

LEG training workshops for 2012-2013 - - Francophone LDCs workshop

Module 1: Setting the stage

1.1. Overview of the training workshop and introducing the training materials



Least Developed Countries Expert Group (LEG)

In this module

Where are we?

Module 1: Setting the stage

- 1.1. Overview of the training
- 1.2. Introduction to the training materials
- 1.3. Introduction to the LDC work programme, NAPAs, LEG, LDCF, and the NAP process
- 1.4. Addressing cc adaptation

Module 2: Implementation strategies for the NAPA

Module 3: Accessing financial resources for implementation of NAPA

Module 4: Best practices and lessons learned

Module 5: Tracking progress, monitoring and evaluation

Module 6: Tracking progress, M&E

Module 7: The NAP process

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CASE STUDIES



Objectives

- a) To enhance the capacity of LDCs to **implement NAPAs successfully**;
- b) To **enhance the capacity of LDCs to implement the other elements of the LDC work programme**, other than the preparation and implementation of NAPAs
- c) To **promote gender and other considerations regarding vulnerable communities** in the design and implementation of adaptation projects.



Objectives

- d) To enhance the capacity of LDCs to **undertake processes for medium- and long-term adaptation, in particular national adaptation plans (NAPs)**, building upon NAPAs;
- e) To enhance the capacity of LDCs to **integrate their medium- and long-term adaptation needs into development planning**
- f) To promote **exchange of information, best practices and lessons learned** among the LDCs;



Approach and activities

- a) Presentations to guide the workshop (key topics and concepts, experiences from others, practical sessions outcomes, etc);
- b) Interactive exercises to facilitate discussions;
- c) Case studies of specific country experiences (e.g. on planning and implementing adaptation);
- d) Practical work sessions to discuss concepts introduced in the workshops;
- e) Field trip to exchange experience and discuss potential adaptation solutions (plans, strategies, projects, programmes, policies, etc) with local communities on addressing climate change adaptation on the ground;
- f) Training of trainers.



Expected outcomes

All have acquired knowledge on:

- a) Relevant climate data and information for planning and implementing adaptation, and their respective sources;
- b) Different approaches, concepts, methods and tools for developing and successfully implementing NAPA projects;
- c) Practical issues to be taken into consideration for an effective process, at the national level, on identifying medium- and long-term adaptation needs, integrating them into development planning, and implementing identified adaptation activities;
- d) Practical methods, tools and information needs to effectively strengthen gender-related considerations and considerations regarding vulnerable communities in the design and implementation of adaptation activities;
- e) Experiences, best practices and lesson learned, at the regional level, on implementing adaptation through the NAPA process, and through other relevant processes.



Topics to be covered

Module 1: Introduction - the LDC work programme, NAPAs, LEG, LDCF, and the NAP process

Module 2: Designing implementation strategies for the NAPA

2.2. Success stories in designing implementation strategies
(*experiences by countries*)

2.3. Exploring synergies

2.4. Toward full implementation of NAPA

Module 3: Accessing financial resources

5.1. Intro. to the GEF and the LDCF

5.2. Formulating funding proposals

5.3. PIF, PPG and CEO end. processes

5.4. Adaptation cost and co-financing

5.5. Latest developments on GEF-LDCF

5.6. Accessing resources under the AF



Overview schedule

Module 4: Best practices and lessons learned

Module 5: Tracking progress, monitoring and evaluation

5.1. Assessment of the NAPA: progress, quality, revision and update

5.2. Tracking progress

5.3. Monitoring and evaluation

5.4. Communication strategy (documentation)

Module 6: Mainstreaming adaptation into development

6.1. Climate change and adaptation in development

6.2. Adaptation in development context

6.3. National development processes

6.4. Integrating adaptation into development

6.5. Examples of adaptation activities



Overview schedule

Module 7: Mainstreaming adaptation into development

- 7.1. Introducing the NAP process
- 7.2. Learning from the NAPA process
- 7.3. Laying the groundwork and addressing gaps
- 7.4. Preparatory elements
- 7.5. Implementation strategies
- 7.6. Scoping the work for the next 3 years



