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NATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS FROM PARTIES INCLUDED IN ANNEX I TO THE CONVENTION

<u>Report on clarifications, additions and amendments to the revised guidelines for the</u> <u>preparation of national communications by Parties included in Annex I to the Convention</u> <u>(including part I of the reporting guidelines on inventories)</u>

Note by the secretariat

Addendum

COMMON REPORTING FORMAT

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I. INTRODUCTION

A. Background

1. Experts attending the workshop on methodological issues related to greenhouse gas (GHG) inventories held in Bonn from 9 to 11 December 1998 (see FCCC/SBSTA/1999/INF.1) suggested that the secretariat prepare a draft common reporting format, in consultation with the IPCC Programme,¹ for the provision of inventory information by Annex I Parties to the Convention.

2. A first draft of the common reporting format was presented to the participants in a second workshop held in Bonn, 17-19 March 1999 (see FCCC/SB/1999/1) for their review and comments. These comments were taken into account in preparing the draft common reporting format contained in the annex to this note.

B. <u>Scope of the note</u>

3. The common reporting format builds on the reporting tables of the Revised 1996 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories, referred to in this note as the IPCC Guidelines. It is intended to be an integral part of the UNFCCC reporting guidelines on inventories² (see FCCC/SB/1999/1). At the urging of the participants in the second workshop referred to in paragraph 2, the draft of the common reporting format contained in this note was put on the secretariat's Web site by 15 April 1999 to allow Parties to comment on it by 15 May 1999. These comments may facilitate the consideration by the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice (SBSTA) of the draft common reporting format and the draft UNFCCC reporting guidelines on inventories.

4. The rationale and explanations of the common reporting format, presented in paragraphs 5 to 34 of this note, are intended to enhance understanding of the common reporting format. Once agreed to by Parties, the common reporting format will only contain tables and their reporting instructions.

¹ The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) - International Energy Agency (IEA) Programme on National Greenhouse Gas Inventories is referred to as the IPCC Programme in this note. By decision of the fourteenth Plenary of the IPCC, the functions of this programme will be assumed by the IPCC Task Force on Inventories, to be located in Japan in 1999.

 $^{^2}$ "UNFCCC reporting guidelines on inventories" refers in this note to the guidelines for the preparation of national communications by Parties included in Annex I to the Convention, part I: inventories.

II. COMMON REPORTING FORMAT

A. Existing reporting practices and their limitations

5. The SBSTA, at its fourth session, concluded that Parties should use the IPCC Guidelines to estimate and report on anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks of greenhouse gases not controlled by the Montreal Protocol (FCCC/SBSTA/1996/20, para. 30). This was subsequently reaffirmed by decision 2/CP.3 on methodological issues related to the Kyoto Protocol (FCCC/CP/1997/7/Add.1).

6. Under the IPCC Guidelines, Parties may select from different methods (tiers) included in the guidelines, giving priority to those methods considered to produce the most accurate estimates according to the availability of data. Parties may use other comparable methodologies, which they consider better able to reflect their national situation, provided that these are compatible with the IPCC Guidelines and are well documented.

7. However, irrespective of which methodologies are applied in preparing inventories, the IPCC Guidelines request that all Parties report inventory data using the reporting framework contained in the guidelines. This currently consists of the following components:

- (a) Summary report tables (IPCC Guidelines, vol. I, Reporting Instructions);
- (b) Sectoral report tables (IPCC Guidelines, vol. I, Reporting Instructions);
- (c) Overview Table (IPCC Guidelines, vol. I, Reporting Instructions); and
- (d) Worksheets (IPCC Guidelines, vol. II, Workbook).

8. The summary, sectoral report and overview tables do not provide information on either activity data or emission factors. This information is only provided in the worksheets. However, very few Annex I Parties provide the worksheets in their inventory submissions, with the exception of worksheet 1-1, i.e. the reference approach for carbon dioxide (CO_2) emissions from fuel combustion, which has been submitted by several Parties.

9. There are many reasons for the worksheets not being submitted by Parties. These include the use of different levels of disaggregation to prepare inventories, the use of methods to prepare inventories which do not require worksheets in the requested form, the large number of worksheets requested and the fact that the worksheets are often prepared in national languages.

10. Activity data and emission factors were requested in the standard data tables of the 1995 version of the IPCC Guidelines. These tables did not provide the level of detail necessary to enable the reconstruction of an inventory, but they did assist the process of comparing activity data with international statistics and cross-comparing emission factors among Parties. They also facilitated the assessment of the transparency and completeness of the inventory data.

11. However, due to changes to some sectors introduced by the IPCC Guidelines, it is no longer possible to directly apply many of the standard data tables. Furthermore, the standard data tables did not provide for information related to some key assumptions and reporting conventions underlying the emission estimates, such as the allocation of livestock to a climate region or the use of net or gross calorific values in the energy sector calculations.

12. Neither the IPCC standard data tables nor the IPCC worksheets provide means for reporting new information requested by the UNFCCC reporting guidelines on inventories, *inter alia*, CO_2 equivalent emissions and recalculations of the base year.

B. Approach of the common reporting format

13. The draft common reporting format for the provision of inventory information by Annex I Parties was prepared with a view to overcoming the limitations discussed in the above section. It is intended that the common reporting format will ensure a minimum level of transparency, consistency, comparability and completeness in inventory information submitted to the Convention.

14. The preparation of the draft common reporting format sought to provide for, *inter alia*:

(a) The electronic submission of inventory information, leading to the improved and timely processing of inventory information and preparation of technical analysis and synthesis reports;

(b) The quick identification of possible errors, misunderstandings and omissions in inventory information as part of the technical review process;

(c) Comparisons of activity data with international statistics and checks for the consistency of activity data over time;

(d) Comparisons of aggregate emission factors among Parties and over time;

(e) The provision of aggregate CO_2 equivalent emissions;

(f) The reporting of recalculations to data previously submitted and the provision of the reasons for their recalculation; and

(g) The reporting of anticipated future improvements in methodologies.

15. <u>The draft common reporting format maintains consistency with current IPCC reporting practices. The sectoral report tables of the reporting framework provided by the IPCC Guidelines form the core of the draft common reporting format.</u> In order to maintain consistent

reporting across Annex I and non-Annex I Parties, these tables were not modified.³ These tables maintain the reporting of emissions of carbon monoxide (CO), non-methane volatile organic compounds (NMVOC), nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and sulphur dioxide (SO₂), while the other tables only provide information on carbon dioxide (CO₂), methane (CH₄), nitrous oxide (N₂O), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs) and sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆) emissions.

16. The sectoral report tables were supplemented by sectoral background data tables for providing activity data, aggregate emission factors and other key assumptions underlying the estimates of GHG emissions and removals. These are intended to enhance the transparency and comparability of inventory information and to facilitate technical reviews. The tables are aimed at facilitating comparisons of inventory data among Parties using methods with levels of complexity that may or may not be similar. Current reporting practices among Annex I Parties indicate that Parties use methods of different complexity to estimate their emissions and removals.

17. The sectoral background data tables are based on the standard data tables contained in the 1995 version of the IPCC Guidelines, but take account of methodological changes made in the 1996 version of the IPCC Guidelines. Consistency was maintained with the source/sink categories used in the IPCC Guidelines.

18. The draft common reporting format also provides a means for reporting inventory information requested by the UNFCCC reporting guidelines on inventories. Additional tables were provided for this purpose.

19. Although the common reporting format is intended to provide mainly numerical data in electronic form, several tables provide for textual explanations. The relevant cells in the spreadsheets wrap automatically and extend downwards and therefore provide sufficient space to enter the necessary text. This is the case for tables on recalculations, completeness and anticipated future improvements in methodologies. In addition, some tables include documentation boxes for providing further textual information to clarify the content of the tables.

20. The draft common reporting format does not seek to allow the full reconstruction of a GHG inventory, as this would require the submission of an enormous amount of information. It is intended that the common reporting format will facilitate the technical review of inventory information, but that the reconstruction of GHG inventories by expert review teams will require access to all relevant information used in estimating emissions and removals. Parties should also gather and archive this information according to the UNFCCC reporting guidelines on inventories.

³ An additional sectoral report provides for the reporting of HFCs, PFCs and SF_6 by chemical species. One further minor change was made to the energy sectoral report by including emissions from multilateral operations as a memo item.

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21. The common reporting format, if adopted, would be provided electronically to Parties by the secretariat and would be available on the UNFCCC Web site. Parties would use this format to submit their national inventory data electronically.

C. Content of the common reporting format

22. The draft common reporting format includes the summary, sectoral report and overview tables of the IPCC Guidelines, as well as newly developed tables as shown in the box below. The new tables are discussed in the following paragraphs. The annex to this note contains the draft common reporting format, including a full list of tables, and reporting instructions.

Tables of the common reporting format			
IPCC tables	New tables		
Summary report tables	CO ₂ equivalent emissions summary report table		
Sectoral report tables	Sectoral report table for HFCs, PFCs and SF_6 from industrial processes Sectoral background data tables (with activity data and emission factors)		
Worksheet 1-1: CO ₂ from energy sources (reference approach) Overview table ⁴	Comparison table for CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion Feedstocks and international bunkers tables Recalculations, completeness, anticipated improvements and trend tables.		
	[Method/data tables] ⁵		

23. CO_2 equivalent emissions summary report. In addition to reporting GHG emissions on a gas-by-gas basis, Parties should report aggregate emissions of CO_2 , CH_4 , N_2O , HFCs, PFCs and SF₆, expressed in CO_2 equivalent terms using the 1995 IPCC global warming potential (GWP) values with a 100-year time horizon. This table also provides information on the relative shares of overall CO_2 equivalent emissions contributed by each gas, source category and sector.⁶

⁴ This table is provided for reporting uncertainties until the ongoing work of the IPCC on this matter is completed and new tables for reporting uncertainties are adopted by the COP.

⁵ These tables were included in the version presented at the workshop in Bonn, but are not included in the current version of the note, as explained in paragraph 34.

⁶ The table to show the relative shares of the overall CO_2 equivalent emissions contributed by each gas, sector and source/sink category is under modification to take account of removals from land-use change and forestry. The table of relative shares excluding the effects of land-use change and forestry, as presented to the workshop referred to in paragraph 2, is also not included for reasons of consistency. The secretariat intends to provide these tables for consideration by the SBSTA at its tenth session.

24. Sectoral report for HFCs PFCs and SF_6 from industrial processes. This table was developed to provide for the disaggregate reporting of emissions of HFCs, PFCs and SF_6 by chemical species, as requested by the UNFCCC reporting guidelines on inventories. The current sectoral report tables for industrial processes do not provide for this disaggregated information. The table requests information on both actual and potential emissions of these gases, as well as on the ratio of potential to actual emissions in the source category related to consumption of halocarbons and SF_6 .

25. *Sectoral background data tables.* These tables supplement the sectoral report tables by providing activity data and aggregate emission factors. Key assumptions underlying the emission estimates are also included in these tables. The tables do not generally include the emission estimates themselves, except in cases where the estimates provided by the sectoral report tables are highly aggregated. This breakdown by source or gas is intended to improve transparency and covers fugitive emissions from the energy sector, and emissions from agricultural soils and land-use change and forestry.⁷

26. Comparison table for CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion. This table compares estimates of CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion calculated using national methodologies and using the methodology of the reference approach, as requested by the IPCC Guidelines. A documentation box is also provided for Parties to explain in writing any difference greater than 2 per cent between these estimates.

