Expert Meeting on "Guidance on systems for providing information on how the safeguards for REDD-plus activities are addressed and respected"

Panama City, Panama 8 - 9 October, 2011

Co-chairs' summary

Lessons

- Information systems are useful because they:
 - o inform stakeholders
 - o are potential tools to improve governance
 - o are helpful for identifying opportunities and avoiding negative impacts
 - o could build confidence that the safeguards are addressed
- Recognition of a diversity of national and international safeguard systems
- In most cases there is no need to develop new systems and indicators. It is more a matter of combining existing systems and instruments and of policy coherence
- Addressing the safeguards and providing information on them is a learning process with continuous improvement
- Guidance for information systems needs to be realistic in terms of national capacities
- It is useful to integrate safeguards in national planning from the beginning
- Early stakeholder participation leads to increased confidence and creates long-term benefits
- Implementing safeguard systems is costly and capacities are not always in place; that's one of the reasons why existing safeguard systems are not always implemented
- Countries could provide information at the national level with a different frequency than at the international level
- Countries could provide information through National Communications and biennial reports, and also potentially through additional channels such as a web platform
- It could be useful to make a distinction between :"addressing" and "respecting" the safeguards

Elements of COP decision

- Preambular text
 - Recognition of existing systems and the usefulness of harmonisation at the international level
 - Recognition of the consistency with national sovereignty, national legislation and national circumstances
- Characteristics:
 - o simplicity
 - o consistency
 - o transparency
 - o completeness
 - o regularity
 - o accessibility for all stakeholders
 - o flexibility
 - o Comprehensiveness
 - o adequacy
 - o discussion about comparability and accuracy
- Design:
 - o build on existing systems
 - o guidance should be general enough to accommodate different national circumstances and respect national legislation
 - o Systems should be flexible to allow for improvement over time
 - o A 'matrix' could be a useful tool to compare or map Parties' existing safeguards to the 7 safeguards from the Cancun decision
- Provision of information: use national communication, and potentially the use of biennial reports