive measures			
making frameworks under the CC DARE	consistent with national development goals;			
(Climate Change and Development –	refined or strengthened national adaptation plans			
Adapting by Reducing Vulnerability)	and policies; enhanced regional cooperation on			
Programme	climate change issues			
UNDP Global Project: Capacity	To strengthen the national capacity of up to 20	May 2008	UNDP, UNEP,	<www.undpcc.org></www.undpcc.org>
Development for Policy makers to Address	developing countries to develop policy options		UN-REDD	
Climate Change	for addressing climate change across different			
	sectors and economic activities, which could			
	serve as inputs to negotiating positions under the			
	Convention			
National Inter-Ministerial Dialogue on		Asunción,	FAO, OPS-OMS,	http://www.undpcc.org/conte
Climate Change in Paraguay		14–15 April 2009	UNDP	nt/paraguay-en.aspx>
National Inter-Ministerial Dialogue on		San José,	UNDP	http://www.undpcc.org/conte
Climate Change in Costa Rica		6–8 May 2009		nt/costa_rica-en.aspx>
National Inter-Ministerial Dialogue on		Tegucigalpa,	FAO, UNDP	http://www.undpcc.org/conte
Climate Change in Honduras		14–16 May 2009		nt/honduras-en.aspx>
National Inter-Ministerial Dialogue on		Lome,	UNDP	http://www.undpcc.org/conte
Climate Change in Togo		20–22 May 2009		nt/togo-en.aspx>
National Inter-Ministerial Dialogue on		Castries,	UNDP	http://www.undpcc.org/conte
Climate Change in St. Lucia		20-22 May 2009		nt/st_lucia-en.aspx>
National Inter-Ministerial Dialogue on		Monrovia,	UNEP	http://www.undpcc.org/conte
Climate Change in Liberia		24–26 June 2009		nt/liberia-en.aspx>
National Inter-Ministerial Dialogue on		Lima,	FAO, UNDP	http://www.undpcc.org/conte
Climate Change in Peru		22-24 July 2009		nt/peru-en.aspx>
National Inter-Ministerial Dialogue on		Bogotá,	FAO, UNICEF	http://www.undpcc.org/conte
Climate Change in Colombia		4–5 August 2009		nt/colombia-en.aspx>

Table 11 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
National Inter-Ministerial Dialogue on	Turpose/target of activity	Managua,	UNDP	http://www.undpcc.org/conte
Climate Change in Nicaragua		26–28 August 2009		nt/nicaragua-en.aspx>
National Inter-Ministerial Dialogue on Climate Change in Dominican Republic		Santo Domingo, 2–4 September 2009	UNDP	http://www.undpcc.org/conte nt/dominican_republic- en.aspx>
Training on I&FF assessment for the Energy (Mitigation) and Land-use change (Adaptation) sectors in Namibia	To train national teams in how to conduct an assessment of Investment and Financial Flows (I&FF) for nationally selected key sectors using UNDP methodology Review and refinement of national workplans for undertaking I&FF assessment Institutional arrangements and next steps agreed Technical backstopping arrangements & communication protocols agreed	Walvis Bay, 30 June–2 July 2009	UNDP	http://www.undpcc.org/documents/g/namibia/default.aspx
Training on I&FF assessment for the Agriculture/Livestock (Adaptation) and Forestry (Mitigation) sectors in Niger	See above	Niamey, 6–8 July 2009	UNDP	http://www.undpcc.org/conte nt/niger-en.aspx>
Training on I&FF assessment for the Electricity production (Mitigation), Oil and gas production (Mitigation), and Water (Adaptation) sectors in Turkmenistan	See above	Ashgabat, 13–15 July 2009	UNDP	http://www.undpcc.org/conte nt/turkmenistan-en.aspx>
Training on I&FF assessment for the Biodiversity (Adaptation), Water (Adaptation) sectors in Costa Rica	See above	San José, 11–13 August 2009	UNDP	http://www.undpcc.org/conte nt/costa_rica-en.aspx>
Leading Climate Change: Making an Impact on UNFCCC Negotiations at COP 15 – Training for the National Delegation of Lao PDR	This training aimed to enhance the capacity of the Lao PDR delegation to actively participate in COP15. Specific topics covered during the training included: introduction to UNFCCC; status of Lao PDR's engagement with the negotiation process; linkages from Bali to Poznan, Bonn and Copenhagen; negotiation skills, negotiating processes, REDD, NAMA, technology transfer, and financing architecture	Vientiane Lao, 16–18 September 2009	FAO, UNDP, UNEP, World Bank	http://www.undplao.org/news room/pressrelease.php>