27. *Feedstocks table.* This table provides information on the quantity of carbon stored through the use of feedstocks. The purpose of this table is to allow Parties to report their treatment of feedstocks in a transparent manner.

28. *International bunkers and multilateral operations table*. This table provides activity data and emission factors for international bunker fuel emissions. A box is included for additional information on the bunker fuels used under national and foreign flags. The documentation box supplementing the table requests an explanation of how marine and aviation fuel consumption was separated into national use and international bunkers. There is a row specified for Parties that decide to report aggregated activity data and emission factors for multilateral operations.⁸

29. *Recalculations table*. This table provides information on the magnitude of the changes to emission estimates submitted in previous years as a result of recalculations. The information is

⁷ The *background data table on CO*₂ *emissions and removals from soil*, in the land-use change and forestry sector, is not included in this version of the draft common reporting format. Further development of this table is required, including consultation with relevant experts and the IPCC Programme. The secretariat intends to provide this table for consideration by the SBSTA at its tenth session.

⁸ In accordance with decision 2/CP.3, emissions resulting from multilateral operations pursuant to the Charter of the United Nations shall not be included in national totals, but reported separately; other emissions related to operations shall be included in the national emission totals of one or more Parties involved (FCCC/CP/1997/7/Add.1).

requested in CO_2 equivalent terms by source and gas. The table also provides space for explanations of changes in calculation methods, emission factors and activity data, and of the inclusion of new sources that give rise to the recalculations.

30. *Completeness table*. This table requests a list of sources and sinks requested by the IPCC Guidelines but not included in the submitted inventory, and those sources and sinks allocated to sectors other than those suggested by the IPCC Guidelines. An explanation of the reasons for these deviations from the IPCC Guidelines is also requested. The completeness table also allows Parties to provide information on greenhouse gases with GWP values not yet agreed upon by the COP.

31. *Anticipated future improvements table*. This table requests information on anticipated future improvements, either ongoing or planned, in the methodologies used by Parties and on the expected results of such work.

32. *Trend tables*. These tables facilitate the uniform reporting by all Parties of trends in emissions over time, from the base year and for all subsequent years,⁹ by sector and gas. Trend tables go beyond the annual information requested by the common reporting format. However, they could be useful for uniform reporting of the trends across Parties. Such information could also be part of the national inventory reports and the inventory sections in the national communications.

33. *Checklist.* This list provides for an initial checking procedure, to be carried out by Parties, as to whether the common reporting format has been fully completed. It therefore provides an overview of the main elements of the GHG inventories submitted by Parties.

34. Method/data tables were originally provided in the draft common reporting format presented at the workshop referred to in paragraph 2. Following suggestions made by participants at this workshop in relation to national inventory reports, to be published or posted on Web sites, it was decided not to include the method/data tables in this draft of the common reporting format. These tables were intended to provide an indication of the methods used and of the sources of activity data and emission factors. With further development, such tables could serve as a useful summary in national inventory reports, providing concise information on methods/data and references to sections in the detailed reports where additional relevant information may be found.

⁹ In the future, it may only be necessary for the trend tables to include certain years from the base year onwards.

Annex

COMMON REPORTING FORMAT

I. REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS

Note: These are general instructions for all the tables presented in this draft of the common reporting format for submission of inventory information to the Convention by Annex I Parties. Specific reporting instructions for each table will be developed once the final list of tables and their content are defined.

1. All Parties should report their inventory information using the tables of the common reporting format. This information should include activity data and emission factors, in the specified units, as well as other numerical and textual information.

2. Parties should not change the order or notation of the table cells, as this will work against the purposes of the common reporting format by complicating the handling of the data by the secretariat. If additions to the existing category split of sources and sinks are necessary, these should be made using the empty rows (or columns) provided for this purpose. If it is absolutely necessary to make changes to the order or notation of the tables, this should be indicated by changing the colour of the font to red for the changed cells.

3. Notation from the following list should be entered into any cells in data columns into which a Party does not enter data:

NO	Not occurring	Emissions/removals that do not occur in the country
NE	Not estimated	Emissions/removals that do occur but are not estimated
NA	Not applicable	Entry not applicable for this category (such cells are
		generally shaded in the tables)
IE	Included elsewhere	Emissions/removals estimated but allocated to another
		source/sink category
С	Confidential	Emissions/removals (or other data) that are confidential
0	Negligible	Emissions/removals which are estimated to be less than
		one half the unit being used to record the inventory
		table, and which therefore appear as zero after rounding.

4. All cases in which NE and IE are entered should also be entered and explained in the *completeness table*.

5. Separate columns in some of the *sectoral background data tables* are provided for Parties to specify the type of activity data being supplied for particular source/sink categories (e.g. "clinker produced" or "cement produced").

6. Information should also be entered in *additional information* boxes where these are given.

7. Parties should enter clarifications and additions in the *documentation boxes* below the tables, where these are given, in order to improve the clarity of the tables. Additional pages of text for this purpose may be appended to a table if necessary.

8. *Recalculation table.* Data should be entered into sheet 1 of 2 of this table for any changes in emission estimates between the current inventory submission and the previous inventory submission. These changes should then be documented in sheet 2 of 2 of the *recalculation* table by filling in information for any changes in methods, emission factors, activity data or source/sink categories, as shown in the example below. These cells require textual information. "None" should be entered into cells where there have been no changes in the listed elements of a given recalculated source/sink category.

Sector/source where changes have occurred (enter references from the IPCC Summary Report)		GHG		Recalcul	ations due to		
			changes in			addition, removal or	
			methods	emission factors Specify changes in emission factors (EF)	activity data	replacement of a source category	
		Specify GHG	Specify and explain changes in methods		Specify changes in activity data (AD)	Specify sources added/removed/replaced	
1A3	Transport	CH ₄ , N ₂ O	None	None	None	Railways added	
0.04	Fuel combustion	CO ₂	None	Revised EFs for natural gas	None	None	
1A4a	Residential sector	CO ₂	None	None	Revised AD for coal	None	
4 A 4 B	Enteric fermentation and manure management	CH_4	Tier 2 adopted for cattle	Revised EFs	Revised AD	None	

Example: Recalculation table (sheet 2 of 2)¹

9. *Completeness table*. This table has three sections. The first section is for information on sources or sinks considered in the IPCC Guidelines which are not included in the submitted inventory. The second section is for information on sources or sinks which are allocated to sectors other than those suggested by the IPCC Guidelines (e.g. allocating emissions from human sewage to agricultural soils rather than waste-water handling). The third section is for information on any emissions of GHGs for which GWP values are not yet agreed upon by the COP.

¹ The example is oversimplified, providing only a key to the way the table should be filled in. More detailed information is expected to be filled in by Parties when actually reporting.

10. *Anticipated future improvements table*. This table requests textual explanation of any planned improvements in the methodologies and inventory information submitted by Parties. The information should be entered separately for each gas and source/sink category where improvements are expected.

11. *Trend table*. The table follows the structure of the summary report to allow the easy cross-comparison of information. The first sheets of the table require information on trends in emissions and removals on a gas-by-gas basis. The last sheet requires reorganization of the data to indicate trends in the contribution to overall CO_2 equivalent emissions of specific gases and sectors.

12. *Checklist.* The left column of the checklist specifies the question being asked. The other columns require answers to the questions, either by providing textual answers or by clicking the buttons (to answer yes).

13. Parties are also encouraged to report any other relevant information that they consider will improve the transparency of the inventory data or that will communicate to other Parties useful experience gained in the preparation of the inventory submission.

II. LIST OF TABLES

Note: The numbering of the tables used here is provisional until a final common reporting format is defined. The secretariat has decided for the time being to keep the numbering consistent with the IPCC Guidelines.

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Solvent and at	han product use	

Solvent and other product use

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TABLE 7.A SUMMARY REPORT FOR NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS INVENTORIES (Sheet 1 of 3)

S	SUMMARY RI	EPORT FOR	NATION	AL GREE (Gg)	NHOUSE	GAS IN	VENTORIES	5						
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK	CO ₂	CO_2	CH_4	N_2O	NO _x	CO	NMVOC	SO_2	HI	-Cs	PF	Ċs	S	F ₆
CATEGORIES	Emissions	Removals							Р	А	Р	А	Р	А
Total National Emissions and Removals														
1. Energy														
A. Fuel Combustion (Sectoral Approach)														
1. Energy Industries														
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction														
3. Transport														
4. Other Sectors														
5. Other (please specify)														
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels														
1. Solid Fuels														
2. Oil and Natural Gas														
2. Industrial Processes														
A. Mineral Products														
B. Chemical Industry														
C. Metal Production														
D. Other Production														
E. Production of Halocarbons and Sulphur Hexafluoride														
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and Sulphur Hexafluoride														
G. Other (please specify)														

P = Potential emissions based on Tier 1 Approach.A = Actual emissions based on Tier 2 Approach.

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TABLE 7.ASUMMARY REPORT FOR NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS INVENTORIES
(Sheet 2 of 3)

	SUMMARY R	EPORT FOR	NATION	AL GREE (Gg)	NHOUSE	GAS IN	VENTORIES	5						
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK	CO ₂	CO_2	CH_4	N_2O	NO _x	CO	NMVOC	SO_2	H	FCs	PF	FCs	S	F ₆
CATEGORIES	Emissions	Removals							Р	А	Р	А	Р	А
3. Solvent and Other Product Use														
4. Agriculture														
A. Enteric Fermentation														
B. Manure Management														
C. Rice Cultivation														
D. Agricultural Soils														
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas														
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues														
G. Other (please specify)														
5. Land-Use Change and Forestry	(1)	(1)												
A. Changes in Forest and Other Woody Biomass Stocks	(1)	(1)												
B. Forest and Grassland Conversion														
C. Abandonment of Managed Lands														
D. CO ₂ Emissions and Removals from Soil	(1)	(1)												
E. Other (please specify)														
6. Waste														
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land														
B. Waste-water Handling														
C. Waste Incineration														
D. Other (please specify)														
7. Other (please specify)														

EENHOUSE GAS INVENTORIES

⁽¹⁾ The formula does not provide a total estimate of both CO_2 emissions and CO_2 removals. It estimates "net" emissions of CO_2 and places a single number in either the CO_2 emissions or CO_2 removals column, as appropriate. Please note that for the purposes of reporting, the signs for uptake are always (-) and for emissions (+).

TABLE 7.ASUMMARY REPORT FOR NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS INVENTORIES
(Sheet 3 of 3)

	SUMMARY RI	EPORT FOR		AL GREE (Gg)	NHOUSE	GAS INV	ENTORIES	8						
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK	CO ₂	CO ₂	CH_4	N ₂ O	NO _x	СО	NMVOC	SO_2	HF	Ċs	PI	FC s	S	F ₆
CATEGORIES	Emissions	Removals							Р	А	Р	А	Р	А
Memo Items														
International Bunkers														
Aviation														
Marine														
Multilateral Operations														
CO ₂ Emissions from Biomass														

TABLE 7.BSHORT SUMMARY REPORT FOR NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS INVENTORIES
(Sheet 1 of 1)

	S	HORT SUMMAR	Y REPORT I		TIONAL G (Gg)	REENHO	USE GAS	S INVENTOI	RIES						
	SE GAS SOURCE AND SINK	CO_2	CO ₂ CO ₂ CH ₄		N ₂ O NO _x	CO	NMVOC	SO_2	HFCs		PFCs		SF_6		
CATEGORIE	ES	Emissions	Removals							Р	А	Р	А	Р	А
Total Nationa	al Emissions and Removals														
1. Energy	Reference Approach ⁽¹⁾														
	Sectoral Approach ⁽¹⁾														
A. Fuel Co	ombustion														
B. Fugitive	e Emissions from Fuels														
2. Industrial	Processes														
3. Solvent an	d Other Product Use														
4. Agricultur	re														
5. Land-Use	Change and Forestry	(2)													
6. Waste															
7. Other (ple	ase specify)														
Memo Items:															
International	Bunkers												-		
Aviatio	n														
Marine															
Multilateral (Operations														
CO ₂ Emission	s from Biomass														

P = Potential emissions based on Tier 1 Approach.

