

REPUBLICA MOLDOVA

Comisia națională pentru implementarea și realizarea prevederilor Convenției-cadru a Organizației Națiunilor Unite cu privire la schimbarea climei, precum și a mecanismelor și prevederilor Protocolului de la Kyoto



REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA

National Commission for the implementation and realization of the commitments under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and of the mechanisms and provisions of the Kyoto Protocol

To:  
UNFCCC Secretariat  
P.O. Box 260124  
D-53153 Bonn  
Germany  
Email: [secretariat@unfccc.int](mailto:secretariat@unfccc.int)

March 22, 2013

*RE: Inputs to the 38<sup>th</sup> meeting of SBSTA in response to the decision 2/CMP.7, paragraph 5, on development of modalities and procedures for comprehensive accounting of anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks from LULUCF activities under the CDM*

Republic of Moldova welcomes the opportunity to submit inputs to the 38<sup>th</sup> meeting of the SBSTA on the work programme to develop modalities and procedures for more comprehensive accounting of anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks from LULUCF activities including through a more inclusive activity based approach or a land based approach under the clean development mechanism (decision 2/CMP7, paragraph 5).

Comprehensive accounting as a framework is relevant for developing and developed countries to quantify mitigation opportunities from LULUCF in accordance with national circumstances and capabilities. It can promote consistent procedures for accounting of anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks occurring in a landscape and permit extension of cost effective monitoring and reporting systems to additional LULUCF activities over time. It can also integrate principles of activity-based and land-based accounting taking into account national circumstances and capabilities.

The modalities and procedures of comprehensive accounting need to reflect principles that facilitate harmonization of accounting procedures of different land use activities; encourage knowledge transfer; and capacity building on monitoring and reporting systems in developing and developed country contexts.

Republic of Moldova recommends the SBSTA to consider developing modalities and procedures that promote broad principles of comprehensive accounting of anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks; relevant to a wide range of LULUCF activities; promote cost effective monitoring, accounting and reporting procedures; and recognize national circumstances and capabilities of developing and developed countries.

Yours sincerely

Gheorghe ȘALARU  
Minister of Environment,  
UNFCCC Focal Point,  
Chairman of Designed National Authority of the Republic of Moldova for CDM.