Table 12. Capacity-building in support of the clean development mechanism

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Climate Change Negotiation Training Workshop for policy-makers, technical staff of the State Secretariat for Environment and civil society in Timor Leste.	Capacity-building on climate change and key points of the Copenhagen negotiations of key entities implementing activities on climate change	Dili, 2–4 September 2009	UNDP, UNEP Bangkok	
Africa Carbon Forum	Initiative under the Nairobi Framework	3–5 September 2008	UNDP, UNEP, UNFCCC, IETA, World Bank	http://www.ieta.org/ieta/www.ieta.org/ieta/www.ieta.org/ieta/www.ieta.org/ieta/www.ieta.org/ieta/www.ieta.org/ieta/wwww.ieta.org/ieta/www.ieta/www.i
DNA Forum 7	Meeting of all DNA to transfer CDM know-how and discuss possible ways to improve regional distribution	25–26 April, Bonn 2009	UNFCCC	DNA Forum Extranet
Joint workshop 6	To facilitate exchange between all CDM involved partners (EB, Panel members, DNAs)	27–28 April 2009, Bonn	UNFCCC	
DNA Forum 6	Meeting of all DNA to transfer CDM know-how and discuss possible ways to improve regional distribution	27–28 October 2008, Chile	UNFCCC	DNA Forum Extranet
Maintenance of CDM Bazaar	To facilitate exchange of information among buyers, sellers and service providers engaged in the CDM		UNFCCC, UNEP	www>.cdmbazaar.net http://unfccc.int/resource/docs/publications/bazaar.pdf
CDM audio file service	These audio files were created to help spread the word about the CDM in plain language	July 2009	UNFCCC	http://cdm.unfccc.int/about/ multimedia/podcasts/ index.html>
Publication: Clean Development Mechanism 2008 in brief		November 2008	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/resource/docs/publications/08_cdm_in_brief.pdf
CDM international photo contest 2008	The contest is intended to raise awareness about the Kyoto Protocol's CDM	2008 (online)	UNFCCC	http://cdm.unfccc.int/contest/ /winners.html>

Table 12 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
CDM international photo contest 2009	The contest is intended to raise awareness about the Kyoto Protocol's CDM	2009 (online)	UNFCCC	http://cdm.unfccc.int/ contest/index.html>
CDM Audio Files	These audio files were created to help spread the word about the CDM in plain language	2009 (online)	UNFCCC	http://cdm.unfccc.int/ about/multimedia/podcasts/ index.html>
CD4CDM – Capacity Development for the CDM	Help to indentify and implement GHG emission reduction projects that are consistent with national sustainable development goals, particularly projects in the energy sector	First phase from mid 2002 to 2006. Extended phase from 2007–2009 Multicountry ² and multiyear project	UNEP (DTIE) UNEP Risoe Centre Other: Regional Centres of excellence: Fundacion Bariloche; AIT ENDA South—South— North TIMS (E2RC)	<http: www.cd4cdm.org=""></http:>
EC-ACP-MEAS/CDM – Clean Development Mechanism sub-component – Capacity-building related to multilateral environmental agreements (MEA) in African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) countries	Enable the targeted ACP countries to fully participate in the global carbon market. By the end of the project, host countries will be able to identify, design, approve, finance, implement and monitor CDM projects that both address its sustainable development priorities as well as offer a cost-effective option for carbon credit buyers to comply with their obligations under the Kyoto Protocol	2009–2013 ACP Countries	UNEP(DELC) UNEP Risoe Centre Other : AUC CARICOM, SPREP	Prelimainary information: http://www.unep.org/AfricanCaribbeanPacific/MEAs/ index.asp>; http://uneprisoe.org/CDM CapacityBuild/index.html>