A = Actual emissions based on Tier 2 Approach.

⁽¹⁾ For verification purposes, countries are asked to report the results of their calculations using the Reference Approach and explain any differences with the Sectoral Approach. The calculations using the Sectoral Approach should be used for calculating national totals. Do not include the results of both the Reference Approach and the Sectoral Approach in national totals.

(2) The formula does not provide a total estimate of both CO_2 emissions and CO_2 removals. It estimates "net" emissions of CO_2 and places a single number in either the CO_2 emissions or CO_2 removals column, as appropriate. Please note that for the purposes of reporting, the signs for uptake are always (-) and for emissions (+).

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SF₆

GHG Source and Sink Categories		CO	2 equivalent e	uivalent emissions (Gg)				
	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	HFC	PFC	Γ		
1. Energy						T		
A. Fuel Combustion (Sectoral Approach)						T		
1. Energy Industries						T		
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction						ſ		
3. Transport						T		
4. Other Sectors						T		
5. Other						T		
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels						T		
1. Solid Fuels						T		
2. Oil and Natural Gas						T		
2. Industrial Processes						T		
A. Mineral Products						T		
B. Chemical Industry						ſ		
C. Metal Production						T		
D. Other Production						T		
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF_6						T		
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF_6						t		
G. Other						T		
3. Solvent and Other Product Use						T		
4. Agriculture						T		
A. Enteric Fermentation						T		
B. Manure Management						ſ		
C. Rice Cultivation						T		
D. Agricultural Soils						T		
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas						T		
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues						T		
G. Other						T		
5. Land-Use Change and Forestry						T		
6. Waste						T		
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land						T		
B. Waste-water Handling						ſ		
C. Waste Incineration						ſ		
D. Other						T		
7. Other (please specify)						Ι		
						Ι		
TOTAL by gas						T		
TOTAL CO ₂ equivalent emissions		1	1	1	1	- H		
Memo Items ⁽¹⁾								
International Bunkers						T		
Aviation						ſ		
Marine						t		
Multilateral Operations			1			t		
CO Emissions from Discusso						t		

TABLE 7.CCO2 EQUIVALENT EMISSIONS SUMMARY REPORT
(Sheet 1 of 2)

⁽¹⁾ Memo Items are not included in the national totals, and respectively they are not accounted for in the overall CO_2 equivalent emissions.

GHG Source and Sink Categories	CO ₂ equivalent emissions (Gg)										
Land-Use Change and Forestry	CO ₂ emissions	CO ₂ removals	Net CO ₂ emissions /removals	CH_4	N ₂ O	Total emissions					
A. Changes in Forest and Other Woody Biomass Stocks											
B. Forest and Grassland Conversion											
C. Abandonment of Managed Lands											
D. CO ₂ Emissions and Removals from Soil											
E. Other (please specify)											
Net CO ₂ equivalent emissions from Land-Use Change and Forest	ry										
Total CO2 equivalent emissions without Land-Use Change and Fo	orestry										
Total CO2 equivalent emissions with Land-Use Change and Fores	stry										
Percent of increase/decrease of the overall CO2 equivalent emissio	ns with the inc	lusion of Lan	d-Use Change	and Forestr	у						

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CO₂ Emissions from Biomass

TABLE 7.CCO2 EQUIVALENT EMISSIONS SUMMARY REPORT
(Sheet 2 of 2)

Relative shares of the overall CO_2 equivalent emissions contributed by each gas, sector and source/sink category.

TO BE PROVIDED LATER (see FCCC/SB/1999/1/Add.1, paragraph 23, footnote 6).

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TABLE 1 SECTORAL REPORT FOR ENERGY (Sheet 1 of 2)

SECTORAL REPORT FOR NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS INVENTORIES (Gg)											
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	CO ₂	CH_4	N ₂ O	NO _x	СО	NMVOC	$SO_2^{(1)}$				
Total Energy											
A. Fuel Combustion Activities (Sectoral Approach)											
1. Energy Industries											
a. Public Electricity and Heat Production											
b. Petroleum Refining											
c. Manufacture of Solid Fuels and Other Energy Industries											
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction											
a. Iron and Steel											
b. Non-Ferrous Metals											
c. Chemicals											
d. Pulp, Paper and Print											
e. Food Processing, Beverages and Tobacco											
f. Other (please specify)											
3. Transport											
a. Civil Aviation											
b. Road Transportation											
c. Railways											
d. Navigation											
e. Other (please specify)											
Pipeline Transport											

⁽¹⁾ Please provide links from Worksheet 1-4 for each sector where applicable.

TABLE 1SECTORAL REPORT FOR ENERGY
(Sheet 2 of 2)

SECTORA	L REPORT FO	R NATIONAL G (Gg)	REENHOUSE GA	AS INVENTORIE	8		
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	CO_2	CH_4	N ₂ O	NO _x	СО	NMVOC	SO_2
4. Other Sectors							
a. Commercial/Institutional							
b. Residential							
c. Agriculture/Forestry/Fishing							
5. Other (please specify)							
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels							
1. Solid Fuels							
a. Coal Mining							
b. Solid Fuel Transformation							
c. Other (please specify)							
2. Oil and Natural Gas							
a. Oil							
b. Natural Gas							
c. Venting and Flaring							
Memo Items ⁽¹⁾							
International Bunkers							
Aviation							
Marine							
CO ₂ Emissions from Biomass							

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⁽¹⁾ Please do not include in energy totals.

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	ACTIVITY DATA Consumption	AGGREGA CO ₂	AGGREGATE EMISSION CO2 CH4				
	(TJ) (1)		(kg/TJ)	N ₂ O (kg/TJ)			
1. A. Fuel Combustion	(13)	(/ 13)	(K <u>E</u> /13)	(K <u>5</u> /1J)			
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels ⁽²⁾							
1. A. 1. Energy Industries							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							
a. Public Electricity and Heat Production							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							
D. Petroleum Refining Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Off Other fuels							
c. Manufacture of Solid Fuels and Other Energy Industries							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							
1. A. 2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							
a. Iron and Steel							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							
b. Non-Ferrous Metals							
Coal Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							
c. Chemicals							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							
d. Pulp, Paper and Print							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							
e. Food Processing, Beverages and Tobacco							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							

TABLE 1.ASECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR ENERGY
Fuel combustion activities - Sectoral approach (Sheet 1 of 2)

(1) Activity data should be calculated using net calorific values (NCV). Please specify if gross calorific values (GCV) were used in the notes column by filling in "G".

(2) Other fuels includes biomass, municipal and industrial wastes, etc.

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TABLE 1.ASECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR ENERGY
Fuel combustion activities - Sectoral approach (Sheet 2 of 2)

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK	ACTIVITY DATA	AGGREGATE EMISSION FACTORS					
CATEGORIES	Consumption	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O			
	(TJ) ⁽¹⁾	(t/TJ)	(kg/TJ)	(kg/TJ)			
. Other (please specify)		(0.10)	(119/110)	(19,10)			
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							
I. A. 3. Transport							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							
a. Civil Aviation							
Oil							
b. Road Transportation							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							
c. Railways							
Coal							
Oil							
1. Navigation							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
e. Other Transportation							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
1. A. 4. Other Sectors							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							
a. Commercial/Institutional Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							
b. Residential							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Biomass							
Other fuels							
c. Agriculture/Forestry/Fishing							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							
I. A. 5. Other (Not elsewhere specified)							
Coal							
Natural gas							
Oil							
Other fuels							

(1) Activity data should be calculated using net calorific values (NCV). Please specify if gross calorific values (GCV) were used in the notes column by filling in "G".

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TABLE 1.B.1 SECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR ENERGY Fugitive emissions from solid fuels (Sheet 1 of 1)

						Additional information					
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	ACTIVITY DATA	AGGREGATE EMISSION FACTOR		EMISS	SIONS	Types of coal mined in the different type of mines (class/rank of coal)	Percentage of the given production figure				
	Amount of fuel produced	CH_4	CO_2	CH_4	CO_2		underground surface				
	(Mt)	(kg/t)	(Gg)	(Gg)	(Gg)	Anthracite					
1. B. 1. a. Coal Mining and Handling						Coking coal					
i. Underground Mines						Other bituminous coal					
Mining activities						Sub-bituminous coal					
Post-Mining activities						Lignite					
ii Surface Mines											
Mining activities						Amount of CH ₄ recovered	(Gg) ^(a) :				
Post-Mining activities						Mines with recovery syster	ns (number)				
1. B. 1. b. Solid Fuel Transformation											
1. B. 1. c. Other (please specify) ⁽¹⁾						(a) for underground mines					

⁽¹⁾ Use the Other rows to enter any other solid fuel related activities resulting in fugitive emissions.

Note: There are no clear references to the coverage of 1B 1b and 1B 1c in the IPCC Guidelines. Make sure that the emissions entered here are not reported elsewhere. If they are reported under another source category give reference in the documentation box.

Documentation box:

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE **ACTIVITY DATA** AGGREGATE EMISSION EMISSIONS AND SINK CATEGORIES FACTOR Units⁽¹⁾ CH_4 CO_2 CH_4 CO_2 value $(kg/PJ)^{(2)}$ (kg/PJ)⁽²⁾ (Gg) (Gg) 1. B. 2. a. Oil (e.g. number of wells drilled) i. Exploration ii. Production(3) (e.g. PJ of oil produced) iii. Transport iv. Refining / Storage v. Distribution of oil products vi. Other 1. B. 2. b. Natural Gas i. Production⁽³⁾ / Processing ii. Transmission Distribution iii. Other Leakage non-residential gas consumed residential gas consumed 1. B. 2. c. Venting and Flaring⁽⁴⁾ i. Oil

TABLE 1.B.2SECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR ENERGY
Fugitive emissions from oil and natural gas (Sheet 1 of 1)

⁽¹⁾ Specify the activity data used and fill in the activity data unit column, as given in the examples in brackets.

⁽²⁾ Specify the unit of the emission factor in case it is not kg GHG/ PJ.

ii. Gas iii. Combined

⁽³⁾ If using default emission factors these categories will include emissions from production other than venting and flaring.

⁽⁴⁾ If using default emission factors, emissions from venting and flaring from all oil and production should be accounted for here.