LEG training workshops for 2012-2013

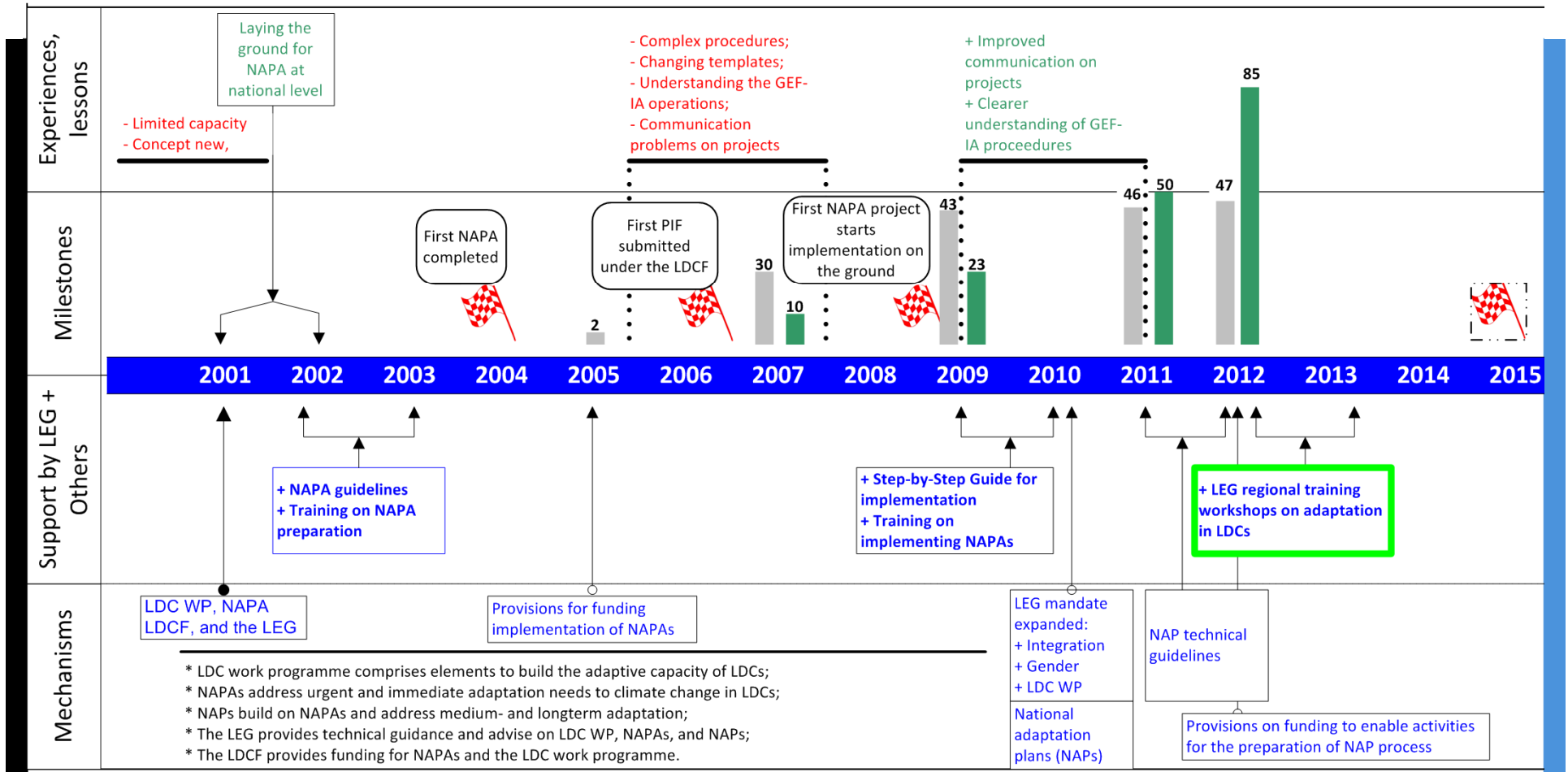
- Francophone LDCs workshop

Module 1: Setting the stage

1.3. Introduction to the LDC work programme, NAPAs, LEG, LDCF, and the NAP process



Roadmap on addressing adaptation in LDCs under the Convention



■ NAPAs submitted to the secretariat

■ PIFs approved by GEF Council for funding under LDCF



The LDC work programme

- a) Strengthening existing and, where needed, establishing, national climate change secretariats and/or focal points to enable the effective implementation of the Convention and the Kyoto Protocol in LDCs;
- b) Providing training, on an ongoing basis, in negotiation skills and language, where needed, to develop the capacity of negotiators from the least developed countries to participate effectively in the climate change process;
