

Mode choice in urban transport, fuel use and emissions

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Outline

- 1. Without new mobility patterns transport is unlikely to decarbonize
- 2. Investment alone is unlikely to contain the surge into individual mobility
- 3. Comprehensive change is obtained if a broad reform agenda conveys social costs
- 4. The historical record shows that countries have a choice



Without new mobility patterns transport is unlikely to decarbonize

Comparison of flagship scenarios IEA and DoE

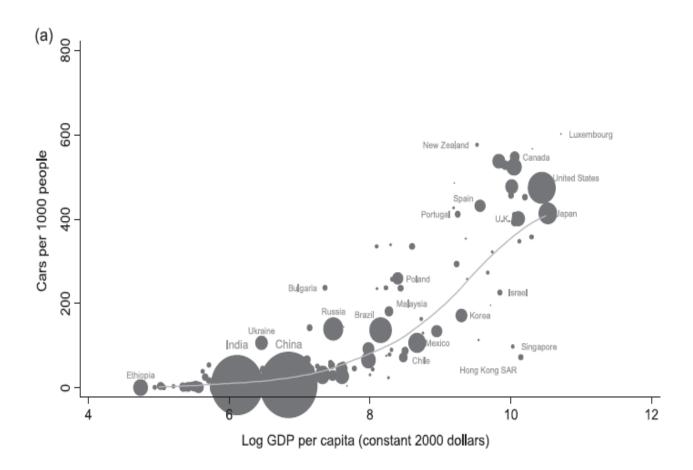
Cutting energy-related emissions in half by 2050			
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	Predicted Percentage to Be Remov	ved by Sector	
Sector	World Energy Outlook	MiniCam (DoE)	
Power	-71	-87	
Building	-41	-50	
Transport	-30	47	
Industry	-21	-71	
Total	-50	-50	



Title of Presentation

Investment alone is unlikely to contain the surge into individual mobility

Motorization trend increases exponentially with development





Comprehensive change is obtained if a broad reform agenda conveys social costs

Summary of External Costs in Transport, Washington Example

Marginal external costs

Fuel-related costs	cents/gallon cents/mile			
Greenhouse warming Oil dependency	6 12	0.3 0.6		
Distance-related costs				
Local pollution	42	2		
Congestion	105	5		
Accidents	63	3		

Source: Parry et al. 2007 (RFF)



The historical record shows that countries have a choice: High shares of mass transit (and rail) determine EE