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value

Additional information Unit

Other relevant information

(specify)

Pipelines length (km)

Number of oil wells

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TABLE 1.CSECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR ENERGY
Feedstocks (Sheet 1 of 1)

					Additional information	tion
	ACTIVI	ГҮ ДАТА	EMISSION FACTOR	ESTIMATES		Subtracted from
Fuel type ⁽¹⁾	Feedstock Quantity	Fraction of Carbon Stored	Carbon Emission Factor	Carbon Stored	CO ₂ not emitted	(specify source category)
	(TJ)		(t C/TJ)	(Gg C)	(Gg CO ₂)	
Naphtha ⁽²⁾						
Lubricants						
Bitumen						
Coal Oils and Tars (from Coking Coal)						
Natural Gas ⁽²⁾						
Gas/Diesel Oil ⁽²⁾						
LPG ⁽²⁾						
Ethane ⁽²⁾						
Other Fuels ⁽³⁾						

⁽¹⁾ Enter fuels when they are used as feedstocks. In cases in which fuels are used as feedstocks in different industries, these could be entered in different rows (e.g. coal (steel production), coal (other industries)).

⁽²⁾ Enter these fuels when they are used as feedstocks.

⁽³⁾ Use the Other Fuels rows to enter any other feedstocks from which carbon is stored.

Note: The table is consistent with the IPCC Guidelines. Parties that take into account the emissions associated with the use and disposal of these feedstocks could continue to use their methodologies providing explanation in the documentation box below.

Documentation box: To report associated emissions use the above table, also filling an extra "Additional information" table, as shown below:

Associated CO ₂ emissions	Allocated under
(Gg)	(Specify source category) ^(a)
	(a)

e.g. industrial processes, waste incineration, etc.

GREENHOUSE GAS	ACTIVITY DATA	AGGRE	GATE EMISSION F.	ACTORS
SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	Consumption	CO_2	CH_4	N_2O
	(TJ)	(t/TJ)	(kg/TJ)	(kg/TJ)
Marine Bunkers				
Gasoline				
Gas/Diesel Oil				
Residual Fuel Oil				
Lubricants				
Sub-bituminous Coal				
Other (specify)				
Aviation Bunkers				
Jet Kerosene				
Gasoline				
Multilateral Operations ⁽¹⁾				

TABLE 1.D SECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR ENERGY International bunkers and multilateral operations (Sheet 1 of 1)

Additional information

Allocation of fuel	Percenta	ge under
consumption	National Flag	Foreign Flag
Marine Bunkers		
Aviation Bunkers		

(1) Parties may choose to report or not report the activity data and aggregate emission factors for multilateral operation, consistent with the principle of confidentiality stated in the UNFCCC reporting guidelines on inventories. In any case Parties should report the emissions from multilateral operations under the memo items section of the Summary tables and in the Sectoral Report table for energy.

Note: In accordance with the IPCC Guidelines, international aviation and marine bunker fuel emissions from fuel sold to ships or aircraft engaged in international transport should be excluded from national totals and reported separately for informational purposes only.

Documentation box: Please explain how the consumption of marine and aviation bunkers fuels was estimated and separated from the domestic consumption.

TABLE 1.ECOMPARISON OF CO2 EMISSIONS FROM FUEL COMBUSTION
(Sheet 1 of 1)

	Reference .	Approach	National A	pproach ⁽¹⁾	Difference ⁽²⁾				
Fuel types	Energy consumption (PJ)	CO ₂ emissions (Gg)	Energy consumption (PJ)	CO ₂ emissions (Gg)	Energy consumption (%)	CO ₂ emissions (%)			
Coal (excluding bunkers)									
Oil (excluding bunkers)									
Gas									
Other									
Total									

⁽¹⁾ "National Approach" is used to indicate the approach followed by the Party to estimate its CO₂ emissions from fuel combustion reported in the national GHG inventory.

 $^{(2)}$ Difference of the National Approach over the Reference Approach i.e. difference = 100x((NA-RA)/RA), where NA = National Approach and RA = Reference Approach.

Note: In addition to estimating CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion by sector, Parties should also estimate these emissions using the IPCC Reference Approach, as found in volume 2 of the IPCC Guidelines (Worksheet 1-1). The Reference Approach is to assist in verifying the sectoral data. Parties should also complete the above tables to compare the alternative estimates, and if the estimates lie more than 2 percent apart, should explain the source of this difference in the documentation box provided.

Documentation box: Please explain the source of any difference greater than 2 percent.

IPCC WORKSHEET 1-1 CO₂ FROM ENERGY SOURCES - REFERENCE APPROACH (Sheet 1 of 1)

	FUEL	TYPES	Production	Imports	Exports	International Bunkers	Stock Change	Apparent Consumption	Conversion Factor (<i>TJ/Unit</i>)	Apparent Consumption (TJ)	Carbon Emission Factor (t C/TJ)	Carbon Content (<i>Gg C</i>)	Stored	Net Carbon Emissions (<i>Gg C</i>)	Actual CO_2 Emissions $(Gg \ CO_2)$
Liquid	Primary	Crude Oil													
Fossil	Fuels	Orimulsion													
		Natural Gas Liquids													
	Secondary	Jet Kerosene													
	Fuels	Other Kerosene													
		Shale Oil													
		Gas / Diesel Oil													
		Residual Fuel Oil													
		LPG													
		Ethane													
		Naphtha													
		Bitumen													
		Lubricants													
		Petroleum Coke													
		Refinery Feedstocks													
		Other Oil													
Liquid F	Fossil Totals														
Solid	Primary	Anthracite ⁽¹⁾													
Fossil	Fuels	Coking Coal													
		Other Bit. Coal													
		Sub-bit. Coal													
		Lignite													
		Oil Shale													
		Peat													
	Secondary Fuels	BKB and Patent Fuel													
		Coke Oven /Gas Coke													
Solid Fu	el Totals														
Gaseous	Fossil	Natural Gas (Dry)													
Total															
Biomass	s Total														
		Solid Biomass													
		Liquid Biomass													
		Gas Biomass													

⁽¹⁾ If anthracite is not separately available, include with Other Bituminous Coal.

TABLE 2.(I) SECTORAL REPORT FOR INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES (Sheet 1 of 2)

	SECTORA	L REPOR	T FOR NA	TIONAL ((Gg)	GREENHO	OUSE GAS I	NVENTC	DRIES					
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK	CO_2	CH_4	N_2O	NO _x	CO	NMVOC	SO_2	H	FCs	PF	FCs	S	F ₆
CATEGORIES								Р	А	Р	А	Р	А
Total Industrial Processes													
A. Mineral Products													
1. Cement Production													
2. Lime Production													
3. Limestone and Dolomite Use													
4. Soda Ash Production and Use													
5. Asphalt Roofing													
6. Road Paving with Asphalt													
7. Other (please specify)													
Glass Production													
Concrete Pumice Stone													
B. Chemical Industry													
1. Ammonia Production													
2. Nitric Acid Production													
3. Adipic Acid Production													
4. Carbide Production													
5. Other (please specify)													
C. Metal Production													
1. Iron and Steel Production													
2. Ferroalloys Production													
3. Aluminium Production													
 SF₆ Used in Aluminium and Magnesium Foundries 													
5. Other (please specify)													

P = Potential emissions based on Tier 1 Approach.

A = Actual emissions based on Tier 2 Approach. This only applies in sectors where methods exist for both tiers.

TABLE 2.(I) SECTORAL REPORT FOR INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES (Sheet 2 of 2)

SECT	ORAL RE	EPORT FO	OR NATIC	ONAL GRI (Gg)	EENHOU	JSE GAS IN	VENTO	RIES					
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK	CO_2	CH_4	N_2O	NO _x	CO	NMVOC	SO_2	H	FCs	PF	⁷ Cs		SF ₆
CATEGORIES								Р	А	Р	А	Р	А
D. Other Production													
1. Pulp and Paper													
2. Food and Drink													
E. Production of Halocarbons and Sulphur Hexafluoride													
1. By-product Emissions													
2. Fugitive Emissions													
3. Other (please specify)													
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and Sulphur Hexafluoride													
1. Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Equipment													
2. Foam Blowing													
3. Fire Extinguishers													
4. Aerosols													
5. Solvents													
6. Other (please specify)													
G. Other (please specify)													

P = Potential emissions based on Tier 1 Approach. A = Actual emissions based on Tier 2 Approach. This only applies in sectors where methods exist for both tiers.

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK	ACTIVITY DAT			EM	ISSION FA	ACTO	RS	
CATEGORIES	Production/Consumption	Quantity	CO_2		CH_4		N_2O	
	Unit ⁽¹⁾	(kt)	(t/t)	(2)	(t/t)	(2)	(t/t)	(2)
A. Mineral Products								
1. Cement Production	(e.g. cement production)							
2. Lime Production								
3. Limestone and Dolomite Use								
4. Soda Ash Production and Use								
5. Asphalt Roofing								
6. Road Paving with Asphalt								
7. Other (please specify)								
Glass Production								
Concrete Pumice Stone								
B. Chemical Industry								
1. Ammonia Production								
2. Nitric Acid Production								
3. Adipic Acid Production								
4. Carbide Production								
silicon carbide								
calcium carbide								
5. Other (please specify)								
carbon black								
ethylene								
dichloroethylen								
styrene								
methanol								
other (please specify)								
C. Metal Production								
1. Iron and Steel Production								
steel								
pig iron								
sinter								
coke								
2. Ferroalloys Production								
3. Aluminium Production								
5. Other (please specify)								
D. Other Production								
G. Other (please specify)								

TABLE 2.(I).A-GSECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES
CO2, CH4 and N2O emissions (Sheet 1 of 1)

(1) In cases when the IPCC Guidelines provide options for activity data, e.g. cement or clinker for estimating the emissions from cement production, specify the activity data used (as shown in the example in brackets) in order to make the choice of emission factor more transparent.

(2) Enter "R" to specify cases in which the final emissions reported in the Sectoral Report tables are reduced with the quantities of emission recovery, oxidation, destruction, transformation. The emissions factors before recovery should be filled in.

Note: In case of confidentiality of the activity data information, the entries should provide aggregate figures but there should be a note indicating this.

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TABLE 2.(II) SECTORAL REPORT FOR INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES Emissions of HFCs, PFCs and SF₆ (Sheet 1 of 2)

	SECTORAL REPORT FOR NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS INVENTORIES (Gg)																		
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	HFC-23	HFC-32	HFC-125	HFC-134a	HFC-143a	HFC-152a	HFC-227ea	Other HFCs			Total HFCs	${\rm CF}_4$	C_2F_6	$\mathrm{C_4F_{10}}$	C_6F_{14}	Other PFCs		Total PFCs	SF_6
C. Metal Production																			
Aluminium Production																			
SF ₆ Used in Aluminium Foundries																			
SF ₆ Used in Magnesium Foundries																			
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF ₆																			
1. By-product Emissions (Specify production)																			
Production of HCFC-22																			
Other																			
2. Fugitive Emissions																			
3. Other (please specify)																			
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF ₆ (actual emissions)																			
1. Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Equipment																			
2. Foam Blowing																			
3. Fire Extinguishers																			
4. Aerosols/Metered Dose Inhalers																			
5. Solvents																			
6. Other (please specify)																			
Semiconductors																			
Electrical equipment																			<u> </u>
Total																			<u> </u>

TABLE 2.(II)SECTORAL REPORT FOR INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES
Emissions of HFCs, PFCs and SF₆ (Sheet 2 of 2)

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	HFC-23	HFC-32	HFC-125	HFC-134a	HFC-143a	HFC-152a	HFC-227ea	Other HFCs		Total HFCs	CF_4	C_2F_6	C_4F_{10}	C_6F_{14}	Other PFCs		Total PFCs	SF_6
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF ₆ (potential emissions)																		
production																		
import: in bulk																		
in products ⁽¹⁾																		
export: in bulk																		
in products ⁽¹⁾																		
destroyed amount																		
GWP values used																		
Actual emissions (Gg CO ₂ eq.)																		
C. Metal Production																		
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF ₆																		
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF ₆																		
Potential emissions from consumption of halocarbons and SF ₆ (Gg CO ₂ eq.)																		
Consumption of halocarbons and SF ₆ Potential/Actual Emissions Ratio ⁽²⁾																		

⁽¹⁾ Relevant just for Tier 1b.

