



# Technical good practice guidance on climate change adaptation for port and inland navigation infrastructure

## **PIANC Working Group 178**

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# Navigating a Changing Climate GCA initiative

#### **Partners**

- The World Association for Waterborne Transport Infrastructure (**PIANC**)
- International Association of Ports and Harbors (IAPH)
- International Bulk Terminals Association (IBTA)
- International Harbour Masters' Association (IHMA)
- International Maritime Pilots' Association (IMPA)
- Smart Freight Centre (SFC)
- Institute of Marine Engineering, Science and Technology (IMarEST)
- European Dredging Association (EuDA)
- European Sea Ports Organisation (ESPO)
- Inland Waterways International (IWI)

#### **Objectives**

- **1. Improve** sector-wide **awareness** of climate change; the challenges facing waterborne transport infrastructure and potential solutions or opportunities
- Create and facilitate knowledge networks, promoting the **sharing of experience** and good practice between state and nonstate actors at international, regional and national levels
- 3. Develop or facilitate the preparation of **technical good practice guidance**, training opportunities and web-based resources
- 4. Provide a coordinated, global focal point: a 'centre of excellence' to **support** the owners, operators and users of waterborne transport infrastructure **in building mitigation and adaptation capacity**



## **Navigating a Changing Climate Action Plan**

# Potential climate change impacts

- Increases in **flooding** frequency or severity due to sea level rise or precipitation changes
- Increased frequency of extreme wind, waves or storms
- Changes in **sediment transport**, erosion
- Potential for changes in **fog** characteristics or other visibility issues
- Changes in **ice** cover, snowmelt
- Changes in **river flow**, water availability, drought
- Air and water **temperature** increases; water chemistry changes

#### Why act?

- Maintain infrastructure integrity
- Ensure navigational safety
- Reduce downtime
- Protect business continuity

#### WG 178 technical guidance\*

- 1. Understand the **context**; set objectives
- 2. Understand the climate related **impacts**
- 3. Understand the vulnerabilities and **risks**
- 4. Identify and implement adaptation and resilience **measures**

\* Not a 'standard' as such



# **Working Group 178 technical guidance**

#### Amongst the challenges ...

- **Conventional statistical methods** that rely on past history may not predict certain extreme events if there is non-stationarity in the system. Design (i) to facilitate modification and (ii) to 'fail gracefully'
- **Conventional option evaluation techniques** using discount rates may not be cope well if there is uncertainty about the timing of benefits. Multi-criteria analysis or the Ecosystem Based Approach may be more useful

#### And the lessons learned ...

- Promote **adaptive management** and **flexibility in infrastructure design** through revised standards, methodologies, planning processes and evaluation techniques
- Review and refocus business case development and investment financing criteria
- Develop real-time **monitoring** and **early warning** systems; prepare contingency plans
- **Monitor** asset condition and prioritise **maintenance** to maximise adaptive capacity
- Facilitate information exchange, share **good practice**, feed back into guidelines / standards
- Engage all stakeholders to exploit opportunities for **integration**, **interconnectivity** and improved **efficiency**; use **nature-based solutions**



# Thanks for listening!



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