² First Phase: from mid 2002 to 2006 in 12 countries: Plurinational State of Bolivia, Cambodia, Côte d'Ivoire, Ecuador, Egypt, Ghana, Guatemala, Morocco, Mozambique, Philippines, Uganda and Viet Nam. Extended phase: from 2007 to 2009 in Algeria, Bangladesh, Mauritius, Nicaragua, Peru, Surinam, and United Republic of Tanzania.

Table 12 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
CDM Capacity-building Project	Enhance public and private sector capacity to access carbon finance, and to overcome barriers that stand in the way of the take-off of carbon project markets in sub-Saharan Africa	Ethiopia, Kenya, Mauritius, Mozambique, United Republic of Tanzania and Zambia	UNEP UNDP	
Leveraging Carbon Finance for Sustainable Development in Latin America and the Caribbean	Enhance public and private sector capacity to access carbon finance, and to overcome barriers impeding the take-off of a carbon market in Latin America and the Caribbean	2009–2011 El Salvador, Honduras, Peru, Uruguay	UNDP, UNEP	
Capacity-building in carbon finance for Zambia	Optimize access to carbon finance. A CDM expert is providing hands on training to the designated national authority (DNA) in reviewing the proposals as well as training the private sector in developing the proposals	2008	UNDP	http://www.undp.org.zm/i
Establishment of the Voluntary Carbon Market in Turkey	Optimize access to carbon finance	2008	Turkish government, private sector, UNIDO	
Training Workshop on the Clean Development Mechanism, Cape Verde	Strengthen national capacity in the development of CDM Projects	Praia, Cape Verde, 28–30 July 2009	UNDP	

Table 13. Capacity-building activities in support of needs arising out of the implementation of Article 4, paragraphs 8 and 9, of the Convention

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Fourteenth meeting of the Least Developed Countries Expert Group (LEG)	To assess the progress in implementing the programme of work agreed by the LEG	Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, from 29 September – 1 October 2008	UNFCCC, LEG	http://unfccc.int/resource/docs/2008/sbi/eng/14.pdf
Fifteenth meeting of the LEG	To assess the progress in implementing the programme of work agreed by the LEG	Cotonou, Benin, from 3–5 March 2009	UNFCCC, LEG	http://unfccc.int/resource/docs/2009/sbi/eng/06.pdf
Least Developed Countries Portal (English and French)	The least developed countries (LDC) entry page provides links to information that is of specific interest for LDCs, such as work on national adaptation programmes of action (NAPAs), the work of the LDC Expert Group (LEG), the LDC Fund, relevant LDC decisions and conclusions and frequently asked questions on NAPAs, LEG and LDCF		UNFCCC	<www.unfccc.int ldc=""></www.unfccc.int>
Publication: Least Developed Countries under the UNFCCC			UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/resource/docs/publications/ldc_brochure2 009.pdf>
Publication: Least developed countries. National adaptation programmes of action: Overview of preparation, design of implementation strategies and submission of revised project lists and profiles.	This paper describes the steps in the preparation of national adaptation programmes of action (NAPAs) and explores options for addressing problems identified by NAPA teams, while building upon lessons learned and best practices. The paper then presents a possible approach for updating NAPAs, to be used by least developed country Parties in submitting information that would supplement previously submitted NAPAs as a way to update risks and priorities being faced.		UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/resource/docs/publications/ldc_tp2009.pd

Table 13 (continued)