(2) This ratio of potential to actual emissions applies only to emissions from the consumption of halocarbons and SF₆. Emissions from metal production and from the production of halocarbons and SF₆ should not be included in this ratio.

Note: As stated in the revised UNFCCC guidelines, Parties should report actual emissions of HFCs, PFCs and SF_6 . In addition, Parties reporting those emissions should report disaggregated potential emissions for these substances. Even when Parties report actual emissions, they should also report potential emissions for the relevant sources of these gases, for reasons of transparency and comparability.

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TABLE 2.(II).C, ESECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES
Metal production; Production of Halocarbons and SF₆ (Sheet 1 of 1)

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	ACTIVITY DATA ⁽¹⁾		AGGREGATE EMISSION FACTORS ⁽³⁾	
	Unit ⁽²⁾	(t)	(kg/t)	(4)
C. PFC and SF ₆ from metal production				
PFC (Total)				
CF_4				
C_2F_6				
SF ₆				
Aluminium foundries	$(SF_6 consumption)$			
Magnesium foundries				
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF ₆				
1. By-product emissions				
Production of HCFC-22				
(please specify species)				
Other				
(please specify species)				
2. Fugitive emissions				
HFC (please specify species)				
PFC (please specify species)				
SF ₆				
3. Other				

⁽¹⁾ In case of application of a Tier 1b (for C), Tier 2 (for E) and country specific methods, specify any other relevant activity data used in the documentation box below.

⁽²⁾ Specify the activity data used as shown in the examples within brackets.

⁽³⁾ Aggregate emission factors before recovery.

⁽⁴⁾ Enter "R" to specify cases in which the final emissions reported in the Sectoral Report table are reported after substracting the quantities of emission recovery, oxidation, destruction, transformation. Use the documentation box for further explanations.

Documentation box:

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TABLE 2.(II).FSECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES
Consumption of Halocarbons and SF₆ (Sheet 1 of 1)

GREENHOUSE GAS		ACTIVITY DAT			TE EMISSION	
SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	filled in new manufactured products	Amount of fluid in operating systems (average annual stocks)	remaining products at decommissioning	Product manufacturing factor	Product life factor	Disposal loss factor
		(t)			(%)	
1. Refrigeration						
Air Conditioning Equipment						
Domestic						
(please specify species)						
Other stationary						
(please specify species)						
Mobile						
(please specify species)						
2. Foam Blowing						
Hard foam						
(please specify species)						
Soft foam						
(please specify species)						
3. Fire Extinguishers						
(please specify species)						
4. Aerosols						
Metered Dose Inhalers						
(please specify species)						
Other						
(please specify species)						
5. Solvents						
(please specify species)						
6. Semiconductors						
(please specify species)						
7. Electric equipment						
(please specify species)						
8. Other (please specify)						
or other (prease specify)						

Note: In case of confidentiality of the activity data information, the entries should provide aggregate figures, but there should be a note indicating this.

Documentation box:

TABLE 3SECTORAL REPORT FOR SOLVENT AND OTHER PRODUCT USE
(Sheet 1 of 1)

SECTORAL REPORT FOR NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS INVENTORIES (Gg)									
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	CO_2	N ₂ O	NMVOC						
Total Solvent and Other Product Use									
A. Paint Application									
B. Degreasing and Dry Cleaning									
C. Chemical Products, Manufacture and Processing									
D. Other (please specify)									

Please account for the quantity of carbon released in the form of NMVOC in both the NMVOC and the CO2 columns.

Note: The IPCC Guidelines do not provide methodologies for the calculation of emissions of N_2O from solvent and other product use. If you have reported such data, you should provide additional information (activity data and emission factors) used to make these estimates.

TABLE 3.A-DSECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR SOLVENT AND OTHER PRODUCT USE
(Sheet 1 of 1)

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	ACTIVI	TY DATA	AGGRI	EGATE EMISSION FAC	CTORS
	Unit	(kt)	CO_2	CH_4	N_2O
			(kg/t)	(kg/t)	(kg/t)
A. Paint Application					
B. Degreasing and Dry Cleaning					
C. Chemical Products, Manufacture and Processing					
D. Other (please specify) ⁽¹⁾					
(Use of N_2O for anaesthesia)					
$(N_2O from fire \ extinguishers)$					
$(N_2O from \ aerosol \ cans)$					
(Other use of N_2O)					

⁽¹⁾ Some probable sources are provided in brackets. Complement the list with other relevant sources.

Note: The table follows the format of the IPCC Sectoral Report for Solvent and Other Product Use, although some of the source categories are not relevant to the direct GHG emissions.

TABLE 4SECTORAL REPORT FOR AGRICULTURE
(Sheet 1 of 2)

	SECTORAL REPORT	Γ FOR NATIONAL GREE (Gg)	NHOUSE GAS INVENTORIE	S	
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	CH_4	N ₂ O	NO _x	СО	NMVOC
Total Agriculture					
A. Enteric Fermentation					
1. Cattle					
2. Buffalo					
3. Sheep					
4. Goats					
5. Camels and Llamas					
6. Horses					
7. Mules and Asses					
8. Swine					
9. Poultry					
10. Other (please specify)					
B. Manure Management					
1. Cattle					
2. Buffalo					
3. Sheep					
4. Goats					
5. Camels and Llamas					
6. Horses					
7. Mules and Asses					
8. Swine					
9. Poultry					

TABLE 4 SECTORAL REPORT FOR AGRICULTURE (Sheet 2 of 2)

	SECTORAL REPORT FOR NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS INVENTORIES (Gg)										
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	CH_4	N ₂ O	NO _x	СО	NMVOC						
B. Manure Management (continued)											
10. Anaerobic Lagoons											
11. Liquid Systems											
12. Solid Storage and Dry Lot											
13. Other (please specify)											
C. Rice Cultivation											
1. Irrigated											
2. Rainfed											
3. Deep Water											
4. Other (please specify)											
D. Agricultural Soils											
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas											
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues ⁽¹⁾											
1. Cereals											
2. Pulse											
3. Tuber and Root											
4. Sugar Cane											
5. Other (please specify)											
G. Other (please specify)											

⁽¹⁾ Sub-items of F should be linked to Worksheet 4-4 sheets 1 and 2.

Note: The IPCC Guidelines do not provide methodologies for the calculation of CH₄ emissions, CH₄ and N₂O removals from agricultural soils, or CO₂ emissions from savanna burning or agricultural residues burning. If you have reported such data, you should provide additional information (activity data and emissions factors) used to make these estimates.

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK		AGGREGATE EMISSION FACTORS		
CATEGORIES	Population size ⁽¹⁾	Average daily feed intake	CH ₄ conversion	CH_4
	(1000 head)	(MJ/day)	(%)	(kg CH ₄ /head/yr)
1. Cattle				
Dairy Cows				
Non-dairy Cattle				
2. Buffalo				
3. Sheep				
4. Goats				
5. Camels and Llamas				
7. Mules and Asses				
9. Poultry				
10. Other (please specify)				

TABLE 4.A SECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR AGRICULTURE Enteric fermentation (Sheet 1 of 1)

Additional Information	on	Additional Information											
Disaggregated list of Indicators:	animals ^(a)	Dairy Cow	Non-Diary Cattle	Other									
Weight	(<i>kg</i>)												
Weight Gain	(kg/day)												
Feeding Situation													
Milk	(kg/day)												
Work	(hrs/day)												
Pregnant	(%)												
Digestibility of feed	(%)												
Day Weighted Population Mix	(%)												

Disaggregate to the split actually used. Add colums to the table if necessary.

(a)

(1) Parties are encouraged to provide detailed livestock population data by animal type and region in a separate table. This consistent set of animal population statistics should be used to estimate CH₄ emissions from enteric fermentation, CH₄ and N₂O from manure management, N₂O direct emissions from soil and N₂O emissions associated with manure production, as well as for emissions from the use of manure as fuel, and sewage-related emissions reported in the waste sector.

									Addi	tional	Information	for Ti	ier 2				
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK				AC	TIVITY	DATA		AGGREGATE EMISSION		A :	mal ^(a)	Anin	nal Wa	ste Ma	nageme	ent Sys	tem
CATEGORIES	Population size ⁽¹⁾		location nate reg		Typical Animal mass	VS ⁽²⁾ daily excretion	CH ₄ producing potential (Bo)	FACTORS		Ani	mar	SI			dry lot	ddock	
	(1000 head)	cool	(%) temperate	warm	(kg)	(kg dm/head/yr)	(CH ₄ m ³ /kg VS)	CH ₄ (kg CH ₄ /head/yr)				anaerobic lagoons	liquid system	daily spread	solid storage and dry lot	pasture range paddock	other
1. Cattle										(%)	cool	3	1	9	S	L	
Dairy Cows										Allocation(%)	temperate						
Non-dairy Cattle									cows	Alloc	warm						
2. Buffalo									ry cc		cool						
3. Sheep									Dairy	MCF ^(b)	temperate						
4. Goats										Z	warm						
5. Camels and Llamas										1(%)	cool						
6. Horses									Cattle	Allocation(%)	temperate						
7. Mules and Asses									y Ca	Alloc	warm						
8. Swine									Diar	Â	cool						
9. Poultry									Non-Diary	MCF ^(b)	temperate						
									2	~	warm						
										(%)	cool						
										Allocation(%)	temperate						
									0	Alloc	warm						
(1) See footnote 1 Sector		• • • •	11 4 4						Swine		cool						
 ⁽¹⁾ See footnote 1, Sector ⁽²⁾ Volatile Solids. 	rai background (data ta	bie 4.A	•					S	MCF ^(b)	temperate						

TABLE 4.B.(a) SECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR AGRICULTURE CH₄ emissions from manure management (Sheet 1 of 1)

^(a) Copy the above table as many times as necessary.
 ^(b) Methane Conversion Factor.

warm

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GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK				ACT	IVITY DATA				AGGREGATE EMISSION FACTORS		
CATEGORIES	Animals ⁽¹⁾ Nitrogen excretion Nitrogen								Emission factor per AWMS		
	(1000s)	(kg N/head/yr)	anaerobic lagoon	liquid system	daily spread ⁽³⁾	solid storage and dry lot	pasture range and paddock ⁽³⁾	other	(kg N ₂ O-N/kg N	D	
Non-diary Cattle									anaerobic lagoon		
Diary Cattle									liquid system		
Sheep									solid storage and dry lot		
Swine									other (please specify)		
Poultry											
Other (please specify)											
Total per AWMS											

TABLE 4.B.(b) SECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR AGRICULTURE N₂O emissions from manure management (Sheet 1 of 1)

See footnote 1 for table 4.A.
 Animal Waste Management System.
 To be used in Sectoral Background Data Table 4.D.

