



联合国



气候变化框架公约

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缔约方会议

第十三届会议

2007年12月3日至14日，巴厘岛

临时议程项目 2 (e)

组织事项

接纳观察员组织

接纳观察员：政府间和非政府组织

秘书处的说明

1. 接纳政府间组织和非政府组织为缔约方会议届会的观察员须依照《公约》第七条第6款的规定，该条除其他外规定，“任何在本公约所涉事项上具备资格的团体或机构，不管其为国家或国际的、政府或非政府的，经通知秘书处其愿意作为观察员出席缔约方会议的某届会议，均可予以接纳，除非出席的缔约方至少三分之一反对”。

2. 缔约方会议第一届会议商定，秘书处应邀请本届和今后各届会议所接纳的各政府间组织和非政府组织参加缔约方会议及其附属机构今后的各届会议，但根据《公约》和议事规则草案受到反对的任何特定组织除外(FCCC/CP/1995/7，第22段)。因此，前几届会议所接纳的所有组织(仅准许参加缔约方会议某一届会议的组织除

外)已经被邀请参加第十三届会议,但这不影响缔约方会议可能做出的决定,缔约方会议的接纳程序仅适用于新的申请者。

3. 秘书处编写了一个提出申请的新政府间组织和非政府组织名单,这些组织已表示希望参加缔约方会议第十二届会议,这一名单将由缔约方会议进行审议(见本文件附件)。

4. 在拟定这一名单时,秘书处充分考虑了《公约》第七条第6款的规定以及既定的做法:即观察员组织须提交证明,证明其在联合国会员国或联合国一专门机构成员国、国际原子能机构成员国或国际法院缔约国中具有非营利和(或)免税地位。

5. 缔约方会议主席团成员收到了这份新的申请者名单,对该名单所列组织没有提出反对意见。已通知这些组织它们获得了“被临时接纳地位”,但接纳观察员的最后批准权在缔约方会议。它还建议邀请印度尼西亚民间社会论坛参加缔约方会议第十三届会议,但如果它们想继续参加,必须在第十三届会议之后重新申请。

6. 请缔约方会议在第一次会议上给予附件中所列政府间组织和非政府组织观察员地位。

7. 同时是《京都议定书》缔约方的《公约》缔约方可能记得,第36/CMP.1号决定第2段(c)项规定,关于所适用的议事规则草案第6条和第7条:

- (a) 《公约》缔约方会议前几届会议获接纳为观察员的组织,也将获接纳参加《议定书》/《公约》缔约方会议第一届会议;
- (b) 接纳观察员组织参加缔约方会议的届会和《议定书》/《公约》缔约方会议的届会,将采用单一程序,由缔约方会议就接纳观察员组织问题作出决定。

Annex

**List of new applicant organizations for admission as observers at the
thirteenth session of the Conference of the Parties**

I. Intergovernmental organizations

1. Commission des Forêts d'Afrique Central (COMIFAC), Yaounde, Cameroon
2. International Development Law Organization (IDLO), Rome, Italy

II. Non-governmental organizations

1. Academia Argentina de Ciencias del Ambiente (AACAA), Buenos Aires, Argentina
2. ActionAid {ActionAid International Foundation} (AA), The Hague, The Netherlands
3. American Chemical Society (ACS), Washington, D.C., United States of America
4. Association Noé 21 (noé21), Geneva, Switzerland
5. Association of Overseas Countries and Territories of the European Union
{Association des Pays et Territoires d'Outre Mer de l'Union Européenne} (OCTA),
Brussels, Belgium
6. Australian Council for International Development (ACFID), Canberra, Australia
7. Australian National University (ANU), Canberra, Australia
8. Avaaz.org {Avaaz Foundation}, New York, New York, United States of America
9. Bangladesh Resource Centre for Indigenous Knowledge (BARCIK), Dhaka,
Bangladesh
10. Brazilian Business Council for Sustainable Development (CEBDS), Rio de Janeiro,
Brazil
11. CARE International Foundation {Cooperative for Assistance and Relief Everywhere}
(CARE International), Geneva, Switzerland
12. CEDA Trust, Tamil Nadu, India
13. Church Development Service {Evangelischer Entwicklungsdienst} (EED), Bonn,
Germany
14. Climate Strategies, London, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
15. Climateset, Hamburg, Germany
16. Comité belge pour les Relations internationales de Jeunesse, (CRIJ), Brussels,
Belgium