			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
NAPA project database	NAPAs contain a list of ranked priority adaptation activities and projects, as well as short profiles of each activity or project, designed to facilitate the development of proposals for implementation. To facilitate access to this information based on the NAPAs that have been submitted to date, the database presents listings of projects and project profiles, grouped by	Date and location	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/cooperation_support/least_developed_countries_portal/napa_project_d atabase/items/4583.php>
	country and according to main sectors for which			
Fellowship programme – completion of first round and launch of second round	an activity falls. To contribute to building capacity for addressing climate change in non-Annex I Parties, in particular small island developing states (SIDS) and least developed countries (LDCs), through the development of local professional expertise by supporting innovative analytical work on climate change in the context of sustainable development, promoting a network of experts who can bring creative and innovative options to bear on questions of climate change, encouraging the leadership potential of young and promising professionals in their fields.		UNFCCC	
Preparation of the Initial and Second National Communications under the UNFCCC	Enable countries to fulfil their commitments and obligations as required by the Convention by preparing and reporting national communications based on recommended guidelines and format			<a hre<="" td="">
Side Event on Climate Change, 2009 Pacific Islands Forum Leaders Meeting	Education and awareness raising for Heads of State and Governments of Australia, of Cook Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of Nauru, New Zealand, Niue, Papua New Guinea, the Republic of the Marshall	Cairns Convention Centre, Australia, 6 August 2009	UNDP	http://www.pif2009.org.au/d ocs/call_to_action_final.pdf>, http://www.undp.org.fj/index.cfm?si=main.resources&cmd=forumview&uid=spchstate

Table 13 (continued)

			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
	Islands, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tonga, Tuvalu	Cairns Convention		ments&cid=436>
	and Republic of Vanuatu and representatives of	Centre, Australia,		
	Republic of Kiribati and Republic of Palau.	6 August 2009		

Table 14. Capacity-building through education, training and public awareness

			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
Development and maintenance of CC:iNet,	To facilitate access to public information,	Ongoing activity	UNFCCC	< <http: ccinet="" unfccc.int=""></http:>
the information network clearing house	education and training in climate change; and to			and
	help governments, organizations and individuals			< <
	gain rapid and easy access to ideas, strategies,			n_and_support/education_and
	contacts, experts and materials that can be used			_outreach/items/3366.php>
	to motivate and empower them to take effective			
	action on climate change			
Contributing to CC:iNet – A quick-start	Registered users of CC:iNet have the ability to	2009	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/files/cc_inet
guide	contribute relevant content directly into the			/application/pdf/q-start-
	system. This guide aims to assist newly			guide.pdf>
	registered users in the submission of content by			
	outlining the steps to be taken for successful			
	submission.			
European Regional workshop on Article 6	Over 40 participants representing 23 countries	Stockholm,	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/cooperation
of the Convention	and several intergovernmental and non-	Sweden,		_and_support/education_and_
	governmental organizations shared experiences	18–20 May 2009		outreach/items/4834.php>
	and good practices in developing and			
	implementing national education and outreach			
	strategies and activities, and discussed the			
	importance of such activities in supporting a new			
	climate change agreement. After two and a half			
	days of plenary sessions, working groups and			
	social events, participants came up with			
	recommending a list of issues that could be			
	considered in supporting further the			

Table 14 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
	implementation of Article 6 and the New Delhi work programme in the European region			
Bonn Media Training Workshop for developing country journalists	Expand the participation of environmental journalists from developing countries at the conference through media training workshop	Bonn, Germany 8–12 June 2009	UNFCCC, Alliance of communicators for sustainable development (COM+), World Bank	http://unfccc.int/meetings/sb 30/press/items/4892.php>
Bonn Media Training Workshop for developing country journalists	Expand the participation of environmental journalists from developing countries at the conference through media training workshop	Bonn, Germany 6–8 April 2009	UNFCCC, Alliance of communicators for sustainable development (COM+), World Bank	http://unfccc.int/meetings/int ersessional/bonn_09/press_bo nn/items/4797.php>
Poznan Media Training Workshop for developing country journalists	Expand the participation of environmental journalists from developing countries at the conference through media training workshop	Poznan, Poland, 8–12 December 2008	UNFCCC, Alliance of communicators for sustainable development (COM+), World Bank	http://unfccc.int/meetings/co p_14/press/items/4648.php>
Workshop on Local Governments and Climate Change	Raising awareness on the issue of climate change Building a network of cities from South America in order to exchange climate change experiences and expertise Presenting the issue of acquisition and effective use of local climate change predictions and weather data	24–27 March 2009, Curitiba, Brazil	CIFAL Curitiba, Veolia, Preactiva, Ministerio de Asuntos Exteriores Español, Universidade Livre do Medio Ambiente, FIEP, Agencia	http://www.cifalcuritiba.org . br/>