TABLE 4.CSECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR AGRICULTURE
Rice cultivation (Sheet 1 of 1)

GREENHOUSE GAS S CATEGORIES	SOURCE AND SINK		ACTIVITY DATA		AGGREGATE EMISSION FACTOR ⁽²⁾
		Harvested area ⁽¹⁾	Organic amend	ments added:	CH_4
		(m²/yr)	type	t/ha	(g/m^2)
1. Irrigated					
Continuously floo	ded				
Intermittently	Single Aeration				
flooded	Multiple Aeration				
2. Rainfed					
Flood prone					
Drought prone					
3. Deep Water					
Water depth 50-10	00 cm				
Water depth > 100	0 cm				
4. Other (please specif	ýy)				
	Upland rice ⁽³⁾				
	Total ⁽³⁾				

⁽¹⁾ Harvested area is the cultivated area multiplied by the number of cropping seasons per year.

(2) The aggregate emission should take account of all relevant corrections for continuously flooded fields without organic amendment plus the correction for the organic amendments, if used. Aggregate also the effect of different soil characteristics, if taken into account, on methane emissions.

⁽³⁾ These rows are included to allow comparison with the international statistics. Upland rice emissions are assumed to be zero and are ignored in the emission calculations.

 $1ha = 10\ 000\ m^2$

TABLE 4.D SECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR AGRICULTURE Agricultural soil (Sheet 1 of 1)

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	ACTIVITY DATA		EMISSION FACTORS	EMISSIONS	Fraction	Description	Value
	unit	(kg N/yr) ⁽¹⁾	(kg N ₂ O-N/kg N) ⁽²⁾	(Gg N ₂ O) ⁽³⁾	Frac _{BURN}	Fraction of crop residue burned	
Direct Soil Emissions					Frac _{FUEL}	Fraction of livestock N excretion in excrements burned for fuel	
Synthetic Fertilizers	Use of synthetic fertilizers				Frac _{GASF}	Fraction of synthetic fertilizer N applied to soils that volatilizes as NH_3 and NOx	
Animal Wastes	Manure from daily spread ⁽⁴⁾				Frac _{GASM}	Fraction of livestock N excretion that volatilizes as NH ₃ and NOx	
N-fixing Crops	Dry pulses and soybeans produced ⁽⁵⁾				Frac _{GRAZ}	Fraction of livestock N excreted and deposited onto soil during grazing	
Crop residue	Dry production of other crops ⁽⁵⁾				Frac _{LEACH}	Fraction of N input to soils that is lost through leaching and run-off	
Cultivation of Histosols	Area of cultivated organic soils ⁽²⁾				Frac _{NCRBF}	Fraction of N in non-N-fixing crop	
Animal Production	N excretion on pasture range and paddock				Frac _{NCRO}	Fraction of N in N-fixing crop	
Indirect Emissions					Frac _R	Fraction or crop residue removed from the field as crop	
Atmospheric Deposition	Volatized N (NH ₃ and NOx) from fertilizers and animal wastes						
Nitrogen leaching and Run-off	N from fertilizers and animal wastes that is lost through leaching and run-off						
Other (please specify)					1		

⁽¹⁾ Note that the activity data for N-fixing crops and crop residue are expressed in [kg dry biomass/yr] and for cultivation of histosols in [ha].
 ⁽²⁾ Note that the dimension of the activity data for cultivation of histosols is [kg N2O-N/ha].
 ⁽³⁾ To convert from N₂O-N to N₂O emissions, multiply by 44/28.
 ⁽⁴⁾ Take the value from the Sectoral background data table 4.B.(b).
 ⁽⁵⁾ Take the value from the Sectoral background data table 4 F.

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES			AGGREGATE EMISSION FACTORS				
	Area of Savanna Burned	Average aboveground biomass density	Fraction of savanna burned	Biomass burned	Nitrogen fraction in biomass	(kg/t dm)	
(specify ecological zone)	(k ha/yr)	(t dm/ha)		(Gg dm)		CH_4	N_2O

TABLE 4.ESECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR AGRICULTURE
Prescribed burning of savanna (Sheet 1 of 1)

Additional information

	Living	Dead
Fraction of aboveground biomass		
Fraction oxidized		
Carbon fraction		

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE		EMISSION FACTORS					
AND SINK CATEGORIES	Crop production	Residue/ Crop ratio	Dry matter fraction	Fraction burned	Nitrogen fraction in	CH ₄	N ₂ O
	(t)	-			biomass	(kg/t dm)	(kg/t dm)
1. Cereals							
Wheat							
Barley							
Maize							
Oats							
Rye							
Rice							
Other (please specify)							
2. Pulse ⁽¹⁾							
Dry bean							
Peas							
Soybeans							
Other (please specify)							
3. Tuber and Root							
Potatoes							
Other (please specify)							
4. Sugar Cane							1
5. Other (please specify)							1
(T							

TABLE 4.FSECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR AGRICULTURE
Field burning of agricultural residue (Sheet 1 of 1)

⁽¹⁾ To be used in Sectoral Background Data Table 4 D: Agricultural Soil.

TABLE 5SECTORAL REPORT FOR LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY
(Sheet 1 of 1)

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	CO ₂ Emissions	CO ₂ Removals	CH_4	N_2O	NO _x	CO
Total Land-Use Change and Forestry	(1)	(1)				
A . Changes in Forest and Other Woody Biomass Stocks	(1)	(1)				
1. Tropical Forests						
2. Temperate Forests						
3. Boreal Forests						
4. Grasslands/Tundra						
5. Other (please specify)						
B. Forest and Grassland Conversion						
1. Tropical Forests						
2. Temperate Forests						
3. Boreal Forests						
4. Grasslands/Tundra						
5. Other (please specify)						
C. Abandonment of Managed Lands						
1. Tropical Forests						
2. Temperate Forests						
3. Boreal Forests						
4. Grasslands/Tundra						
5. Other (please specify)						
D. CO ₂ Emissions and Removals from Soil	(1)	(1)				
E. Other (please specify)						

⁽¹⁾ The formula does not provide a total estimate of both CO₂ emissions and CO₂ removals. It estimates "net" emissions of CO₂ and places a single number in either the CO₂ emissions or CO₂ removals column, as appropriate. Please note that for the purposes of reporting, the signs for removals are always (-) and for emissions (+).

GREENH(CATEGOI		OURCE AND SINK	ACTIVITY	7 DATA	EMISSION FACTORS	ESTIMATES ⁽²⁾
			Area of Forest/Biomass Stocks	Annual Growth Rate	Carbon Uptake Factor	Carbon Uptake Increment
			(kha)	(t dm/ha)	(t C/ha)	(Gg C)
Tropical	Plantations	Acacia spp.				
1		Eucalyptus spp.				
		Tectona grandis				
		Pinus spp				
		Pinus caribaea				
		Mixed Hardwoods				
		Mixed Fast-Growing Hardwoods				
		Mixed Softwoods				
	Other Forests	Moist				
		Seasonal				
		Dry				
	Other (specify))				
Temperate	Plantations	Douglas fir				
1		Loblolly pine				
	~	Evergreen				
	Commercial	Deciduous				
	Other					
Boreal						
Non-Forest	Trees (specify t	ype)	Number of trees	Annual Growth Rate	Carbon Uptake Factor	Carbon Uptake Increment
			(1000s of trees)	(kt dm/1000 trees)	(t C/tree)	(Gg C)
				T-4-1 Arres		
				Total Ann	al Growth Increment Gg CO ₂	
			Amount of Biom	ass Removed	Carbon Emission Factor	Carbon Emission /Removal Estimate
			(kt di	n)	(t C/t dm)	(Gg C)
Total bioma	ass removed in C	Commercial Harvest				
	Fuelwood Cons					
Total Other	Wood Use					
				Total Annual F	ellings (incl. Harvest)	
					$Gg CO_2$	
					T	
			Net Annual C	Carbon Uptake (+) or	Release (-) (Gg C)	
			Net Annual CO ₂ H	Emissions (+) or Rem	ovals (-) (Gg CO ₂)	

TABLE 5.A SECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA TABLE FOR LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY⁽¹⁾ Changes in forest and other woody biomass stocks (Sheet 1 of 1)

(1) The methodological work on estimating and reporting emissions by sources and removals by sinks from the land-use change and forestry sector is still in progress. After the completion of work by the IPCC and the adoption of decisions by the COP, the tables in the common reporting format dealing with this sector might be changed accordingly.

⁽²⁾ Emission estimates are included in the table since the Sectoral Report Tables provides higher level of aggregation.

				A	CTIVITY	' DATA			AG			MISSIC	DN	Ε	MISS	ION E	STIMA	TES ⁽¹⁾
	DUSE GAS SOURCE	Or	and off sit	e burning		Decay of A	bove-groun	d Biomass		F.	ACTO	RS						
AND SINK	CATEGORIES	Area	Annual		tity of	Average	Average	Average		Burr	ing		Decay		Bu	rning		Decay
Vegetation	types	Converted Annually	Loss of Biomass	Biomass	s Burned	Area Loss of Quantity of Converted Biomass Biomass	(on site		off site			on site		off site			
				on Site	off Site	(10 Year Average)		Left to Decay	CO ₂	CH ₄	N_2O	CO ₂	CO ₂	CO ₂	CH_4	N_2O	CO ₂	CO ₂
		(kha)	(kt dm)	(kt dm)	(kt dm)	(kha)	(t dm/ha)	(kt dm)			(Gg/ha)				(G	ig)	
Tropical	Wet/Very Moist																	
	Moist, short dry season																	
	Moist, long dry season																	
	Dry																	
	Montane Moist																	
	Montane Dry																	
Tropical Sa	vanna/Grasslands																	
Temperate	Coniferous																	
	Broadleaf																	
Grasslands																		
Boreal	Mixed Broadleaf/ Coniferous																	
	Coniferous																	
	Forest																	
Grasslands/	Tundra																	
Other																		

TABLE 5.8SECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA TABLE FOR LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY
Forest and grassland conversion (Sheet 1 of 1)

⁽¹⁾ Emission estimates are included in the table since the Sectoral Report Tables provides higher level of aggregation.

Additional information

Emissions/Removals (Gg)	on site	off site	Fractions	on site	off site
Immediate Carbon Release from Burning			Fraction of biomass burned		
Total			Fraction which oxidizes during burning		
Delayed Emissions from Decay			Carbon fraction of aboveground biomass		
Total Annual Carbon Release			Fraction left to decay		
CO ₂ emissions			Nitrogen-Carbon Ration		

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TABLE 5.CSECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA TABLE FOR LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY
Abandonment of managed lands (Sheet 1 of 1)

	OUSE GAS SOURCE AND			ACTIV	ITY DATA			EMISSION FACTORS	ESTIN	ATES
SINK CAT	EGORIES	Total Area	Total Area Abandoned		Annual Rate of Aboveground Biomass Growth		raction of nd Biomass	Rate of Aboveground Biomass Carbon Uptake		oon Uptake in nd Biomass
		first 20 years	>20 years	first 20 years	>20 years	first 20 years	>20 years		first 20 years	>20 years
Vegetation types		(kha)	(kha)	(t dm/ha)	(t dm/ha)			(t C/ha/yr)	(Gg C/yr)	(Gg C/yr)
Tropical	Wet/Very Moist									
	Moist, short dry season									
	Moist, long dry season									
	Dry									
	Montane Moist									
	Montane Dry									
Tropical Sa	vanna/Grasslands									
Temperate	Coniferous									
	Broadleaf									
Grasslands										
Boreal	Mixed Broadleaf/Coniferous									
	Coniferous									
	Forest									
Grasslands/	Tundra									
Other										
								Total CO ₂ Uptake		

TABLE 5.DSECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA TABLE FOR LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY
CO2 emissions and removals from soil (Sheet 1 of 1)

TO BE PROVIDED LATER (see FCCC/SB/1999/1/Add.1, paragraph 25, footnote 7).