17. Comité Permanent des Industries du Verre Européennes (CPIV), Brussels, Belgium
18. Danish 92 Group – Forum for Sustainable Development, Copenhagen, Denmark
19. Duke University – Nicholas Institute, Durham, North Carolina, United States of America
20. e8, Montreal, Canada
21. EcoNexus, London, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
22. Energie et Developpement Rural (EDR), Kinshasa, Democratic Republic of Congo
23. Environment and Development Association (EDA), Accra, Ghana
24. Environmental Services Association of Nova Scotia (ESANS), Dartmouth, Nova Scotia, Canada
25. ETC Group {Action Group on Erosion, Technology and Concentration} (ETC Group), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada
26. European Climate Forum (ECF), Potsdam, Germany
27. Fauna and Flora International (FFI), Cambridge, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
28. Forest Trends Association, Washington, D.C., United States of America
29. Foundation Environment – Law - Society {Förderverein Umwelt - Recht - Gesellschaft} (FURG), Greifswald, Germany
30. Friends of Environment and Humanity Foundation (FEHUF), Tema, Ghana
31. Fundación IPADE {Instituto de promoción y apoyo al desarrollo} (iPADE), Madrid, Spain
32. Global Canopy Programme {Global Canopy Foundation} (GCP), Oxford, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
33. Global Village Energy Partnership International (GVEP), London, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
34. Global Wind Energy Council (GWEC), Brussels, Belgium
35. Groupe des jeunes agronomes actifs pour le developpement integre au Cameroon (GIC-JAADIC), Dschang, Cameroon
36. Grupo de Trabajo Amazónico (GTA), Manaus, Brazil
37. Hong Kong People's Council for Sustainable Development, Hong Kong, China
38. Humane Society International {Humane Society International Inc.} (HSI), Avalon, Australia
39. IBON Foundation, Quezon City, Philippines
40. Indigenous People of Africa Coordinating Committee {Indigenous People of Africa Coordinating Committee Trust} (IPACC), Cape Town, South Africa

41. Indonesian Civil Society Organizations Forum on Climate Change¹ (CSO Forum), Jakarta, Indonesia
42. Institut du Developpement Durable et des Relations International (IDDRI), Paris, France
43. Institute for Conservation and Sustainable Development of the Amazonas (IDESAM), Manaus, Brazil
44. Institution for Transport and Policy Studies (ITPS), Tokyo, Japan
45. International Environmental Law Research Centre (IELRC), Geneva, Switzerland
46. International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI), Washington D.C., United States of America
47. International Risk Governance Council (IRGC), Geneva, Switzerland
48. International Trade Union Confederation (ITUC), Brussels, Belgium
49. Nature and Biodiversity Conservation Union {Naturschutzbund Deutschland e.V.} (NABU), Stuttgart, Germany
50. Overseas Development Institute (ODI), London, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
51. Oxford Climate Policy, Oxford, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
52. Partenariat National de l'Eau de Côte d'Ivoire (PNECI), Abidjan, Cote d'Ivoire
53. Pusan National University – Marine Research Institute (PNU/MRI), Busan Metro City, Republic of Korea
54. Rainforest Alliance (RA), New York, New York, United States of America
55. Rainforestmaker (RFM), Boston, Massachusetts, United States of America
56. Shell Foundation, London, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
57. Tebtebba Foundation (Tebtebba), Baguio, Philippines
58. The Gold Standard Foundation, Basel, Switzerland
59. The Turkish Foundation for Combating Soil Erosion, for Reforestation and the Protection of Natural Habitats (TEMA), Istanbul, Turkey
60. The Wilderness Society, Hobart, Tasmania, Australia
61. TheCompensators*, Berlin, Germany
62. Third Generation Environmentalism (E3G), London, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
63. Transport Research Foundation (TRF), Wokingham, Berkshire, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

¹ Recommended for admittance for COP 13 only.

64. University of Guelph – Global Environmental Change Group (GECG), Guelph, Ontario, Canada
65. University of Technology, Sydney (UTS), Sydney, Australia
66. University of Tuscia {Università statale della Tuscia}, Viterbo, Italy
67. Wentworth Group of Concerned Scientists {Purves Environmental Trust}, Sydney, Australia
68. World Future Council {Foundation for promoting the World Future Council} (WFC), Hamburg, Germany
69. World Growth, Arlington, Virginia, United States of America
70. Zeri Foundation, ZERI, Gland, Switzerland

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