Table 14 (continued)

			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
			Brasileira de Cooperaçao, Ministerio das Relaçoes Exteriores	
Online Course on Climate Change: Risks and Responsibilities for the Finance Sector	Educate and enable key senior and mid-level executives to further understand the business complexities presented by climate change so that they can: (a) integrate it into corporate action plans and strategies; (b) identify risks, opportunities and markets for new plans and strategies; and (c) adapt the material for internal use, and use course material as a stand-alone reference guide	8–26 June 2009 (Internet-based online training)	UNEP-FI (UNEP Finance Initiative) and UNITAR	http://www2.unitar.org/unepfi/>
Training for Local Authorities on Integrated Urban Planning for Sustainable Urban Management (including climate change)	Increase and build upon the existing capacity of local governments by equipping them with the understanding and skills related to a range of global and urban environmental management issues, as well as by providing them with access to information, knowledge and training	10–13 August 2009, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	UNITAR CIFAL Kuala Lumpur, CITYNET and VEOLIA Environment.	http://www.unitar.org/node/618>
National Planning Workshop on Developing a National Profile and Action Plan on Participatory Environmental Governance and Principle 10 Implementation (including climate change)	Raise awareness on Principle 10 of the Rio Declaration and develop national workplan for a National Profile and Action Plan project	5 August 2009, Bamako, Mali	Government of Mali, UNITAR	http://www.unitar.org/egp>
A number of awareness raising events	To present latest scientific understanding on climate change to the public and to interested segments of the society	Ongoing West Asia	UNEP	http://www.unep.org/wed/20 09/english/content/regionalhi ghlights.asp>

Table 14 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Public awareness on climate change through a multi-product climate campaign including Our Planet magazine, Tunza magazine, World Environment Day booklet, Plant for the Planet: The Billion Tree Campaign: An Album, Independent Environmental assessment: Beijing 2008 Olympic Games, UNEP Climate Change Strategy, UNEP 2008 Annual report, Kick the Habit e-book.	To educate the public and raise awareness of environmental and sustainability issues, including climate change	2008–2009 Global	UNEP	http://www.unep.org/Public ations/>
The Economics of Ecosystems and Biodiversity study	To raise awareness and educating the financial sectors about the value of ecosystems and biodiversity and the loss occasioned by climate change and unsustainable development practices; to build institutional capacity in the financial sectors on issues related to ecosystems and biodiversity; to build capacity for funding adaptation measures	September 2008 to August 2009 Global	UNEP Other: G8+5, European Commission, UNCBD, IUCN, University of Liverpool, The Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research	http://www.teebweb.org/LinkClick.aspx?fileticket=L6XLPaoaZv8%3d&tabid=1052&language=en-US>
Enhancing Awareness of Ugandan Population to remove barrier to integration of Climate Change Adaptation in development	Removing lack of knowledge as a barrier to mainstreaming climate change adaptation; Developing awareness materials and support for development of communication and public participation strategies and programmes	2009 Uganda	UNEP-UNDP CC DARE Initiative Other: Ministry of Water Resources in collaboration with M/S Great Lakes Film Production	<www.ccdare.com></www.ccdare.com>

Table 14 (continued)