TABLE 6SECTORAL REPORT FOR WASTE
(Sheet 1 of 1)

SECTORAL REPORT FOR NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS INVENTORIES (Gg)									
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	CO ₂ ⁽¹⁾	CH_4	N ₂ O	NO _x	СО	NMVOC			
Total Waste									
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land									
1. Managed Waste Disposal on Land									
2. Unmanaged Waste Disposal Sites									
3. Other (please specify)									
B. Waste-water Handling									
1. Industrial Waste-water									
2. Domestic and Commercial Waste-water									
3. Other (please specify)									
C. Waste Incineration									
D. Other (please specify)									

⁽¹⁾ Note that CO₂ from waste disposal and incineration should only be included if it stems from non-biological or inorganic waste sources.

TABLE 6.ASECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR WASTE
Solid waste disposal (Sheet 1 of 1)

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	ACTIV	ΑСТІVІТУ ДАТА					
	Annual MSW at the SWDS	MCF	DOC degraded	$CH_4^{(1)}$	CO ₂		
	(t)		(t)	(t /t MSW)	(t /t MSW)		
1. Managed Waste Disposal on Land							
2. Unmanaged Waste Disposal Sites $<5 \text{ m}^{(2)}$							
>5 m ⁽²⁾							
3. Other (please specify)							

TABLE 6.C SECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR WASTE Waste Incineration (Sheet 1 of 1)

	ACTIVITY DATA	AGGREGATE EMISSION FACTOR						
	Amount of							
	incinerated wastes	CO ₂ ⁽³⁾	CO ₂ ⁽⁴⁾	CH_4	N_2O			
	(t)	(g / t waste)	(g / t waste)	(g / t waste)	(g / t waste)			
Specify								
(biogenic) ⁽³⁾								
(plastics) ⁽⁴⁾								
other								

Population (1000 inhabitants ^(a)):	
Waste generation rate (kg/capita/day):	
Fraction of MSW disposed to SWDS (%):	
Fraction of DOC in MSW:	
Fraction of wastes incinerated:	
CH ₄ fraction in landfill gas:	
CH ₄ recovered (Gg/yr):	
Time lag considered (yr):	
Composition of landfilled waste (%):	
Paper and paperboard	
Food and garden waste	
Plastics	
Glass	
Textiles	
Other (specify)	

⁽¹⁾ Before recovery.

 $^{(2)}$ "<5 m" and ">5 m" are used to indicate shallow and deep unmanaged waste disposal sites.

 $^{(3)}$ CO₂ emissions from biogenic wastes are not included in the totals.

 $^{(4)}$ CO₂ emissions from non-biogenic wastes are included in the totals.

MSW - Municipal Solid Waste SWDS - Solid Waste Disposal Site MCF - Methane Correction Factor DOC - Degradable Organic Carbon (a)

Specify whether total or urban population is used and the rationale for doing so.

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GREENHOUSE GAS	A	CTIVITY	DATA ⁽¹⁾	AGGREGATE EMISSION FACTOR				
SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	Total organi	c product	CH ₄ recovered	CH	N_2O			
	Waste-water	sludge	and/or flared	Waste-water	sludge			
	(kg DC	2 ⁽¹⁾ /yr)	(Gg)	(kg/kg DC)	(kg/kg DC)	(kg/kg DC)		
Industrial Waste-water								
Domestic and Commercial Waste-water								
Other (please specify)								
GREENHOUSE GAS		ACTIVITY	DATA	AGGREGA	TE EMISSION	N FACTOR		
SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	Protein cons	sumption	N fraction	N ₂ O				
	(protein in kg	/person/yr)	(kg N/kg protein)	(kg N ₂ O-N/kg sewage N produced)				
N ₂ O from human sewage								

TABLE 6.BSECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR WASTE
Waste-water handling (Sheet 1 of 1)

⁽¹⁾ DC - degradable organic component. DC indicators are COD (Chemical Oxygen Demand) for industrial waste-water and BOD (Biochemical Oxygen Demand) for Domestic/Commercial waste-water/sludge.

⁽²⁾ before recovery.

Population (1000 p	ersons) ^(a) :			
Total Waste-water ((m ³):			
Treated Waste-wate	er (%):			
	1		1	
Waste-water streams	Waste-wate	er output	D	C
	(m^3)		(kgCO	D/m^3)
Industrial waste-water				
iron and steel				
non-ferrous				
fertilizers				
food and beverage				
paper and pulp				
organic chemicals				
other				
	DC	//	(1000	()
D ()	DC	(Kg BOD)	/1000 person/	yr)
Domestic				
Other				
Handling systems	Industrial waste-water treated (%)	Ind. sludge treated (%)	Domestic waste-water treated (%)	Domestic sludge treated (%)
aerobic				
anaerobic				

^(a) Specify whether total or urban population is used and the rationale for doing so. Provide both figures.

TABLE 8.A **OVERVIEW TABLE FOR NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS INVENTORIES** (Sheet 1 of 3)

										OVE	RVIE	W TA	BLE										
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK	C	O_2	С	H_4	N	$_{2}O$	N	O _x	c	CO	NM	VOC	S	O_2	HF	FCs	PF	FCs	SF	6	Documentation	Disaggregation	Footnotes
CATEGORIES	E ⁽¹⁾	Q ⁽²⁾	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q			
Total National Emissions and Removals																							
Energy																							
A.Fuel Combustion Activities																							
Reference Approach																							
Sectoral Approach																							
1. Energy Industries																							
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction																							
3. Transport																							
4. Other Sectors																							
5. Other (please specify)	1																						
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels																							
1. Solid Fuels																							
2. Oil and Natural Gas																							
Industrial Processes																							
A. Mineral Products																							
B. Chemical Industry																							
C. Metal Production																							
D. Other Production																							
E. Production of Halocarbons and Sulphur Hexafluoride																							

(1) E denotes Estimate;
 (2) Q denotes Quality.

TABLE 8.A **OVERVIEW TABLE FOR NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS INVENTORIES** (Sheet 2 of 3)

										OVE	RVIE	W TA	BLE										
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	С	O ₂	С	H_4	N	₂ O	N	O _x	C	2O	NM	VOC	S	O ₂	HI	FCs	PF	°Cs	S	SF ₆ Documentation Disaggregati		Disaggregation	Footnotes
	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q			
Industrial Processes (continued)																							
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and Sulphur Hexafluoride																							
Potential (1)																							
Actual ⁽²⁾																							
G. Other (please specify)																							
3. Solvent and Other Product Use																							
4. Agriculture																							
A. Enteric Fermentation																							
B. Manure Management																							
C. Rice Cultivation																							
D. Agricultural Soils																							
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas																							
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues																							
G. Other (please specify)																							
5. Land-Use Change and Forestry																							
A. Changes in Forest and Other Woody Biomass Stocks																							
B. Forest and Grassland Conversion																							

⁽¹⁾ Potential emissions based on Tier 1 Approach.
 ⁽²⁾ Actual emissions based on Tier 2 Approach.

TABLE 8.AOVERVIEW TABLE FOR NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS INVENTORIES
(Sheet 3 of 3)

										OVE	RVIE	W TA	BLE										
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	C	2O ₂	С	H_4	N	² 0	N	IO _x	С	20	NM	VOC	S	02	н	FCs	PF	€Cs	S	F ₆	Documentation	Disaggregation	Footnotes
	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q	Е	Q			
5. Land-Use Change and Forestry (continued)																							
A. Abandonment of Managed Lands																							
D. CO ₂ Emissions and Removals from Soil Other (please specify)																							
6. Waste																							
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land																							
B. Waste-water Handling																							
B. Waste Incineration																							
C. Other (please specify)																							
7. Other (please specify)																							
Memo Items:																							
International Bunkers																							
Aviation																							
Marine																							
Multilateral Operations																							
CO ₂ Emissions from Biomass																							

TABLE 9 RECALCULATION

4.F. 4.G.

5.A.

5.B.

5.C.

5.D.

5.E.

Other

Field Burning of Agricultural Residues

Changes in Forest and Other Woody Biomass Stocks

5. Land-Use Change and Forestry (net)

Other (please specify)

Forest and Grassland Conversion

Abandonment of Managed Lands

CO₂ Emissions and Removals from Soil

(Sheet 1 of 3)

							I cui i		
		CO ₂			CH ₄			N_2O	
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	previous submission	latest submission	difference ⁽¹⁾	previous submission	latest submission	difference ⁽¹⁾	previous submission	latest submission	difference ⁽¹⁾
	(Gg CC	0 ₂ eq.)	(%)	(Gg C	O ₂ eq.)	(%)	(Gg C	O ₂ eq.)	(%)
1. Energy									
1.A. Fuel Combustion Activities									
1.A.1. Energy Industries									
1.A.2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction									
1.A.3. Transport									
1.A.4. Other Sectors									
1.A.5. Other									
1.B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels									
1.B.1. Solid fuel									
1.B.2. Oil and Natural Gas									
2. Industrial Processes									
2.A. Mineral Products									
2.B. Chemical Industry									
2.C. Metal Production									
2.D. Other Production									
2.G. Other									
3. Solvent and Other Product Use									
4. Agriculture									
4.A. Enteric Fermentation									
4.B. Manure Management									
4.C. Rice Cultivation									
4.D. Agricultural Soils									
4.E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas									
4.E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas									

 $^{(1)}$ Estimate the change due to recalculation with respect to the previous submission (previous submission = 100%).

TABLE 9 RECALCULATION

(Sheet 2 of 3)

Year:

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK		CO ₂			CH ₄			N ₂ O	
CATEGORIES	previous submission	latest submission	difference ⁽¹⁾	previous submission	latest submission	difference ⁽¹⁾	previous submission	latest submission	difference ⁽¹⁾
	(Gg C	O ₂ eq.)	(%)	(Gg C	O ₂ eq.)	(%)	(Gg C	O ₂ eq.)	(%)
6. Waste									
6.A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land									
6.B. Waste-water Handling									
6.C. Waste Incineration									
6.D. Other									
7. Other									
TOTALS									
Memo Items									
International Bunkers									
Multilateral Operations									
CO ₂ Emissions from Biomass									

Actual emissions of		HFCs			PFCs		SF_6		
	previous submission	latest submission	difference ⁽¹⁾	previous submission	latest submission	difference ⁽¹⁾	previous submission	latest submission	difference ⁽¹⁾
	(Gg C	O ₂ eq.)	(%)	(Gg C	O ₂ eq.)	(%)	(Gg C	O ₂ eq.)	(%)
2.C. Aluminium production									
2.E. Production of HFCs/PFCs and SF ₆									
2.F. Consumption of HFCs/PFCs and SF ₆									
Total actual emissions									

	Previous submission	Latest submission	Change
	(Gg C	O ₂ eq.)	(%)
OVERALL CO ₂ EQUIVALENT EMISSIONS ⁽²⁾			

⁽¹⁾ Estimate the change due to recalculation with respect to the previous submission (previous submission = 100%). ⁽²⁾ For the purposes of this table, the *Land-use change and forestry* sector has been omitted in the estimates of the overall CO_2 equivalent emissions.

