

Non-paper by the facilitator
Cooperative sectoral approaches and sector-specific actions
Objective, scope and guiding principles

**Paragraphs 129 to 133 of the Annex to
FCCC/AWGLCA/2009/INF.1***

**Informal group
Mitigation 1b(iv) sectoral approaches
13/08/2009, 19.00**

Ref. to prev. paras. x.1	<i>[What cooperative sectoral approaches and sector-specific actions (CSA) should do]:</i>
129.1	1. Cooperative sectoral approaches and sector-specific actions” shall be focused on the enhanced implementation of Article 4.1 (c) of the Convention, on: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) The development, application and diffusion, including transfer, of technologies, practices and processes that control, reduce or prevent anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases not controlled by the Montreal Protocol in all relevant sectors, including, but not limited to, the energy, transport, industry, agriculture, forestry, health, tourism and waste management sectors;(b) The provision of information on available technologies, conditions of access to and financing transfer of these technologies, including the development of effective modalities for the implementation of all stages of the technology cycle, from development, application, transfer, and diffusion;(c) Actions that cover the whole scope of technologies for both adaptation and mitigation, including those that control, reduce and prevent emissions, and for abatement of increases in emissions and enhancement of and removal by sinks, and include those technologies that are publicly owned or in the public domain, as well as those held by the private sector.
129	2. Cooperative sectoral approaches and sector-specific actions should enhance the implementation of Article 4.1 (g) and (h) of the Convention through the provision of financial resources, including for transfer of technology, at agreed full incremental costs in accordance with Article 4.3 of the Convention.
129 (a)	3. [Cooperative sectoral approaches and sector-specific actions {shall} {should} enhance the implementation of Article 4.1(c) of the Convention. To this end, these approaches and actions {should}]: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) [Be applied at the national level [only];](b) Be applicable to all sectors;(c) [[Be tailored to][Take into account] national sector-specific needs and priorities and [consider] social and economic conditions and other relevant factors;]
129 (a).2	
129 (b)	

* The text in this paper reflects comments provided by Parties on the revised negotiating text during the August informal consultations. The reference to objectives, scope and guiding principles (*in italics*) are used to indicate the structure but will be removed from the text. This text was not negotiated.

- 129(c) (d) [[Strengthen][[Be aimed at strengthening] cooperative actions within any phase of the technological cycle and facilitate the management of technical and financial resources for the implementation of NAMAs;]]
4. *[What they should do for all Parties]:*
- 132 (a) [The implementation of cooperative sectoral approaches and sector-specific actions should [complement and support national commitments of all Parties under Article 4.1;]]
- 130 (b) [Cooperative sectoral approaches and sector-specific actions should be implemented as analytical tools to inform national mitigation efforts, taking into account the capabilities of each sector;]
- 129 (a) (c) [Be used in the definition and implementation of mitigation actions in developed and developing countries;]
- 130 (d) [Bottom-up sectoral analysis may be used as a tool for analysing mitigation potential, based on recent scientific findings and existing knowledge, using a common methodology to determine sectoral baselines of Parties;]
- 130 (e) [Contribute to the enhancement of Parties' [measurable, reportable and verifiable] actions in order to ensure environmental integrity;]
- 129 (d) (f) [[Assist in fostering][Foster private- and public-sector][national initiatives in R&D, capacity-building and [technological] [technology] cooperation;]
- 130 (g) [Cooperative sectoral approaches and sector-specific actions may also be used as instruments for both market and non-market mechanisms.]
5. *[What they should do for developed country Parties]:*
- 130 (a) (a) For developed country Parties, sectoral efforts may contribute to, but cannot replace, legally binding absolute emission reduction targets (QELRCs) and mitigation commitments for all Annex I Parties.
6. *[What they should do for developing country Parties]:*
- 129 (e) (a) [[Assist in achieving [the levels of] financing and technology transfer] [necessary to address climate change] in a measurable, reportable and verifiable manner;]
[Facilitate as appropriate in obtaining finance, technology and know-how to address climate change in a measurable, reportable and verifiable manner;]
- 129 (f) (b) [Facilitate the identification of best practices and best available technologies for each sector through cross-border analysis and promote the transfer of those best practices and best available technologies [from developed country Parties through analysing reduction potentials and setting indicators];]

[Facilitate the identification of best practices and best available technologies and promote the exchange of information;]
- 130 (b) (c) For developing country Parties, domestic sectoral efforts may be one option in the toolbox for national mitigation actions.
- 133 7. [Cooperative sectoral or sector-specific actions by developing countries to control their GHG emissions represent modalities of their implementation of Article 4.1 of the Convention. Annex II Parties

Ref. to prev. paras.	must therefore meet their commitments for the provision of support for these actions to developing countries in accordance with Article 4.3, 4.5 and 4.7 of the Convention.]
	<i>Alternative to paragraph 7:</i>
133 Alt	[Actions by developing countries to control their GHG emissions in the framework of cooperative sectoral approaches or sector-specific actions represent modalities of their implementation of Article 4.1 of the Convention. Annex II Parties must therefore meet their commitments for the provision of financial support in accordance with Article 4.3 and for the transfer of environmentally sound technology and know-how in accordance with Article 4.5 Convention. Article 4.7 on the balance between the provision of support by developed country Parties and implementation by developing country Parties also applies to such cooperative sectoral approaches or sector-specific actions.]
129 (a).1	8. [What they should not do]:
132	(a) [Cooperative sectoral approaches and sector-specific actions should not be used to circumvent or undermine the differentiation made in the Convention between Annex I and non-Annex I Parties or modify their respective commitments and obligations;]
	(b) [The implementation of cooperative sectoral approaches should [not replace the national targets of developed country Parties [or lead to [new commitments for developing country Parties, [trans-national or national emission reduction targets,]] arbitrary or unjustifiable discrimination or disguised restriction on international trade [, or the application of global uniform and equal standards for Parties]]];]
129 (a)	(c) [Sectoral approaches and sector-specific actions should be cooperative and not imposed by one Party or some Parties on other Parties;]
133 Alt	(d) [In particular, inclusion of international transport in an ETS shall not impose constraints and incremental costs on developing countries. Developing countries should be exempted or, if included they should be given financial and technological support to enable them to comply with these provisions without incurring any incremental costs.]