` ,			Agencies	Activity report or web link
Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	involved	for further information
			Company Ltd	
			and Farmers	
			Media Link	
			Centre	
Train water resources managers and	Increased awareness and knowledge of key terms	2009	UNEP Water	<www.ccdare.com></www.ccdare.com>
technicians in Eastern Africa on the	and concepts and the scientific aspects of the		Centre	
concept of climate change and water	climate system and the evolution of the climate;	Uganda		
resources planning and management	increased awareness and knowledge of the		Other: Cap-Net	
	interaction between climate change and water and		Nile-IWRM-Net	
	how such interaction manifest in the various		Denmark	
	sectors (health, infrastructure, energy, sanitation,		Government of	
	etc.). Knowledge on planning processes/tools		Uganda	
	(IWRM, ICZM and ICARM) and responses to			
	climate change.			
Multiple training sessions for Ministry of	Increase awareness on climate change amongst	August and	United Nations	
Foreign Affairs and National University of	key sectors and university students	September 2009	Resident	
Lao students in preparation for a mock			Coordinators	
United Nations Security Council Debate			Office, Ministry	
on Climate Change			of Foreign	
			Affairs	
Presentations for United Nations Country	Increase awareness on climate change amongst	May 2009; August	United Nations	
Team, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Lao	key actors	2009	Country Team,	
			Ministry of	
			Foreign Affairs,	
			UNDP	
Regional Workshop for Parliamentarians	Create a forum for parliamentarians do discuss	Praia, Cape Verde,	UNDP,	
on Climate Change in the ECOWAS	climate change related issues and to influence	3–6 August 2009	UNESCO	
countries	decision making			
Regional Training of Trainers Workshop,	Train school teachers in beach monitoring	Praia, Cape Verde	UNDP,	
Cape Verde		25–28 August 2009	UNESCO	

Table 14 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
National Seminar on Climate Change chaired by the Ministry of Economic Affairs and the Minister of Water and Environment, Morocco	Increase awareness on climate change amongst key government decision makers	Rabat, Morocco, 12 February 2009	UNDP, World Bank	
Informative booklet on climate change in El Salvador	"The ABC of Climate Change in El Salvador" has been distributed to different national actors and stakeholders	2008–2009	UNDP	http://www.pnud.org.sv/200 7/component/option,com_doc man/task,doc_download/gid,5 8/Itemid,56/>
UNESCO International Seminar on Climate Change Education	Designed to reach and involve key stakeholders involved in climate change education, the event brought together a multidisciplinary and diverse group of more than 60 educators, scientists, educational planners, and representatives of Small Island Developing States (SIDS) – as well as multilateral and non-governmental organizations – to discuss and make recommendations on the role and potential for education in addressing global climate change through three main topics: • Educational policies, programmes and curricula • The identification of climate change education tools, materials and good practices • The mobilization and engagement of networks and partnerships in support of climate change education	Paris, France, July 2009	UNESCO, UNFCCC, Government of Denmark	<www.unesco.org change="" climate="" en=""></www.unesco.org>
Teaching and Learning for a Sustainable Future	A multimedia teacher education programme. It contains 100 hours of professional development for use in pre-service teacher courses as well as the in-service education of teachers, curriculum developers, education policy makers, and authors of educational materials. The climate change module provides resources for teachers so that	Global	UNESCO	http://www.unesco.org/educ ation/tlsf/>

Table 14 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
	they can feel confident in their knowledge of climate change science and the impacts of the climate crisis and plan interesting and relevant lessons for their students		111.02.00	201 241 7117 2110 211111 21
Sandwatch	An educational tool for teachers and communities. It aims to change habits on a community basis, build ecosystem resilience, and develop awareness of the fragile nature of the marine and coastal environment and the need to use it wisely. Contains a specific chapter on climate change.	Global with special focus on SIDS 2000	UNESCO	<www.sandwatch.org></www.sandwatch.org>
Training for journalists	Increase the capacity of journalists on quality, frequency and permanence of reporting on key sustainable development issues, including climate change	Pacific	UNESCO	
Training for media professionals	Training focused on the production of news, stories, pictures, audio/video programmes for newspapers/magazines, TV, radio and the Internet for editors, bureau chiefs, reporters, producers and presenters – each with a distinct and strategic role to convey climate change messages to the public	Zimbabwe, July 2009	UNESCO, British Council	<pre><http: ci="" do_topic&url_sectio="" en="" ev.php-="" n="201.html" portal.unesco.org="" url_id="28906&URL_DO="></http:></pre>
Media as partners in education for sustainable development: a training and resource kit	To provide media professionals with basic information about some priority issues for sustainable development including climate change. It also provides practical exercises to inspire investigative reporting, and draws links to existing experience that may enrich the information resources of media professionals	2008	UNESCO	<a href="http://portal.unesco.org/ci/en/ev.php-url_id=26388&url_do=do=do=do=do=do=do=do=do=do=do=do=do=d</td></tr><tr><td>UNESCO International Conference:
Broadcast Media & Climate Change: a
public service remit</td><td>The conference provided a platform for regional and international collaboration to offer solutions to existing challenges faced by broadcasters, particularly those in developing countries. Such collaboration will to empower national</td><td>Paris, September 2009</td><td>UNESCO,
UNEP, regional
and
international
broadcasting</td><td>http://www.unesco.org/web world/en/media-climate- change>