- c) **Supporting the preparation of NAPAs;**
- d) Promotion of public awareness programmes to ensure the dissemination of information on climate change issues;
- e) Development and transfer of technology, particularly adaptation technology (in accordance with decision 4/CP.7);
- f) Strengthening the capacity of meteorological and hydrological services to collect, analyse, interpret and disseminate weather and climate information to support implementation of NAPAs.



Implementation of the LDC work programme

The LEG recommends that :

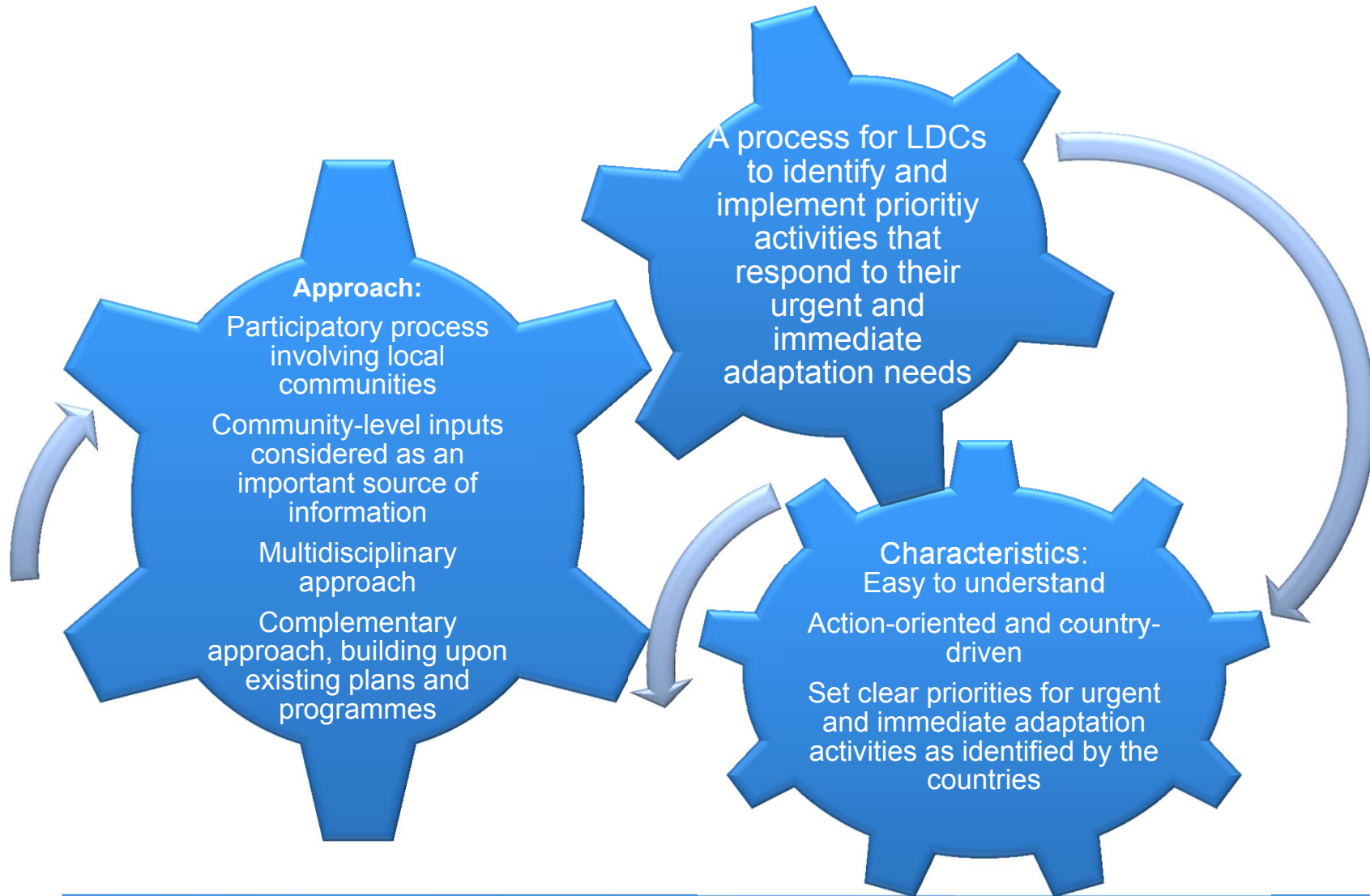
a) The elements of the LDC work programme (other than the NAP) could be implemented as:

- **Enabling activities** that could be **part of a global programme** (projects by one or more GEF agencies) for all LDCs with support provided to each country based on their prioritization of the elements of the LDC work programme;
- **Medium- or full-sized projects based on the LDCF resources** available to each LDC using existing modalities for implementing NAPA priorities;
- **Whenever it is possible and practical**, the **GEF could also facilitate direct access by LDCs** for the implementation of the other elements of the LDC work programme other than the NAPA.

b) NAPAs are implemented through the LDCF



National adaptation programmes of action (NAPAs)



Implementation of NAPAs

- a) Implemented through the LDCF and follow the GEF project cycle for LDCF projects:
 - Development of a PIF;
 - PPG;
 - CEO endorsement;

- b) Key players:
 - National NAPA teams, and agencies;
 - LEG;
 - GEF and agencies;
 - Other co-financing agencies;

- c) Approaches
 - So far mostly project based approaches;
 - Programmatic approaches envisaged as next phases.



The Least Developed Countries Expert Group (LEG)

Established at COP 7 (2001)

- To provide *technical guidance* and *advise* to LDCs on **NAPAs**. Over the years, the mandate of the LEG has progressively been expanded, and now includes support to LDCs on the **NAPAs**, the **LDC work programme** and the **NAP process**
- Has served 4 terms [[2002-2003](#), [2004-2005](#), [2006-2007](#), [2008-2010](#)], and now in its 5th term [[2011-2015](#)]

Membership

- 10 members from LDCs (5 Africa, 2 Asia, 2 SIDS, 1 from any LDC)
- 3 members from Annex II Parties

Supports LDCs through

- Guidelines, technical papers, publications on NAPAs, etc.
- Training workshops, side events, and special events
- Regular surveys to LDC focal points, and one-to-one advise; collaboration with GEF and agencies, and other organizations



The national adaptation plan (NAP) process

Established in 2010

- a) As a process to enable LDCs to formulate and implement national adaptation plans (NAPs), building on NAPAs, as a means for:
 - Identifying medium- and long-term adaptation needs, and their integration into development planning;
 - Developing and implementing strategies and programmes to address those needs;
- b) Other developing country Parties to employ the modalities formulated to support the NAPs in the elaboration of their planning efforts.

Progress so far

- Initial guidelines adopted in 2011
- The LEG has recently developed detailed technical guidelines
- The LEG is also compiling support needs for the NAP process
- Financial support is currently being discussed

Further details on NAP process on separate presentations



What are the views on how these mechanisms/processes have build, are building, or can build adaptive capacity in LDCs:

Individual/human capacity (e.g. skills, knowledge);

Institutional capacity (e.g. responsible agency(ies), national committees, etc.);

Systemic/societal capacity (e.g. public awareness, enabling environment, regulatory, legislative and policy frameworks, accountability frameworks).

