# LESSONS LEARNED FROM THE PRELIMINARY WORK OF THE EXPERT GROUP ON TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER ON THE TECHNOLOGY MECHANISM

PREPARING FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE TECHNOLOGY MECHANISM

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# Background

#### Mandate

- a) EGTT was mandated by the Subsidiary Bodies at their 32<sup>nd</sup> session to prepare a paper on options for the operational modalities for the Technology Executive Committee and Climate Technology Centre and Network;
- b) Focus was exclusively on areas of consensus and on specified functions as determined by the Subsidiary Bodies;
- c) Internal working paper of the EGTT.

### Menu of options

- a) to initiate thinking on the possible modalities for the Technology Mechanism.
- Relevance to the AWGLCA work programme on technology in 2011
  - a) The paper contains information that may be of use to Parties when deliberating on its work programme for 2011 on technology development and transfer
- EGTT paper is available at

http://unfccc.int/ttclear/jsp/EGTTDoc/EGTT\_Modalities\_draft\_working\_paper\_4%20November.pdf

# **Outline of the EGTT paper**

### A. INTRODUCTION

- B. AN OVERVIEW OF THE PROPOSED TECHNOLOGY MECHANISM
- C. WHAT IS MEANT BY 'MODALITIES'?
- D. TECHNOLOGY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
- 1.0 Broad features of the TEC
- 2.0 Functions and operational modalities of the TEC
- 3.0 Organizational and governance modalities and procedures

# E. CLIMATE TECHNOLOGY CENTRE AND NETWORK

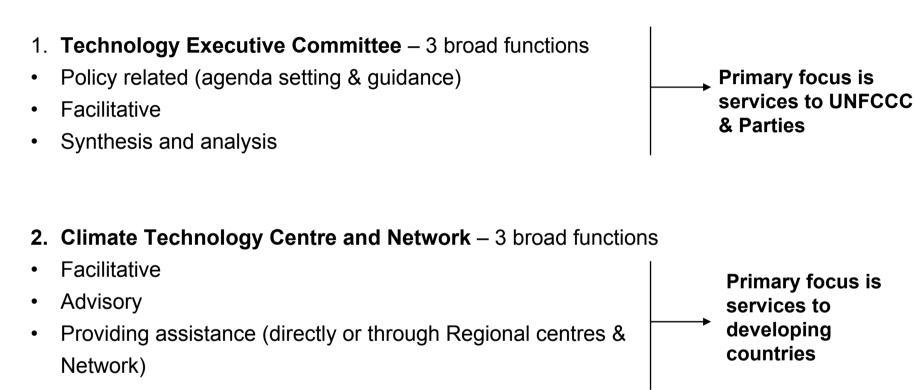
- 1.0 Broad features of the CTC and Network
- 2.0 Functions and operational modalities of the CTC and Network
- 3.0 Options for organizational and governance modalities and procedures

### F. ACHIEVING AN INTEGRATED TECHNOLOGY MECHANISM

G. POSSIBLE PRIORITIES FOR FURTHER WORK

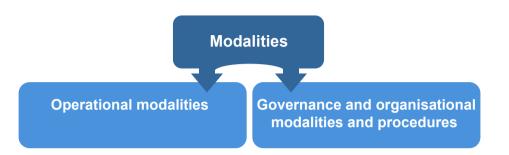
ANNEXES

# **Components of the Technology Mechanism**



Both also have possible role viz the Financing Mechanism

# **Types of Modalities**





### **Climate Technology Centre and Network – Governance issues (1)**

- The strategic role of the CTCN is important to inform its governance arrangements:
  - a) CTC as Network hub and facilitator
  - b) CTC as a broker and technology accelerator
  - c) CTC as adviser and information provider
  - d) CTCN as "matchmaker"
  - e) CTC as a catalyst and driver in developing new and expanded programmes
  - f) CTC as knowledge centre
  - g) CTC as incubator for proposals
- Possible governing body roles:
  - a) Develop strategic direction
  - b) Evaluate operational performance
  - c) Ensure effective planning
  - d) Prepare budget proposals, operating plans and reports
  - e) Ensure fiduciary standards, and legal and ethical integrity
  - f) Ensure responsiveness to Parties, consistent with guidance provided

# Climate Technology Centre and Network – Governance issues (2)

- Arrangements to balance independence and accountability:
  - a) Separation of strategic planning and guidance from operational planning and implementation
  - b) Shared reporting arrangements on the implementation of the Technology Mechanism
  - c) Formal interaction between governing bodies
  - d) Effective procedures for review and evaluation of the CTCN

#### Legal issues:

- a) What should be the legal character of the CTC?
- b) Would a legal agreement be needed between the CTC and the COP?
- Governance issues related to the Network:
  - a) How to ensure the quality/confidentiality of services provided through the Network?
  - b) What would be the process for joining the Network?
  - c) Would the Network have a regional structure?
  - d) The role of private sector organizations or sub-national entities within the Network?

#### Funding:

- a) how will the basic operations and the services provided by the CTCN be funded?;
- b) How can the finances of the Technology Mechanism be sustained?

# **Climate Technology Centre and Network – Host selection**

- The importance of a competitive selection process that is inclusive and encourages collaboration,
- Possible criteria for selection include:
  - a) Suitability of the organization to host the CTC;
  - b) The quality of the proposal to host the CTC provided by the organization;
  - c) The track record of the organization in delivering the type of functions and operational modalities assigned to the CTCN
  - d) Ability to harness external resources and mobilize existing networks and institutions;
  - e) Contribution of its own resources to the operations of the CTC;
  - f) Legal or governance issues that may limit the accountability of the CTC to the Parties.
- Possible processes for selection:
  - a) Technology Executive Committee requested to undertake selection process;
  - b) Establish a separate independent selection process (e.g. selection panel);
  - c) Nominations to host the CTC considered by the COP.

# Achieving and integrated Technology Mechanism

- An **integrated and coherent Technology Mechanism** is important:
  - a) Many TEC and CTCN functions are related and complementary
  - b) There is a need to ensure efficient and effective delivery of support
  - c) How to ensure strategic guidance and accountability while ensuring the Technology Mechanism is dynamic and responsive to Parties?
  - d) How will the Technology Mechanism form part of an overall institutional architecture for climate change?
  - e) The need to start quickly and small, and to build the Mechanism and its coherence and effectiveness over time.

### Possible further work to elaborate the Technology Mechanism

- Possible areas of follow up work identified by the EGTT include:
  - a) How to build a (financially) self-sustaining Technology Mechanism?
  - b) What are the competencies of existing technology initiatives that may form part of the Network and how can these be enhanced and harnessed?
  - c) What can we learn from existing experiences in the public and private sector on how to structure and organize the Network?
  - d) Assessment of detailed operational, legal and administrative matters that will must be overcome to ensure that the Technology Mechanism becomes fully operational

# Finally some observations from the gallery

- Try to agree on <u>what</u> needs to be done rather than <u>how</u> it needs to be done.
- Prioritise the decision elements some points can be deferred until establishment
- Fulfilling the service delivery mandate of the CTCN will require operational flexibility and responsiveness
- This is best achieved by allowing it to self organise and prioritise according to demand and guidance.
- Put in place a well qualified executive team with a clear but not overly prescriptive mandate
- Safeguard accountability through transparent Governance team
  - Board accountable
  - Financial controls
  - Board is also accountable to Parties
- Don't reinvent wheels harness the resources and experiences of existing institutions as far as possible to improve effectiveness and reduce the cost of learning
- Don't overreach too fast organisations take time to build mandates, experience and identity