Table 14 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
	broadcasters to fulfil their role in making climate		unions and	
	change processes and related mitigation and		organizations	
	adaptation options better understood by their			
	audiences			

Table 15. Capacity-building activities in support of information and networking

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
Publication: Investment and financial flows to address climate change: an update	Update to the paper on investment and financial flows to address climate change which was published by the secretariat in 2007	November 2008	UNFCCC	http://unfccc.int/resource/docs/2008/tp/07.pdf
Development of Climate Change Networks for information and knowledge sharing	Creation of the South East Asia Network, to be completed by similar initiatives in West Africa and Central America	Under implementation in 10 countries of the South East Asia Region	UNEP	An internet based knowledge Development and sharing platform will be operational prior to COP 15
Climate Neutral UN website	To build capacity by providing an online platform for collecting data about, managing and calculating GHS emissions and developing and managing GHG inventories databases	2009 Ongoing Global	UNEP United Nations Environment Management Group	http://www.unemg.org/clima teneutralun>
Copenhagen Discussion Series website	To improve decision-making about climate change, including building capacity for participating in international negotiations, by making working papers available online in accessible, readily downloadable format	2009 Ongoing Global	UNEP Other: IIED Stockholm Environment Institute	http://www.unep.org/climate change/Policy/CopenhagenDi scussionSeries/tabid/836/lang uage/en-US/Default.aspx>
Seal the Deal! website	To build capacity by raising awareness and educating the public about climate change and the need for the world to seal a deal in	2009	UNEP UNRIC	http://www.sealthedeal2009.

Table 15 (continued)

Activity	Purpose/target of activity	Date and location	Agencies involved	Activity report or web link for further information
	Copenhagen; to provide a forum for networking and information exchange about this UN-wide campaign	Global	Brussels	
Launching of the climate change intranet (Global)	This intranet makes available all briefings, position papers and summaries of climate-related meetings. Offers links to UNDP and UNFCCC libraries, facilitates the creation of discussion groups and describes funding windows. Aimed at UNDP practice areas worldwide	NA	UNDP UNFCCC	http://intra.undp.org/bdp/climate-change/index.shtml .
UNDP Climate Community web page (global)	Launched by project Capacity Development for Decision Makers to provide information on key climate change issues including the economic and policy implications of climate change and analyses of the negotiations. It features an extensive library with documents in multiple languages and forums to share information and resources. Each country has a private work area, and groups have also been established for the project team and regional centres of excellence to exchange information. The site provides information in English, French, and Spanish, and Russian	May 2009	International Institute for Sustainable Development (IISD), UNDP	<www.undpcc.org></www.undpcc.org>
On the frontlines of climate change – A global forum for indigenous peoples, small islands and vulnerable communities	Promotes sharing and exchange of community level observations, concerns and innovations with respect to climate change impacts, opportunities and adaptation	Started in June 2008 Global, with a special focus on the target groups	UNESCO, Secretariat of CBD, United Nations permanent forum on indigenous issues, Office of the High Commissioner for Human rights	http://www.climatefrontlines .org/>