TABLE 9 RECALCULATION (Sheet 3 of 3)

Specify the sector and source/sink category ⁽¹⁾ where changes in estimates		RECALCULATION DUE TO								
category ⁽¹⁾ where changes in estimates have occurred:	GHG		Addition/removal/							
		Methods ⁽²⁾	Emission factors ⁽²⁾	Activity data ⁽²⁾	replacement of source/sink categories					

⁽¹⁾ Enter the identification code of the source/sink category (e.g. 1B1) in the first column and the name of the category (e.g. fugitive emissions from solid fuels) in the second column of the table. ⁽²⁾ Explain changes in methods, emission factors and activity data that have resulted in recalculation of the estimate of the source/sink. Include relevant changes in the assumptions and coefficients under the "method" column.

Documentation box: Use the documentation box to report the justification of the changes as improvements in the accuracy, completeness and consistency of the inventory.

TABLE 10 COMPLETENESS (Sheet 1 of 2)

	Sources and sinks not reported (with respect to the IPCC Guidelines) (NE) ⁽¹⁾											
GHG	Sector (2)	Source/sink category ⁽²⁾	Explanation									
CO_2												
CH_4												
N_2O												
HFCs												
PFCs												
SF ₆												
		Sources a	and sinks reported elsewh	ere (with respect to the IPCC Guidelines) (IE) ⁽³⁾								

GHG	Source/sink category	Allocation as per IPCC Guidelines	Allocation used by the Party	Explanation

(1) Please clearly indicate sources and sinks which are considered in the IPCC Guidelines but are not considered in the submitted inventory. Explain the reason for excluding these sources and sinks, in order to avoid arbitrary interpretations. An entry should be made for each source/sink category for which the indicator "NE" is entered in the sectoral tables.

⁽²⁾ Indicate omitted source/sink following the IPCC source/sink category structure (e.g. sector: waste, source: waste-water handling)

(3) Please clearly indicate sources and sinks in the submitted inventory that are allocated to a sector other than that indicated by the IPCC Guidelines. Show the sector indicated in the IPCC Guidelines and the sector to which the source or sink is allocated in the submitted inventory. Explain the reason for reporting these sources and sinks in a different sector. An entry should be made for each source/sink for which the indicator "IE" is used in the sectoral tables.

TABLE 10COMPLETENESS
(Sheet 2 of 2)

	Additional GHG emissions reported (with respect to the IPCC Guidelines) ⁽¹⁾												
GHG	Source category	Emissions (Gg)	Estimated GWP value (100-year horizon)	Emissions (Gg CO ₂ eq.)	Explanation ⁽²⁾								

⁽¹⁾ Parties are encouraged to provide information on emissions of greenhouse gases with GWP not yet agreed upon by the COP. Please include such gases in this table if they are considered in the submitted inventory.

⁽²⁾ Please provide additional information on the estimation methods used and reference to the data source of GWP value.

GHG	Sector	Source/sink category	On-going or planned projects relevant to inventory data and methods	Expected results to help improving the inventory quality and reducing the associated uncertainties
CO ₂				
CH ₄				
N ₂ O				
HFCs				
PFCs				
SF ₆				

TABLE 11ANTICIPATED FUTURE IMPROVEMENTS IN METHODOLOGIES
(Sheet 1 of 1)

TABLE 12 EMISSIONS TRENDS (CO₂) (Sheet 1 of 5)

GHG Source and Sink Categories	Emissions (Gg)										
	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	
1. Energy										<u> </u>	
A. Fuel Combustion (Sectoral Approach)											
1. Energy Industries											
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction											
3. Transport											
4. Other Sectors											
5. Other											
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels											
1. Solid Fuels											
2. Oil and Natural Gas											
2. Industrial Processes											
A. Mineral Products											
B. Chemical Industry											
C. Metal Production											
D. Other Production											
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF_6											
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF_6											
G. Other											
3. Solvent and Other Product Use											
4. Agriculture											
A. Enteric Fermentation											
B. Manure Management											
C. Rice Cultivation											
D. Agricultural Soils											
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas											
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues											
G. Other										-	
5. Land-Use Change and Forestry ⁽²⁾											
A. Changes in Forest and Other Woody Biomass											
Stocks											
B. Forest and Grassland Conversion											
C. Abandonment of Managed Lands											
D. CO ₂ Emissions and Removals from Soil											
E. Other (please specify)											
6. Waste											
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land											
B. Waste-water Handling											
C. Waste Incineration											
D. Other											
7. Other (please specify)											
TOTAL											
Memo Items:											
International Bunkers											
Aviation											
Marine		1									
Multilateral Operations											
CO ₂ Emissions from Biomass											

⁽¹⁾ Specify the base year adopted by the Party under the Convention.

⁽²⁾ Net emissions.

TABLE 12EMISSIONS TRENDS (CH4)
(Sheet 2 of 5)

GHG Source and Sink Categories	Emissions (Gg)										
	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	
1. Energy										<u> </u>	
A. Fuel Combustion (Sectoral Approach)											
1. Energy Industries											
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction											
3. Transport											
4. Other Sectors											
5. Other											
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels											
1. Solid Fuels											
2. Oil and Natural Gas											
2. Industrial Processes											
A. Mineral Products											
B. Chemical Industry											
C. Metal Production											
D. Other Production											
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF ₆											
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF ₆											
G. Other											
3. Solvent and Other Product Use											
4. Agriculture											
A. Enteric Fermentation											
B. Manure Management											
C. Rice Cultivation											
D. Agricultural Soils											
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas											
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues											
G. Other											
5. Land-Use Change and Forestry ⁽²⁾											
A. Changes in Forest and Other Woody Biomass Stocks											
B. Forest and Grassland Conversion											
C. Abandonment of Managed Lands											
D. CO ₂ Emissions and Removals from Soil											
E. Other (please specify)											
6. Waste											
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land											
B. Waste-water Handling											
C. Waste Incineration											
D. Other											
7. Other (please specify)											
TOTAL										-	
Memo Items:											
International Bunkers											
Aviation										+	
Marine			1	1				1			
Multilateral Operations										+	
CO ₂ Emissions from Biomass	+										

⁽¹⁾ Specify the base year adopted by the Party under the Convention.

⁽²⁾ Net emissions.

TABLE 12EMISSIONS TRENDS (N2O)
(Sheet 3 of 5)

GHG Source and Sink Categories	Emissions (Gg)										
	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	
1. Energy											
A. Fuel Combustion (Sectoral Approach)											
1. Energy Industries											
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction											
3. Transport											
4. Other Sectors											
5. Other											
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels											
1. Solid Fuels											
2. Oil and Natural Gas											
2. Industrial Processes											
A. Mineral Products											
B. Chemical Industry											
C. Metal Production											
D. Other Production											
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF ₆											
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF ₆											
G. Other											
3. Solvent and Other Product Use											
4. Agriculture											
A. Enteric Fermentation											
B. Manure Management											
C. Rice Cultivation											
D. Agricultural Soils											
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas											
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues											
G. Other											
5. Land-Use Change and Forestry ⁽²⁾											
A. Changes in Forest and Other Woody Biomass Stocks											
B. Forest and Grassland Conversion											
C. Abandonment of Managed Lands											
D. CO ₂ Emissions and Removals from Soil											
E. Other (please specify)											
6. Waste											
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land											
B. Waste-water Handling											
C. Waste Incineration											
D. Other											
7. Other (please specify)											
TOTAL											
Memo Items:											
International Bunkers											
Aviation											
Marine											
Multilateral Operations											
CO ₂ Emissions from Biomass	1										

⁽¹⁾ Specify the base year adopted by the Party under the Convention.

⁽²⁾ Net emissions.

GHG Source and Sink		Emissions (Gg)												
	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998				
Emissions of HFCs (2)														
(Specify species)														
Emissions of PFCs ⁽²⁾														
Emissions of SF ₆ ⁽²⁾														

EMISSIONS TRENDS (HFC, PFC and SF₆) (Sheet 4 of 5) TABLE 12

(1)

Specify the base year adopted by the Party under the Convention. Enter information on actual emissions. In cases in which estimates are only available for potential emissions, specify this in a footnote. (2)

TABLE 12 **EMISSION TRENDS (SUMMARY)**

(Sheet 5 of 5)

GHG emissions	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
		Emi	issions (Gg	g CO ₂ equi	ivalent)					
CO ₂										
CH ₄										
N ₂ O										
HFC										
PFC										
SF ₆										
Totals										
Index (1990=100%)										
	S	hare of in	the overa	ll CO ₂ eq.	emissions	(%)				
CO ₂										
CH ₄					1			1		1
N ₂ O					1			1		1
HFC										
PFC										
SF ₆										
0										<u> </u>
GHG emission sources	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
		Emi	issions (Gg	g CO ₂ equi	ivalent)					
1. Energy										
2. Industrial Processes										
3. Solvent and Other Product Use										
4. Agriculture										
5. Land-Use Change and Forestry ⁽²⁾										
6. Waste										
7. Other										
Totals										
Index (1990=100%)										
	S	hare of in	the overa	ll CO ₂ eq.	emissions	(%)				
1 Enorm										
I. Ellergy										
					1	1				+
2. Industrial Processes										
 Industrial Processes Solvent and Other Product Use 										
1. Energy 2. Industrial Processes 3. Solvent and Other Product Use 4. Agriculture 5. Land-Use Change and Forestry ⁽²⁾										
 Industrial Processes Solvent and Other Product Use 										

Specify the base year adopted by the Party under the Convention. Net emissions. (1)

(2)

TAI	BLE 13 CHECK-LIST	of REPORTE	D INVENTORY	INFORMAT	TION ⁽¹⁾		
Par	ty:				Year:		
-	Focal point for national GHG inventories:						
infe	Address:						
Contact info	Telephone:			Fax:	E-ma	il:	
Col	Main institution preparing the inventory						
,0	Date of submission:						
l inf	Base years:			PFCs, HFCs,	SF_6		
General info	Year(s) covered in the submission:						
Ğ	Gases covered:						
F	The second se	energy	ind.processes	solvent use	LUCF	agriculture	waste
	IPCC Sectoral report tables						
-	Background data tables IPCC Summary tables	□ IPCC Table 7A			□ IPCC Table 7	B 🗆	
Tables	CO_2 equivalent table	IPCC Table 7A			IPCC Table /	В	
Tal	Uncertainty	IPCC Table 8A			ational informa	ation 🗆	
	Recalculation table						
-	Completeness table						
-	Anticipated improvements						
CO_2	Comparison of	Works	heet 1-1	Percentage	of difference	Explana differe	
0	CO ₂ from fuel combustion	[
		energy	ind.processes	solvent use	LUCF	agriculture	waste
	CO ₂						
-	CH ₄						
Recalculation	N ₂ O						
alcul	HFCs, PFCs, SF ₆						
Rec	Explanations:						
	CRF tables for sectors with changes						
-	Summary tables for all recalculated years						
	Full CRF for the recalculated base year						
		H	FCs	PF	FCs	SF	6
\mathbf{F}_{6}	Disaggregation by species	[[
C, S	Production of Halocarbons/SF ₆	[[
HFC, PFC, SF ₆	Computing of Halassita /05	Actual	Potential	Actual	Potential	Actual	Potential
HFC	Consumption of Halocarbons/SF ₆						
_	Potential/Actual emission ratio						
F	Reference to the National Inventory Report and/or national inventory web site						

CRF - Common Reporting Format. LUCF - Land-Use Change and Forestry.

 $^{(\mathrm{l})}$ $\,$ $\,$ For each omission give explanation for the reasons on a separate page attached to the check-list $\,$